Weather
Threats of rain. The maximum temperature yesterday was 71.1 and the minimum 46.0, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 67.3 and 52.9.

The China Press
大陸報

The Mail Box
MAILS for America-Europe, Str. Korea Maru, May 6.
FOR Europe and way ports, via Str. Nore, May 8.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Venezuela, Apr. 29.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Novara, May 1

NO. 2644 VOL IX. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 庚申年三月十一日 SHANHAI, THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1920 大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

TSEN SCORES DR. WU FOR RETAINING PUBLIC FUNDS

Maintains That Surplus Should Remain With University Promoters

ONLY CUSTODIAN

Lone South Administrator Admits Prosecution Against Doctor

Maintaining that Dr. Wu Ting-fang, veteran diplomat and lately administrative councillor of the Military Government, had no right to retain the funds given to the Southwestern University, General Tsen Chun-hsuan, lone administrator of the council now in Canton, has assailed his former colleague for departing with the funds. The statement was made to a correspondent of one of the Chinese papers. A translation of the interview follows:

"What will you do towards the present situation?"

"We will maintain it to the last," Director Tsen replied.

"What steps would you take regarding the departure of the Speakers of the Senate and of the House of Representatives?"

"The behavior of the speakers of the National Assembly must be determined by the opinion of the majority of its members. They cannot remove the Assembly elsewhere at their own will. The members now remaining in Canton are many. Even among those who left Canton are some intelligent and enlightened people and I shall try my best to persuade them to come back for the cause of Constitutionalism."

"What would you do regarding Dr. Wu's departure?"

DECLARES DOCTOR WU CAUSED MUCH TROUBLE

"Dr. Wu did not reveal the causes of his departure. It is a pity that he took with him the Customs surplus fund of the Military Government, and caused such trouble. Dr. Wu had great power. He was one of the Administrative Directors and concurrently Ministers of Finance and Foreign Affairs. As to personal gains, how could there be any gain in a condition of stringency? I myself am indifferent in matters of pecuniary gain. I as well as Dr. Wu have served as an official for tens of years. You can compare the difference of our personal finances. Had I been a dollar-hunter, I would have been a millionaire. My colleagues in the Military Government have been in harmony. Dr. Wu thinks otherwise; I don't know what evidence he can adduce. He said he was blocked in his policy, he must remember that he was the person who occupied currently three high positions for three years. This is clear evidence that we had a high esteem for him."

"Is it true that the Chief Administrative Director was nominated by him?"

INSISTED ON ELECTION OF CHIEF DIRECTOR

Director Tsen: "At that time the Directors living in Canton were only three in number, namely, Dr. Wu, Admiral Lin Pao-yi and myself. Admiral Lin because of his relation with the navy was unable to reside at the Government building. The resident directors were then only Dr. Wu and I. As Dr. Wu had two portfolios besides being director and I had comparatively more time, I was therefore elected Chief Director by the other directors. I had persistently declined this office but they insisted. The post of Ministry of the Home Affairs given to me subsequently was declined."

"According to Dr. Wu, you belong to the same party as General Li Kan-yuan? Is that so?"

"I am non-partisan. When I met Mr. Li, we were fighting Yuan's monarchical scheme, we became friends. It is not reasonable to take friendship as partisanship."

"According to Dr. Wu, you and Director Lu Yung-ting have helped Li Kan-yuan in his refusal to transfer his troops to General Li Lieh-chun?"

Director Tsen: At the time of the change of the Yunnan Commander, the Yunnan troops were divided in opinion. Letters and telegrams concerning this question were heaped up high. I came out to effect a compromise. To

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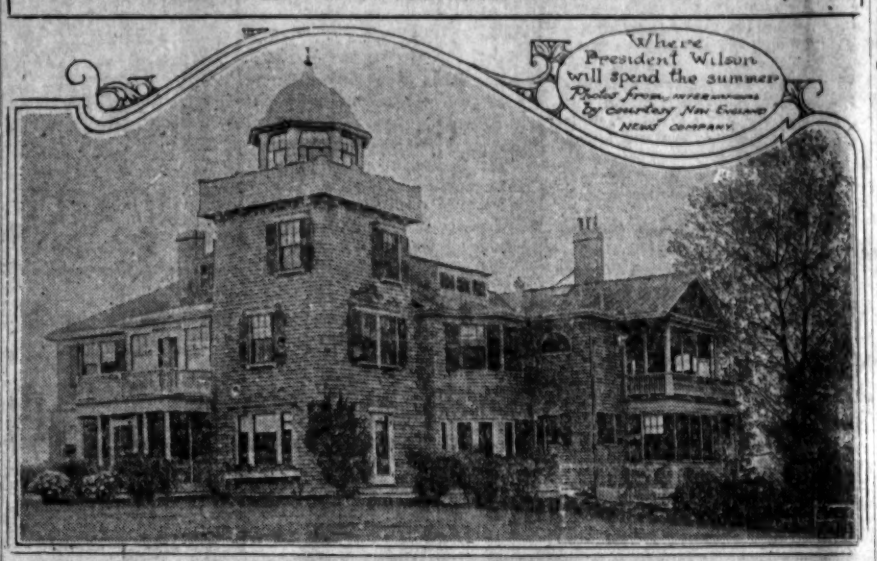
Crane Estate Is Summer White House



President Wilson would flee the hot days of Washington's Summer for the cool breezes of the Massachusetts coast. The residence of Charles R. Crane, newly appointed Minister to China, has been placed at the disposal of the President and his family. The beautiful home is at Woods Hole, Mass. It commands a view of Vineyard Sound, and its pretty grounds are surrounded by villas of equal magnificence. Late reports say the noise of railway signals have upset Mr. Wilson's plans.

ITALIAN AVIATOR EXPECTED HERE ON TOKIO FLIGHT

Masiero Indisposed But Other Rome Aviator Expects To Reach Here At 5 p.m.

Some jovial Chinese kite flier who chose between 10 o'clock and 1 in the morning to amuse himself started a lot of excitement out in the western end of town last night. The trouble was that he hung some kind of dingus on his kite that made a noise.

People at a dinner party heard it first. They were sure it was an airplane and then the ready explanation presented itself. It was one of the Italian fliers, lost and searching for a landing place! That is what got Italian Consul-General G. de Rossi up at midnight to receive reports of the flier. Mr. G. A. Bena, President of the Italian Chamber of Commerce was also called forth and Mr. L. M. Bocker, Secretary of the Shanghai Aero Club. Mr. Bocker has heard airplane engines before and has driven them. When he arrived at the scene he broke the truth to the excited ones who had gathered in momentary fear that the lost airman was about to run out of gasoline.

GREETED AT FOOCHOW

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Foochow, April 28.—Lieutenant Ferrarin arrived here at 6:30 this evening. The airman left Canton at 11:00 this morning and will leave Foochow for Shanghai tomorrow morning, weather permitting. Lieutenant Ferrarin was accompanied by his mechanic, Cappanini.

Lieutenant Ferrarin started from Canton in a mist. He struck the coast at Swatow and passed over Amoy. After leaving Amoy the airman ran into a fog and was forced to descend to 500 feet and fly at half speed. The fog caused him to lose so much time that he found his gasoline running short when he spotted the city and landed on the golf course, where the mist was still thick. Lieutenant Ferrarin met with an enthusiastic welcome. A reception was held at the Foochow Club. Lieutenant Masiero is still ill. He will start from Canton as soon as possible.

MASIERO INDISPOSED

Canton, April 27.—Lieutenant Masiero is indisposed. Lieutenant Ferrarin is waiting until the last moment in the hope that both airmen may start together for Foochow and Shanghai. In the event of Lieutenant Masiero not being well enough to leave in time, Lieutenant Ferrarin will start alone, as he is determined to be in Shanghai on Thursday afternoon, according to schedule. The flight from Canton to Foochow should take 3 hours and that from Foochow to Shanghai another 3, so that even if Lieutenant Ferrarin leaves on Thursday, he will have ample time to reach Shanghai by 5 p.m., breaking the flight at Foochow.

Canton, April 22.—Lieutenant Masiero, pilot, and Maretto, mechanic, of the Italian Royal Aviation Corps, in their Rome-Tokio flight landed in Canton safely at 4:30 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, from Hanoi, flying along the southern coast of China, passing Limchow and other districts. The aeroplane started from Hanoi ten o'clock yesterday morning. The machine they

(Continued on Page 3)

Mars Gets Close To Earth; Haughty And Will Not Talk

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, April 24.—The New York correspondent of the Times states that American scientists yesterday endeavored to catch a message from Mars through the wireless station at Omaha. Yesterday evening was chosen because Mars was then closer to the earth than it will be for several years. Doctor Miller dramatically describing their experiences, stated that the first wave length used were fifteen to eighteen thousand meters, and they heard everything that was going on in the world. Then they hitched up the wave length to 300,000 meters, beyond anything that was taking place on earth but there was nothing but the most deathly silence.

NEW YORK CHORUS GIRLS TURN OUT IN 'OVERALL PARADE'

Half Dozen Camels Are Also In Procession Urging Fight On Prohibition

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, April 25.—Thousands turned out to witness an "overall" parade on Broadway this morning but only a few hundred took part. Many of the participants were connected with various theatrical enterprises.

Chorus girls in automobiles, followed three elephants, wearing enormous overalls. A group of girls, wearing blue Denham trousers, carried signs reading "For Economy", and "The Dress of the Hour." A feature of the procession was half a dozen camels, bearing signs with the inscription, "Fight Prohibition."

London, April 25.—Presiding at the conference of Labor delegates convened by the Union Democratic Council, Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, in the course of a speech, said that he deplored the passivity of Labor with regard to foreign affairs. If Labor was going to govern, he continued, it must have a foreign policy of its own and must unite the workers of the other countries to secure world peace.

Gift Of Tls. 20,000 To Relief Fund For Local War Veterans

United Services Association Receives Money From Anonymous Donors

The Chairman and Committee of the United Services Association of Shanghai acknowledge the receipt of a donation of Taels 20,000 to the Association's relief fund.

The donation is from a few Shanghai residents who wish to remain anonymous. The money goes far to putting the Association in a position to benefit needy veterans and the generous gift is appreciated by all local men who served with the British Forces in the war.

SOUTHERN CHINA FUNDS TIED UP BY MIXED COURT

Wu Ting-fang's $1,500,000 Account Held For New Light On Ownership

Bank accounts, said to amount to $1,500,000, of Dr. Wu Ting-fang, whose position as Minister of Finance in the Canton government is a question since his arrival in Shanghai, were tied up indefinitely yesterday by an order in the Civil Division of the Mixed Court. British Assessor Blackburn and Magistrate Li sat in the case.

Mr. S. Fessenden appeared for the defendant and asked for an adjournment after Mr. Blackburn had made a statement showing that further information must be produced before the matter might be settled.

Mr. R. N. Macleod, for the complainant, Tsang Z-tsan, made the usual formal exception to the motion for continuance on the ground that the matter had been brought up at the petition of the counsel for the defense.

Dr. J. O. Fischer was in court watching the case on behalf of the Chinese government. Neither plaintiff nor defendant was present.

HITS COURT JURISDICTION

Before any other action was taken in the case, Mr. Blackburn made the following statement as to the attitude of the court which resulted in the request for further delay.

"I wish at the outset to make a few remarks which may both avoid wasting time and preventing misapprehension.

"This court is not competent, nor does it propose to decide any question of constitutional law. From this it results that we do not propose to decide whether as a result of the deflection of four members of the Administrative Council, the three remaining members are or not competent to transact the affairs of the Canton Military Government. We do not propose to decide whether the mandates purporting to remove Mr. Wu Ting-fang from office of Minister of Finance was or was not illegal, nor whether Mr. Wu, having departed

(Continued on Page 4)

Oh, Look Who's Here! Mutt & Jeff Hit Shanghai

Beginning today, Mutt and Jeff, "Bud Fisher's" inimitable characters, make their Shanghai bow through medium of THE CHINA PRESS and will henceforth entertain and amuse readers of this newspaper on Page 4 every morning. Captain Fisher (he served in both the American and British armies) has in Mutt and Jeff two characters that need no introduction to the world; their many exploits and adventures, their witticisms and their comic reflection of life have gained for them international fame. Physicians declare that the best health tonic in the world is a smile at breakfast time. Mutt and Jeff and George McManus' "Bringing Up Father" are sure to get a smile out of you and, more often, a good hearty laugh, every morning when you pick up THE CHINA PRESS.

SINN FEINERS STORM JAIL TO ENCOURAGE PRISONERS

Crowd Recites Rosary Before Parleying With Political Hostages

LAW CITES POLICY

Imprisoned Irishmen On Hunger Strike—One Striker Collapses

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, April 26.—Five Thousand Sinn Feiners assembled outside Wormwood Scrubbs Prison last night and cheered the Sinn Fein prisoners who waved Republican flags from the windows and lighted flares within the prison, while a priest and the crowd recited the rosary. The crowd parleyed with the prisoners, exchanging news, after which the demonstrators dispersed. The police did not interfere.

London, April 26.—In the House of Commons today, replying to a question, Mr. Bonar Law stated that the Government's Irish policy continued to be to protect the lives and property of law-abiding citizens. All steps necessary to this end would be taken. The suggestion that Lord French had been invited to resign was unfounded.

SAYS FEAR OF MURDER HOLDS OFF WITNESSES

Mr. E. Shortt, the Home Secretary, stated that out of 179 interned Irish prisoners in Wormwood Scrubbs Prison, 174 were refusing food. The policy of giving special ameliorative conditions to such men was always followed in England, and no demand for improvement of conditions had been made. None of these men had been tried and it was not proposed to try them because the fear of being murdered prevented truthful evidence being given in Ireland even on the most atrocious crimes. They were interned under the order of the Irish Government. They were told that they were arrested on suspicion and that, if they chose, they could bring their cases before a judicial tribunal.

London, April 25.—One hundred and fifty Irish prisoners in Wormwood Scrubbs Prison have been hunger-striking since April 21, excepting a few exempted on account of their physical condition. Many are nearly collapsing. The strikers are determined to fast until they are released or succumb. One striker has already collapsed and has been released.

Sino-Japanese Pact Abrogated, Report

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, April 28.—It is announced that the Chinese troops have been withdrawn from Siberia and are stationed at Suan-cheng at the Eastern extremity of the Chinese Eastern Railway. This intelligence has been telegraphed to the Provinces in response to a request from a number of Tuchuns for the abrogation of the Sino-Japanese Military pact. Although the Government has not formally denounced the pact, the telegram states that "its spirit no longer exists."

Orders French Out Of Syria

Emir Feisal, aged ruler of Hedjaz, who has relinquished the affairs of State to his son, Prince Feisul, who was recently proclaimed King of Syria. Reports from Paris state that the Prince has ordered the French troops to evacuate Syria before April 6. Simultaneously, it was reported, the Arabs have ordered the British to quit Palestine.

Refugee Relief Board Brings Work To Close

Final Meeting Held Of Committee That Provided Aid For Victims Of Strife In Siberia

Activities of the Shanghai Relief Committee which was organised early in the winter to meet the situation brought about when hundreds of penniless victims of the strife in Siberia sought refuge here, will be brought to a final conclusion tomorrow following a meeting of the committee which was held yesterday afternoon.

The meeting yesterday was held in the office of the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Edward I Ezra and those present were Madame G. Lion, Mrs. E. Gensberger, Madame Desnitsky, Mrs. C. P. Hering, Mr. S. W. Wolfe, the Treasurer, Mr. K. C. Ramsden, Secretary, Mr. A. Stone, Dr. Shpilberg and Mr. Ezra.

All of the varied activities of the committee were reviewed in a report which was read by Mr. Ezra. It was voted by the meeting that a balance of about $600 in the hands of the committee will be divided between the Russian Benevolent Society and the Jewish Benevolent Society. After reading the report Mr. Ezra gave high praise to the feminine members of the committee for their work, expressing the committee's gratitude and he thanked the committee's Treasurer and Secretary as well as individuals and groups to whom thanks had been due to the press of Shanghai for co-operation and assistance. Mr. Wolfe, the Treasurer, also thanked members of the committee for their work and in particular he gave credit to Mr. Ezra whose work as Chairman, he said, was responsible for much of the success achieved.

The full report, as presented by Mr. Ezra follows:

THE REPORT

As will be remembered, The Shanghai Refugee Relief Committee came into existence as a result of certain articles and letters which appeared in the North China Daily News and other papers during November and December last year, calling attention to the deplorable condition of many refugees in Shanghai, and to the prospects of starvation and distress among these people unless something could be done to see them through the severe cold which was to be expected during the ensuing winter months.

After satisfying itself by means of preliminary conference with those who had been interesting themselves individually in the cases of destitute refugees that

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CONGRESS HIT IN GOMPERS' ARTICLE

Labor Head Says America Can't Always Be 'Peevish Child' In World Affairs

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, April 25.—Mr. Samuel Gompers, writing in the "American Federationist," declares that Congress has failed the Nation with regard to the peace treaty, reconstruction, the dearness of living and every other important question affecting the welfare of the people "America," he continued, "cannot always play the part of the peevish child in international relations."

"The affairs of the world are the concern of the United States though there may be a proper limit to which this concern may go: "Mr. Gompers alleges that Congressional Committee's investigation of America's relations with Mexico were intended to make a provocative war, prompted by "predatory interests."

Chinese Provinces Would Save Bank Of China From Anfu

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, April 28.—The Government has received numerous telegrams from the Provinces, urging the preservation of the Bank of China from the attempts which the Anfu Club are making to control it as evidenced at the annual meeting of the shareholders last Sunday.

U.S. COURT HERE GETS NEW POWER

Legislation Urged By Judge Lobingier Enacted By Congress

Word has been received at the United States Court that Congress has enacted certain legislation drafted by Judge Lobingier and which was the special object of his visit last summer to Washington where he appeared in its behalf before the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives.

Among other features it completes the process of concentrating in the United States Court all American judicial functions in Shanghai. A decision of the Court rendered over a year ago left the local Consular Court with only concurrent jurisdiction. That decision, contrary to the statement appearing in THE CHINA PRESS on December 4 last, was not disregarded by the State Department, which does not assume to review the decisions of the Courts, but was accepted and acted upon by it so that the judicial vice-consul has hardly functioned since.

The State Department also assisted in obtaining the legislation just passed which transfers to the Commissioner of the United States Court all the remaining judicial functions of the Vice-Consul. The work of the Consulate General in effecting settlements and conciliations of disputes involving American citizens remains unaffected by the change.

JUGO-SLAVS ACCEPT U.S. PLANS FOR ADRIATIC

Agree To Suggestion Of Wilson That Fiume Be Buffer State

BERLIN WARNED

Allied Intervention Is Agreed On To Enforce Peace Treaty

MAGYARS REVOLT

Hungarian Government Behind New Threat Made To Servia

(*Reuter's Service*)

San Remo, April 26.—The Jugo-Slav Minister for Foreign Affairs has accepted the settlement of the Adriatic question, which was proposed by President Wilson, whereby Fiume is to be made a buffer state.

San Remo, April 26.—The Supreme Council has finally approved the terms of the joint British and French declaration. The text of the declaration will be published this evening.

According to an authoritative French source Signor Nitti declared himself opposed to military measures, but Mr. Lloyd George and M. Millerand demonstrated to him the necessity of such measures.

M. Paul Huysmans (Belgium) and Mr. Matsui (Japan) agreed with the British and French point of view which triumphed.

GERMAN OCCUPATION THREAT OF ALLIES

The document will contain a passage stating that the Allies are resolved to take all measures, even a fresh occupation of part of German territory, if necessary, to assure the execution of the Treaty. Representatives of the Allies have agreed to meet the German Chancellor at Spa.

Paris, April 27.—M. Millerand who returns from San Remo tomorrow night will announce the results of the Conference to the Council of Ambassadors on Thursday. The Petit Journal states that the Premier will probably make a statement in the Chamber the same afternoon.

London, April 26.—The Council of the League of Nations has issued the following statement explaining its attitude regarding Armenia:

"The League itself cannot take direct military or financial action with regard to Armenia. The best solution, which also the Armenians desire, is to find a mandatory power, but such a mandatory is hard to find unless the Allies give military and financial assurances and also an assurance regarding Armenia's access to the sea. The League Council urges the Supreme Council to state if it is willing to advance funds pending the full assembly of the League; also what guarantees can be obtained as regards Armenia's access to the sea and the expulsion of Turkish troops."

ALLIES REJECT PLAN OF BIGGER GERMAN ARMY

San Remo, April 26.—The following is the text of the Anglo-French declaration, published here today:

"The Allies have examined the letter from Herr Goepert, dated April 20, presenting the request of the German Minister of War to the effect that the German Government desires to maintain a German army of 200,000 instead of 100,000 as provided in the Treaty of Versailles, declaring that this was necessary for the maintenance of order. The Allies wish to state at once that a proposal of this nature cannot even be examined, so long as Germany fails in the most important obligations of the Treaty and does not proceed with disarmament upon which depends the peace of the world. Germany is not living up to her engagements either in the reduction of war material or the reduction of her effectives or the provision of coal or with regard to reparations or the cost of the army of occupation. She has given neither satisfaction nor apologies for the assaults to which on several occasions mem-

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JUGO-SLAVS ACCEPT U.S. PLANS FOR ADRIATIC

(Continued from Page 1)

bers of the Allied Missions have been subjected.

SEES GERMAN FAILURE TO KEEP OBLIGATIONS

She has taken no steps, as provided under the Protocol to the Treaty, towards ascertaining her liabilities under the head of reparation or towards making proposals for fixing the total amount she will thus pay. Urgent as is a settlement of this nature in the interest of all concerned, she does not appear even to be considering how she is to meet her obligations as and when they mature. The Allies do not ignore the difficulties with which the German Government is faced and do not intend to insist on too literal an interpretation of the Treaty but they are unanimous in declaring that they cannot permit the continuation of these infractions of the Treaty of Versailles, that the Treaty must be executed and remain as the basis of relations between Germany and the Allies, and that they are determined to take all measures, even to the extent, if necessary, of the occupation of further German territory, which may have the effect of ensuring the execution of the Treaty. They declare, on the other hand, that it is not their intention to annex any portion of German territory. At the same time the Allies consider that the questions, raised by the infractions of the Treaty of Peace and by the measures necessary to ensure its execution, will be more easily solved by an exchange of views between the heads of Governments than by the exchange of notes. They therefore have decided to invite the heads of the German Government to confer directly with the heads of the Allied Governments and ask that, when they meet, the German Government shall present them with precise explanations and proposals on all the matters mentioned above. If a satisfactory settlement is reached on these points, the Allied Governments will be willing to discuss with the German representatives any question, affecting the internal order and economic well-being of Germany, but Germany must understand that the unity of the Allies for the execution of the Treaty is as solid as it was for the war and that the only method of taking her place again in the world is loyally to execute the engagements to which she has subscribed."

MAGYAR REBELLION LAID TO HUNGARY

Belgrade, April 25.—A semi-official inquiry is being made into an attempted Magyar revolt at Subotitza in the former Hungarian district of Torontal on April 19. The result of the inquiry shows that the Hungarian Government connived at the movement which, it is stated, was in connection with the order published in Budapest on April 18 calling up all men of 18 to 45 years of age, liable to mobilisation.

Ten thousand Magyar troops are concentrated on the Servian frontier. Servia has protested to the peace conference declaring that she will be obliged to increase her armed forces to deal with any possible attack.

BRITISH AND ARABS CLASH IN PALESTINE

Paris, April 27.—General von Watter, commanding the Reichswehr in the Ruhr, has resigned.

Paris, April 27.—Marshal Joffre left Paris on Sunday afternoon for Madrid. He will afterwards proceed to Barcelona.

Cairo, April 25.—Reports have reached Cairo of fighting between British troops and the Arabs in Palestine.

Shanghai Cotton Company Affairs Again In Court

British Faction Wants Sale Made Under Supervision Of Supreme Court

A new development in the affairs of the Shanghai Cotton Manufacturing Company, which has been thrust into voluntary liquidation as a result of the recent British Order in Council, is a formal petition for the winding up of the company that was filed yesterday in the British Supreme Court by Mr. F. J. Burrett who is identified with the British faction opposing steps recently taken by the dominant Japanese interests.

The purpose of the petition, as it sets forth, is to have the sale of the company's properties carried out under the supervision of the British Supreme Court and a hearing in connection with it is to be held May 7.

The filing of the petition follows action taken Tuesday afternoon at a meeting of shareholders when a resolution authorising sale of the company and appointing as liquidators, Messrs. Norman Thomson and Edward S. Wilkinson, was confirmed by Japanese shareholders over the protest of the British faction.

The happy possessor of five balls of opium worth some $2,500 was toodling along Seking Road in a ricsha when he was surrounded by a flock of loafers.

This was his story to the police.

The coolies were violent, obstreperous and otherwise perniciously active.

They took his opium, he said, and were not gentle in their treatment of him.

He called the police—and discovered that he was a prisoner. Possession of smuggled opium was the charge.

One of his assailants was also caught in the net of the law. He's to answer for larceny.

The Mixed Court will sift out the matter today.

Five balls of opium are reposing in the locked vault of the Central police station.

"It's no pipe dream," moaned the owner of the dope when he faced the rail in the charge room last evening.

TSEN SCORES DR. WU FOR RETAINING PUBLIC FUNDS

(Continued from Page 1)

try to bring about a compromise is not taking sides."

"Is it true that you distributed rewards for a particular section of the troops in Pei-kiang?"

Director Tsen: "The reward was given to all the troops, not to a particular section."

DIDN'T SEEK FUNDS FROM ARMY REGIME

"According to Dr. Wu you and Director Lu Yung-ting have increased your military forces and have demanded funds for them from him."

Director Tsen: "I have not one soldier, just like Dr. Wu. The Military Government has its guards, the army is on the front. There is no reason to have my own soldiers. Why should I demand money for this purpose? Yes, Director Lu has forces; but he has never demanded money from the Military Government."

"Has the Customs Surplus been always in the custody of Dr. Wu?"

"Yes, last year on the question of the Customs Surplus, I sent Mr. Liu Yu-lin to Peking and the solution of the question was satisfactory. Dr. Wu as Minister of Finance was entrusted with the funds."

"Is it true that you instructed lawyers in Hongkong to stop the banks from paying the funds over to Dr. Wu?"

"After Dr. Wu had gone to Hongkong with the money, I sent officers repeatedly to request him to return; but he declined absolutely. At a meeting of the Administrative Council the decision was made that if Dr. Wu would not return to Canton and the deposited money be not handed back, then there is no alternative but to instruct a lawyer to settle this matter in court. It must be understood that the funds belong to the Southwest. If they are taken away by an individual, the Southwest has a duty to see that it is returned."

NO MONEY SPENT FOR WAR PURPOSES

"According to Dr. Wu, the money formerly expended from the surplus fund was for war purposes."

"It cannot be said that any was expended for war purposes; there has been one million of it appropriated for the establishment of the Southwest University. As to the money that went to the troops in Hunan, Shansi and Chekiang, it was a very insignificant sum to tide them over their great stringency so that trouble might not break out during the peace negotiations in Shanghai."

"Is it true that $20,000 was appropriated by you for rewarding Gen. Li Kan-yuan's troops?"

"As I have already told you, every section of the army was rewarded; only $3,000 were allotted to Gen. Li's troops."

"According to Dr. Wu the Consuls at Canton do not wish him to come back."

"Whether Dr. Wu comes back or not is an internal question. It is not a matter to trouble the Consuls."

"According to Dr. Wu, the Customs Surplus is his own fund. What do you think of this declaration?"

"The fund is public in nature and the Ministry of Finance is only an organ for receiving incomes and paying expenditures. The Minister of Finance is the only custodian of funds just as an accountant is to a corporation. An accountant cannot say that corporate funds are his own and take them away."

DECLARES THAT DR. WU MADE NO MONEY REPORT

"What do you think of Dr. Wu's declaration that he is the Military Government?"

Director Tsen: "This may be a mistake of the correspondent. Old though Dr. Wu is, it is not likely that he will so far forget the form of government we have as to speak the language of Louis XIV."

"Have you seen Dr. Wu's financial reports and accounts?

Director Tsen: "Dr. Wu has been in charge of the finances for two years, he has never made a formal report. In February of this year, after repeated request a penciled statement far from being clear was submitted. The Customs Surplus received by Dr. Wu in March was not known to me and my colleagues."

"According to Dr. Wu you intended to divert funds, marked for the Southwestern University to military channels."

PLANNED ONE MILLION FOR NEW UNIVERSITY

"That a Southwestern university be established was proposed by me. To see that the institution has a sum of a million to start with was my desire. Had the sum been entrusted to Messrs. Wong and Chang who had been appointed to organise the university as I originally proposed, much work could have been done. But Dr. Wu refused to hand over the fund. This is the truth. The sums set aside for meeting the expenses of Hunan and Chekiang troops is not deficient; why should the fund for the university be appropriated?"

"Do you have the idea of calling an extraordinary parliament to be composed of the M. P.'s who remain here as asserted by Dr. Wu?"

"On my return from Shaochow the news that some parliamentaries had departed from Canton was disclosed to me. As Dr. Wu did not see me, my intention cannot be known to him. Furthermore, matters concerning the National Assembly have to be decided by the members themselves; no reason exists why anybody should interfere. Do you think that the parliamentarians in Canton, intelligent men, are willing to act only at other people's bidding?"

"Dr. Wu stated that the Council lacked a quorum after his departure."

RULING COUNCIL IS LIKE CABINET

"The Administrative Council is like a Cabinet. The fourth article of the constitution of the Administrative Council provides that meetings can be held when over half of the members are present. The eighth article provides for the presence of the Minister of every department at the meeting of the Council. The Chief of the General Staff, the Ministers of the Navy, the Army, Communications, Home Affairs and Justice all attend meetings. The absence of the Ministers of Finance and Foreign Affairs does not prevent the council from having a quorum. Even if we take Administrative Directors alone Mr. Tang Shao-yi has never accepted office. Dr. Sun Yat-sen has resigned, the number of directors are now only five in number. There are three directors in Canton, including a represented one. This certainly is a majority. Further, according to the constitution of the Administrative Council no quorum is mentioned."

"Did you and Director Lu Yung-ting oppose Dr. Wu's candidacy for the Kwangtung Civil Governorship?"

"In a time of military activity, it is not easy to be a Civil Governor. The dignity of the government would suffer if Dr. Wu cannot exercise his function after assuming the Civil Governorship, he being one of the directors and concurrently Minister of two Departments. However, I have never discouraged him. It was reported that Mrs. Wu was not willing that the doctor should assume the duty of governorship. It is not true that Director Lu Yung-ting and I opposed him."

DECLARES WU IS AFTER FOREIGN INTERVENTION

"According to Dr. Wu the Military Government has on paper 80,000 Kwangsi, Kansu and Yunnan soldiers and has to supply them all."

"There are no troops in Kansu. With the exception of the troops under Yeh Cheng, no Kwangsi and Yunnan troops have been supplied."

"Dr. Wu desires foreign intervention in internal affairs. What do you think of this opinion?

"The sovereignty of the country is in the people. There is no reason for inviting intervention. This statement of Dr. Wu's is perhaps not serious."

"Is it true that according to Dr. Wu you oppose the Northern chief peace delegate, Wang Yi-tang?"

"Wang is a leader of the Anfus and president of the bogus Parliament. The whole Southwest opposes him, Dr. Wu himself was one of the opponents. Does any one want to curry favor with him now?"

"According to Dr. Wu, Director Lu Yung-ting and you like secret peace negotiations instead of open conference. Is this so?

Director Tsen: "I only do not like to surrender to Tuan Chi-jui. I do not like him and he does not like me, we have different principles, how can I negotiate secretly with him?"

"According to Dr. Wu there have been five articles brought up for negotiation but Tuchun Tang Chi-yao objected. What truth is there in the statement?"

"Tuchun Li Shun telegraphed the five articles in question. A telegram was therefore sent to different quarters to obtain their views. If the majority oppose, I cannot agree. If the majority agree, I cannot oppose; for the military government is composed of the provinces of the Southwest. It is for the majority to decide. In transmitting the telegram I did not express any opinion."

Dr. Wu Ting-fang yesterday urged the Southwestern authorities not to recognise the Administrative Council as it exists in Canton today in view of his departure.

DR. WU REPLIES

His message said in part:

"I was greatly surprised to read the telegram purporting to have been issued by the Administrative Council. On May 18 of the seventh year of the Republic, the extraordinary session of Parliament promulgated article III of the amended constitution of the organisation of the Military Government of the Republic of China, which reads: "The Military Government shall be constituted by the seven Administrative Councillors elected by the Extraordinary Session of Parliament, which shall form the Administrative Council to perform its functions, etc."

"So the only constituents of the Administrative Council are the seven administrative councillors and the execution of the function of the council is limited to the joint wishes of the seven councillors. There is no need of explanation as the matter had been put in black and white.

"On July 18 of the same year, Article V of the bylaws of the Administrative Council was promulgated and read: "A majority of the councillors constitutes a quorum."

"Article VII of the amended bylaws of the Administrative Council promulgated on September 19 of the same year reads: "Ministers of the various departments may attend the meeting of the Council." It is clear that they can only attend the meeting without having the power to vote. It is clear that they cannot function as administrators."

Dr. Wu went contends that since both Dr. Sun Yat-sen and Mr. Tang Shao-yi are no longer on the council, only five left and that three councillors would constitute the majority. He concluded by saying that General Tsen had no right to make use of the name of the Council in sending his circular telegram.

PRESIDENTIAL AUDIENCE

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, April 28.—President Hsu Shih-chang received Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander Duff in audience this afternoon.

FAR EAST MONEY PROBLEMS TAKEN UP BY BANKERS

Japanese And American Men Discuss Shantung, Siberia, And Korean Issues

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, April 28.—A conference of American and Japanese financiers has been proceeding at the Bankers Club since Monday. The questions for discussion include the problems connected with Siberia, Korea, Tsingtao, immigration, mutual investment of American and Japanese capital in China, and the marine cable to America.

American finance is represented by Mr. Frank A. Vanderlip, the banker; Mr. Lyman J. Gage, former Secretary of the Treasury; Mr. Henry Waters Taft, lawyer and brother of ex-President Taft; Mr. Darwin P. Kingsley, President of the New York Life Insurance Company and nine others. Japan's representatives are Baron Shibusawa, former President and founder of the First Bank; Baron Sakatani, ex-Minister of Finance; Baron Kondo, President of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha; Baron Megata, formerly Financial Adviser to the Korean Government; Viscount Kaneko, ex-Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, and eleven others. A report of the proceedings will be published when the conference is over.

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When you have decided, come and see us, and let us make you a straightforward proposition.

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TROTSKY INDUCES KOLCHAK TROOPS TO JOIN RADICALS

General Thord-Gray Declares Bolsheviki Morale Better Than Enemy's

(Reuter's Service)

New York, April 1 (by mail).—How an army of 80,000 Kolchak troops "Melted away" by desertion to the Bolsheviki, following a speech made to prisoners of war by Leon Trotsky, in Omsk, Siberia, two days after that city's evacuation by the all-Russian forces, was told here by Major General I. Thord-Gray, a former officer of the British, Canadian and All-Russian armies just returned from Vladivostok.

Trotsky, he said, addressing the prisoners as "Comrades," said they would be welcomed by the Red Army if they cared to join. Captive officers, he said, who wanted to return to Kolchak, would be given safe escort and 2,000 rubles each. A number of the prisoners accepted the offer and, returning to their own lines, told what Trotsky had done. Within two weeks, General Thord-Gray said, Kolchak had practically no army and a few months later was executed.

General Thord-Gray went to Siberia with a Canadian expedition and was taken prisoner by the Bolsheviki when they captured Vladivostok. Before leaving, two attempts, he said, were made to assassinate him.

Toward the last, he said, the Bolshevik troops showed better morale than Kolchak's men. They also had one machine gun for every 20 men, he said, whereas the Kolchak army had only three with every battalion almost 600 men. During the retreat of the Kolchak army, a 2,000-mile retirement, they were driven before machine guns but seldom before rifle fire. General Bakharoff, the All-Russian War Minister and Chief of Staff, he said, "lost the army at Omsk without a fight."

ITALIAN AVIATOR EXPECTED HERE ON TOKIO FLIGHT

(Continued from Page 1)

are using is a S.V.A. Type No. 9 and of 240 H.P.

CANTON IS HOST

The aeroplane landed at Chung Lau Tai Chu, near the Pachow Pagoda, after flying around Canton city proper twice. Upon landing, the visiting aviators were greeted by C. Fumagali, Italian Vice-Consul, and staff. The aviators are staying at the Hotel Asia, where they were met by the leading members of the Canton Aviation Corps, Captain Arthur F. Lym, Chief of Staff of the Corps; Tom Wing; Staff Officer Lau Ngai Fóo, and Aviator J. W. Chung.

The visitors have not yet decided when they will resume their flight for Shanghai, probably April 25. During their stay here, they will be entertained by representatives of the Canton Government and other leading citizens.

This was the first landing of the party on Chinese territory.

The aviators said that the weather prevailing yesterday was unfavorable to flying, and it took them six hours to reach here from Hanoi.

There will be further demonstrations of flying here. One may take place this morning.

From Canton, the party will fly to Shanghai, thence to Kiaochow and Japan.

Fire Fox Blamed For Blazes When Hong Is Attacked

The Evil Spirit, Oo-li-tsing, otherwise known as "The Fire Fox," has been operating in Shanghai.

Yesterday there was a fire at Honon and Peking Roads. It was of mysterious origin, the apartments were untenanted and no mortal reason could be given for the blaze.

Today the merchant who occupies the ground floor of the structure is going to move his ship chandlery to another part of the Settlement.

Little damage was done but it was the third mysterious fire in a month and the tenth within a few months.

Maskee the efficiency of Chief Pett's Fire Department! The Chinese are convinced that the well-known Jinx is on the job. The place is infested with the faeries.

Move? Must do! Can happen! The Fire Fox is at work and safety lies only in flight.

NEW YORK LEGALISES THREE PERCENT BEER

(Reuter's Service)

London, April 26.—The Times New York correspondent telegraphs that the New York Legislature, after a riotous debate, adopted a bill, legalising the sale in hotels, restaurants, and clubs of beer containing 3½ percent of alcohol.

The application of the measure will be contingent upon the decision of the Federal Supreme Court with reference to the constitutionality of prohibition and the enforcement of the bill which deprives the States of the right to determine what alcoholic content constitutes an intoxicant.

RISE IN RUPEES AFFECTS COLONIES

Enormously Increases Cost Of Living In Countries On A Sterling Basis

(Reuter's Service)

London, April 26.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Brigadier-General G. K. Cockerill (Unionist, Reigate), with regard to East African currency, Colonel Amery, Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, regretted the absence of a single permanent basis of exchange within the Empire which would immensely help inter-Imperial trade.

He said that he had investigated the question and he hoped that it would be possible to secure such a growth of interest in the matter throughout the Empire as would finally lead to practical result.

Col. Amery pointed out that the incoherence of exchange had had the most serious results. For example, the rise in the Indian rupee had affected not only East Africa but also other colonies.

In colonies like the Straits Settlements which were on a sterling basis, it had enormously increased the cost of living.

Col. Amery mentioned that the Imperial grant in aid to Somaliland had increased by £80,000 owing to the rise of the Indian rupee.

RAW SILK PRICE UP 40c. A POUND

Trade Is Improving And Railroad Decision Eases Tension Felt By Dealers

(Reuter's Service)

New York, April 2 (by mail). Raw silk has advanced in price about 40 cts. a pound in the past week. There has not been any great volume of trading. More business is being done in a cautious way by small manufacturers. During the week a decision was rendered in the injunction case brought by the Silk Association of America to restrain the railroad authorities from excluding raw silk from freight cars.

The decision was favorable and there was some discussion of the merits of the case, wherein it was intimated that common carriers had no fundamental right to exclude freight because of robberies. It might reach the condition by a reclassification or by imposing higher rates. This decision has eased much of the tension growing out of the arbtrary ruling that forced raw silk users to ship at high cost.

TRADE IS IMPROVING

Labor troubles of a minor character are still reported in the New Jersey and Pennsylvania manufacturing districts and production is being curtailed to some extent. There is also a curtailment of production arising from the dull trade in low grade crepes and messalines.

On the whole it is felt that trade is improving in silks although on whole the gain is still not of a very broad character. Bank pressure continues and is steadily forcing out many irresponsible robbers and traders who have come into the business in the past few years of large profits. The higher grade mills, making fine heavy silks for fall, report a better inquiry.

LARGER SILK IMPORTS

Larger imports of silks are attracting much attention in the markets and, despite the reported poor manufacturing conditions in Europe, it has been possible to send many goods here to compete with domestic production. Cutters of cheap waists are buying little.

Better retail trade is reported during the past two weeks of good shopping weather and a larger movement is reported in silk lingerie and silk hosiery.

In an effort to secure additional business, weavers of cheap georgettes in Patterson recently offered weavers a lower wage, and the offer was refused. For the time being the weavers prefer idleness to lower wages.

Canada Beats U.S. In Ice Hockey Game

(Reuter's Service)

Antwerp, April 26.—In the Olympic games today, Canada defeated the United States at ice hockey by 2 goals to nil, and Sweden defeated France by 4 goals to nil. Canada and Sweden meet in the hockey final tomorrow.

Annual Meeting Is Held By Consolidated Rubber

The sixth annual general meeting of The Consolidated Rubber Estates, Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at the offices of the Secretaries, A. R. Burkill and Sons, 2 Kiukiang Road. Those present were Messrs. E. T. Byrne, Chairman, A. W. Burkill, J. R. Moodie, G. M. W. Hummel and Hugo Reiss.

After the reading of the report resolutions were adopted approving the accounts as presented. The profit for the year was stated to total Taels 69,245.01 which with Taels 38,105.62 brought forward from the previous year amounts to the sum of Taels 107,350.63 to be disposed of as follows in accordance with a resolution adopted.

	Tls.
To pay a dividend of Tls. 0.12 per share.	45,000.00
To write off estate development	26,937.96
To write off Buildings.	8,647.07
To write off machinery and plant	3,662.01
To write off tapping tools, etc.	1,832.13
To write off cultivation tools, etc.	472.34
To write off house furniture	944.62
To write off office furniture at Shanghai.	40.75
To pay a bonus to estate staff	1,731.12
To carry forward to next year's accounts	18,082.63
	Tls. 107,350.63

The chairman's report was as follows:

"The result of the year's working shows an increase of over Tls. 15,000 more than the profits for the previous year which is entirely due to the improved sale price of the rubber as exchange has been even more adverse than formerly.

"The output for the year exceeded the estimate by 46,828 lbs., at a small reduction on the previous year's all in cost, and this in spite of a considerable loss on rice supplied to the labor force, which loss will continue for some time. As you may be aware, it has been the policy of most Estates to supply rice at a loss rather than make any increase in the wages of the coolies.

"The estimated output for the current year is practically the same as that for the past year so that until further immature areas come into bearing it would appear that no large increase in the output can be expected, but the present yield per acre may be regarded as quite satisfactory.

"The Company's estates have made good progress during the year and generally speaking everything has worked smoothly and well. Health conditions have been uniformly satisfactory and diseases and pests gave no cause for anxiety. In common with most other estates, brown bast is prevalent, but to no abnormal extent and energetic measures are being taken to combat this disease.

"Considerable work has been done on embankments at Sungei Nebong and the completion of this work will make the land practically flood proof.

"The estates have been visited regularly throughout the year and the reports submitted have been generally satisfactory. The general managers' representative will be visiting the estates at an early date.

"The accounts call for no special comment. The directors have taken advantage of the recently improved rate of exchange to bring up from the South the surplus cash funds.

"Before putting the resolutions to the meeting, I shall be glad to answer to the best of my ability any questions shareholders may wish to ask."

Revolver Competition

April revolver competition for the Experts medal and bar will close Friday evening, April 30. The competition calls for 20 shots to be fired at 15, 20 and 25 yards within time limit of 5 minutes at target with 2 inch inner and 4 inch outer bulls-eye. It is hoped that more of the Marksman's class will enter in this useful competition.

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Based on an ingredient which doctors have used for years for its softening, beautifying qualities, Pond's Vanishing Cream is of the utmost value in overcoming all dryness and restoring the normal pliancy to the skin.

It is absolutely free from greasiness. You can use it throughout the day or you can put it on while dressing for the evening, with the knowledge that not a bit of it will remain on the skin to make it shiny. It has a wonderfully beautifying effect, and as a base for powder it is so effective that one powdering is sufficient for the whole evening. Try it the very next time you want your skin to look its very best.

Only the very freshest, purest ingredients are used in preparation of Pond's Vanishing Cream. It will not grow hair or down on the skin. Get a jar or tube of it today at any drug or department store.

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COTTON ADVANCE IS ASCRIBED TO CROP CONDITIONS

Rains In South Delay Farm Work—Boll Weevil Pest Worries Growers

(Reuter's Service)

New York, April 1 (by mail).—Unfavorable crop conditions have again been responsible to a great extent for strong advances in the cotton market during the past week. A new feature has been injected into the situation by reason of overflows in many southern rivers, as well as fear of high water in rivers emptying into the Mississippi valley, which would mean possible floods in central valleys later on.

There has been further rain all through the South, and the market has in consequence been filled with reports of delayed farm work. The general opinion in the South seems to be that given favorable planting conditions, a big acreage would be put in this year, stimulated by the high price, but people who have just returned from Southern sections say boll weevil, a late start, and the labor situation, are almost certain to reduce the ultimate yield, no matter what the area may be.

BOLL WEEVIL PEST

In addition to boll weevil, the South is beginning to feel worried over the spread of pink boll worm into Louisiana. Texas authorities are inclined to minimise the importance of this evil, but both Florida and Louisiana have taken measures to prevent infected seed coming in from other states, and efforts are being made in Louisiana to stamp out the infection in that state.

It seems to be the feeling, however, that boll weevil will do a great deal of damage this year, but in view of the price, farmers are taking a chance. Advices from Texas say they will have a full acreage and that there is quite an influx of Mexican labor from across the border. All this unfavorable cross talk has not been without its effect on the trade, which has shown its interest by buying new crop in an effort to provide against future requirements.

In fact, much of the buying of the week has been of this nature. The same time, commission house demand has also been on a large scale, anticipating another small crop. In Manchester, it is said the fear of another short yield in America and the knowledge of the extraordinary price at which spinners can sell their yarn maintains a generally bullish sentiment.

JAPAN SEEKS MACHINERY

Some time ago mention was made of purchases by Japanese interests of American spinning machinery. This is borne out now by men who have been approached regarding the sale of such property.

A significant feature of the situation is the fact that apparently the age and condition of the machinery sought is no bar to its purchase. Equipment, that is presumably obsolete from the standpoint of the American spinner, is being eagerly sought by the Japanese, who in some cases purchase the entire plant buildings and land, in order to secure the machinery desired.

It is said they are forced to do this for the reason that new machinery cannot be had from the manufacturers for from two to three years, whereas the markets of the Japanese producer are steadily expanding and must be supplied.

DRY GOODS MARKET

In the dry goods markets it is said that many buyers from the west have sold their goods and their stocks are low. They are committed to take in thousands of dollars worth of fall goods and to buy many other thousands. A similar condition exists in mill agencies. They have many long commitments on their goods. On the staple cloths, these orders will run out in the next two or three months. In the next six or eight weeks Western and Southern jobbers will be in the market again for staple domestics and agents want to see prices hold steady until it is more clearly fixed in their minds whether business at the new high plane of values can go on.

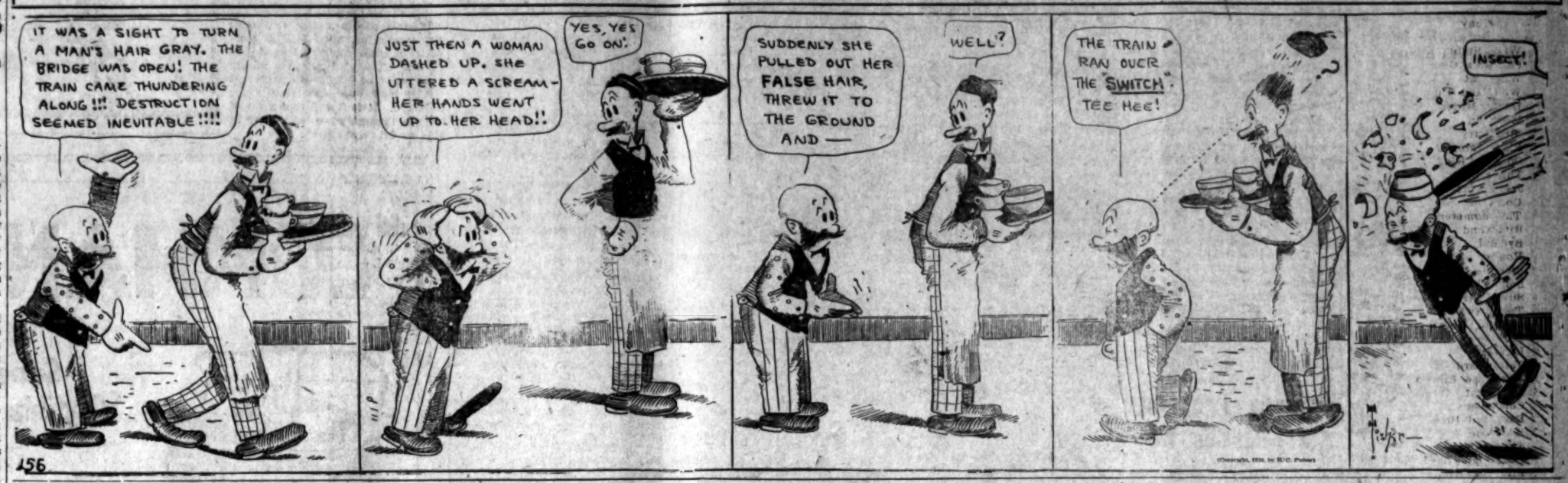
Tokio Tram Strikers Held By Authorities

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, April 27.—Forty-seven leaders of the conductors and motormen of the Municipal tramcar service, who are on strike, have been indicted for disturbing the peace and were handed over to the Public Prosecutor today.

One hundred more who are considered disturbing elements will be summarily discharged from the service. The Tramcar service is still practically at a standstill. A few cars are running on out of the way lines today but they will cease running at 7 o'clock this evening. The authorities are taking up a more drastic attitude. Striker's meetings have everywhere been forcibly dispersed, but the strikers are showing no disposition to yield. The authorities are apprehensive that the situation may become worse after the strikers receive their pay today.

MUTT & JEFF — The Little Fellow Has The Knack Of Leading Up To A Great Climax — By H. C. Fisher


IT WAS A SIGHT TO TURN A MAN'S HAIR GRAY. THE BRIDGE WAS OPEN! THE TRAIN CAME THUNDERING ALONG!!! DESTRUCTION SEEMED INEVITABLE!!!!
JUST THEN A WOMAN DASHED UP. SHE UTTERED A SCREAM— HER HANDS WENT UP TO HER HEAD!!
YES, YES GO ON.
SUDDENLY SHE PULLED OUT HER FALSE HAIR, THREW IT TO THE GROUND AND —
WELL?
THE TRAIN RAN OVER THE "SWITCH". TEE HEE!
INSECT!
156

News Brevities

Mr. S. Hertzberg, proprietor of the Apollo Theater, declares that the shooting affray on North Szechuen Road Monday night did not take place in the lobby of the Apollo. Mr. Hertzberg says the two bullets landed in the signboard which adorns the Theater some fifty feet north of the entrance.

* * *

The Shanghai Women's Christian Temperance Union will celebrate its fifth anniversary on Saturday, May 8, with an "at home" at the McTyeire High School, Edinburgh Road from 4 to 6:30 p.m. A short address will be delivered, there is to be a musical program and tea will be served.

* * *

The foreign banks which are members of the Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association will open at 9 o'clock in the morning and close at noon on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday on account of the Spring races.

* * *

The Chin Woo Girls' Athletic Association will hold their spring sports and first graduating exercises at the Isis Theater Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

* * *

In March, the Fire Brigade received 17 calls as against 16 for the corresponding month last year. The 1920 damage is estimated at Tls. 8,050. The damage done by fire in March a year ago was Taels 1,075.

The case of a Chinese who is accused of murdering a girl in a house on Medhurst Road after she had demanded that he redeem jewels she had loaned him to pawn, was completed before the Mixed Court yesterday and judgment was reserved.

* * *

The municipal offices will be closed to public business on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday on account of the Spring Races.

* * *

Five months leave have been granted by the Commandant of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps to Lieut. J. W. Baldwin from April 2.

* * *

A reduction of 20 draught animals will come into effect on October 1 in view of the introduction of motor wagons in the public works department, according to this morning's Municipal Gazette.

* * *

Applications for the bearer debentures, with coupons attached, in the six percent sterling loan of 1920, are invited by the Municipal Council. The loan is issued under resolution VII passed at the annual meeting of ratepayers on April 7.

* * *

The general scheme of river and harbor conservancy works at various ports in China will be the subject of an address to be made by Dr. Herbert Chatley of the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, at the meeting of the Rotary Club this noon after the tiffin at the Cafe Parisien. Mr. I. M. Busch will preside.

* * *

Inspector J. E. Wheeler, inspector in charge at the Mixed Court, has returned to his duties after long leave in England. Sub-Inspector J. Shaw, who has been filling Mr. Wheeler's important post during the leave, is to take charge of the Accounts and Foreign Civil Courts department. Major F. L. Wainwright has assumed the duties of Registrar during the absence of Mr. M. O. Springfield, who is absent on leave.

* * *

Tickets are now on sale for the smoking concert of the Emergency Unit of Returned Officers and Men which is to take place on Friday, May 14, at the Customs Club. The price has been fixed at $2 and, it has been decided to allow all members of the United Services Association to subscribe, as the concert is a reunion of ex-Service men. Tickets are obtainable from members of the concert committee, as follows: Sgt. Major W. G. Dove (South British Insurance Co., Ltd.); Sgt. J. N. Kortwright (Chartered Bank); Sgt. R. Wood (North China Daily News); Cpl. H. Bland (Health Dept. S. M. C.); Cpl. E. Mellows, (Revenue Dept. S. M. C.); Pte. W D. Brockman (Platt, Macleod and Wilson); and Pte. N. G. Manwaring (Gaston, Williams and Wigmore).

* * *

A charge of attempted murder will be heard on Tuesday in the Russian Consular court against the Russian who fired two shots at a man who knocked him down in front of the Apollo theater. The Russian was fined $24 on the charge of carrying a pistol without a license.

Three Millions Are Appropriated For Chinese Exposition

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, April 28.—President Hsu Shih-chang has announced his acceptance of the Honorary Director-Generalship of the Chinese Exposition to be held in the Temple of Heaven in March, 1922. Marshal Tuan Chi-jui will be Deputy Director-General and Chu Chi-chien Chairman. Three million dollars have been appropriated for the cost of the exposition.

New Corporation Tax Hits British Firms Here And At Home

(Reuter's Service)

London, April 27.—In the House of Commons today, Mr. Austen Chamberlain replying to Mr. Joseph Hood (Unionist, Wimbledon) said that the corporation profits tax would apply to all limited companies registered in the United Kingdom, whether carrying on business in the United Kingdom or abroad and whether only holding companies or otherwise. Provision would be made, however, not to tax profits derived from companies which had themselves been subject to the tax.

S.V.C. INSPECTION TODAY

Review of the S. V. C. at the Recreation Grounds is to take place this afternoon at 5:45 o'clock this afternoon when the units of the organisation will parade before and be inspected by Lieut. Col. J. R. Wyndham, who is here from Hongkong.

Brainworkers Find It Refreshing and Invigorating to sip a glass of cool water containing a teaspoonful of

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

An invaluable tonic, a delightful beverage and one of the best restorers when the energies flag and the spirits droop. Non-alcoholic, it invigorates without undue stimulation, and is a helpful preventive for digestive disorders.

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MULLER, PHIPPS & HODGES

38, Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

Korean Prisoners Freed When Korean Prince Is Married

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, April 28.—Prince Yi of Korea and Princess Masako Nashimoto were married at ten o'clock this morning at Prince Yi's residence. An informal reception was held afterwards. The formal celebrations both in Tokio and in Seoul will take place next spring, on the conclusion of the period of mourning for the bridegroom's father.

Prince Yi, has been promoted to the rank of lieutenant and decorated with the grand cordon of the order of the Chrysanthemum on the occasion of his marriage, while an amnesty has been granted by Imperial ordinance to all Korean prisoners.

AMERICAN STEAMER HELD BY MEXICANS

Calexico, Cal., April 28.—Fred McCoy, an American rancher living in Lower California, today notified the State department that his ship Edith, had been seized at Guaymas by officials of the rebel Sonora government.

It is also reported today that the Mexican rebels have captured Topobolampo and Guaymas and that Mazatlan forces are still fighting the insurrectionists.

From Los Angeles Captain N. K. Jacobson of the steamer Nehalen reports that five thousand Sonora rebel troops under General Flores took Guaymas, encountering little resistance.

Few shots were fired and the customs house, railroad warehouses and food supply of the city were seized.

The Mexican gunboat, Guerrero, was seized and the marines aboard deserted, joining the revolutionaries' cause.

SOUTHERN CHINA FUND TIED UP BY MIXED COURT

(Continued from Page 1)

from Canton, has or has not (ipso facto) vacated his office. From this it further follows that we do not consider ourselves in a position to decide whether or not Mr. Tsang Z-tsan, the complainant in the case having been appointed by only three members of the Administrative Council is or is not entitled to sue in the name of the Military Government.

DR. WU'S CONTENTION

"But though we are not prepared to decide whether he is or not the duly appointed representative of the Military Government, we consider it is advisable in the general interest to regard him as such for the purpose, and only for the purpose, of bringing this matter before the court.

"We therefore wish to hear no evidence as to these points.

"It is alleged that the monies, the subject of this application, are trust monies and not the personal property of Mr. Wu. We understand from Mr. Wu's affidavit that he admits this. That being so, it appears to us (subject to argument) that the proper course for us to adopt, and that in fact the only thing in our power to do, is to preserve this trust fund, and not allow it to be used for any purpose whatever until either the parties have come to some agreement as to its disposal, or we are otherwise satisfied beyond any manner of doubt, and without the introduction of questions of constitutional law, as to the person or persons to whom the funds should be paid, or in whose hands it should be allowed to remain."

Wedding

MACINTOSH-ROBERTSON

Mr. D. Macintosh of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Company, Shanghai, and Miss May Robertson of Inverness were married yesterday afternoon at Holy Trinity Cathedral by Dean Symons. The bride was given away by Mr. G. S. Avegard. Mr. E. J. Surnam acted as best man and Miss Harvey was bridesmaid. A reception was held at the Palace Hotel.

Russo-Japanese Pact Agreed On

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, April 28.—The War Office announces that the Russo-Japanese negotiations at Vladivostok were completed on April 26, the Russians conceding practically all the Japanese demands. The agreement will be signed today, April 28.

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100 SZECHUEN ROAD.

Money Appropriated To Link Two Coasts In Air Mail Route

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, April 25.—President Wilson has signed the Post Office Bill, carrying an appropriation for a transcontinent air-mail route between New York, Chicago and San Francisco.

Forty-Five Million Spent By Germany For American Pork

(Reuter's Service)

Chicago, April 25.—Chicago meat packers announce that the sale of $45,000,000 worth of provisions, mostly pork products, to Germany has been completed.

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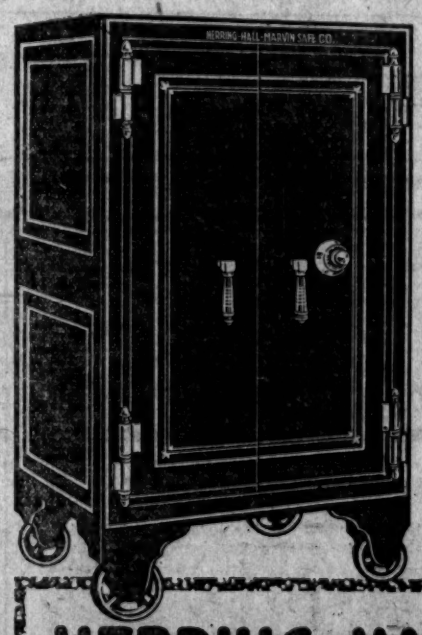

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Shanghai Races—Spring Training -:-

Wednesday, April 28.

Pony	Rider	¼ mile	½ mile	¾ mile	1 mile	1¼ miles	1½ miles	1¾ miles	2 miles	Last quarter
Wild Night	boy	36	—	1.45	2.15	..	..	..	..	30
Cadzow's Glen	boy	39.3	1.15.4	1.46.3	2.17.2	..	..	..	..	30.4
Wild Cat	boy	38	1.14.4	1.53.2	2.30	3.04.3	3.34	..	..	29.2
Woodland King	WGC	35.4	1.13.2	1.48.4	2.22	2.51.3	..	..	..	*29.3
Dusty Miller	AJPH	33.2	1.09.2	1.45	2.18	2.50	..	..	..	32
Mocassin	TH	3.71	1.13.1	1.47	2.22	..	..	..	..	35
Bradbury	SAS	41	—	1.50.1	2.21.3	..	..	..	..	31.2
Play Thing	boy	35.2	1.10	1.42	2.12.2	..	..	..	..	30.2
Comedy King	WGC	37.4	1.15.2	1.50	2.23.3	2.54	..	..	..	30.2
The Eagle	WH	37	1.11.3	1.44.4	2.14.1	..	..	..	..	29.2
Jock Scott	AJPH	35	1.06.4	1.38.2	(last ¾ of 1)	..	..	..	..	*31.3
Colinton	JJ	35.1	1.12	1.46.2	2.17.3	..	..	..	..	*31.1
Thermometer	LVJ	33.4	1.10.2	1.46.4	2.21	2.57.2	..	..	..	36.2
Riversand	boy					2.57.2	..	..	..	36.2
Bydand	boy	39.3	1.16.1	1.48.2	2.17.3	..	..	..	..	29.1
Rouble	SAS	37	1.14.4	1.49.3	2.22	2.52.2	..	..	..	30.2
Spindles	WAD	38.3	1.15	1.48	2.18.1	..	..	..	..	30.1
Soft Thing	boy	37.4	1.15.1	1.50.4	2.24.2	2.54.2	..	..	..	30
Silver Streak	JJ	34.2	1.08.2	1.41.1	2.11.3	..	..	..	..	30.2
Tomakawk	boy	34	1.06	1.40	2.12	..	..	..	..	32
Spartan King	WGC	37.2	1.15	1.50.1	2.24	2.54	..	..	..	30
Barometer	AK	39.1	1.16.2	1.49.2	2.19	..	..	..	..	29.3
Langaza	FV	36.3	—	1.43.2	2.14.4	..	..	..	..	31.2
Tatouillard	GW	34.4	1.11.3	1.46.2	2.19.1	2.51	..	..	..	31.4
The Wise Bird	JKB					2.51.2	..	..	..	32.1
Rushlight	HEM	39	1.16	1.52	2.23.2	..	..	..	..	31.2
Coriander	SBMB	38.1	1.17.2	1.53.1	2.27.2	2.58	..	..	..	30.3
Eastward Ho!	boy					2.58	..	..	..	30.3
Escapade	SAS	31.1	—	1.34.3	2.09	..	..	..	..	34.2
The Flyer	FV			1.43.2	2.14	..	..	..	..	30.3
Sovereign Dahlia	WAD	33	1.03.4	1.38	..	..	..	..	..	34.1
Fighting King	WGC	36	1.13	1.48	2.19.4	2.49.3	..	..	..	29.4
Bachelor Tax	JJ	35	1.11.4	1.47.2	2.20.2	2.51.2	..	..	..	31
Boss Shire	RMD	34.4	1.09.1	1.43.2	2.16	2.49.2	..	..	..	33.2
White Spear	AVW	36	1.12	1.44	2.15	..	..	..	..	31
Gulfsand	boy	34	1.10.1	1.45	2.18.4	2.48.1	..	..	..	29.2
Dancing Bird	JKB	29.4	1.01.2		(last ½ mile)		(whole time)		1.34	31.3
Exchequer Bill	JJ	36.3	1.13.4	1.47.4	2.19.2	2.50.4	..	..	..	31.2
Saucy Thing	AJPH	37.3	1.15	1.49.3	2.20	..	..	..	..	30.2
Golden Feather	EV	33.3	1.04.3	1.35.3	(last ¾ of 1	¾ of 1 mile)	..	..	..	31
The Camel	boy	36.2	1.11	1.45.2	2.18.1	2.51.1	..	..	..	33
Hol'on	WH	34	1.10.3	1.42.4	2.14.3	..	..	..	..	31.4
Cerialatus	SBMB	38.1	1.13.3	1.47	2.18.3	..	..	..	..	31.3
Pavolek	JJ	37.2	1.15	1.51	2.25.2	2.57.1	..	..	..	31.4
Inniskilling	LGMK	37.4	1.16.2	1.51.4	2.26.2	..	..	..	..	34.3
Triumphant Star	boy	38	1.13.2	1.46.2	2.17.3	..	..	..	..	31.1
Hongkong Chief	SBMB	34.4	1.07.4	1.39.4	2.11.4	..	..	..	..	32
Caprice	FV	34.2	1.07	1.38.1	..	..	..	..	..	31.1
Toc Emma	WH	31.3	1.01.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	30
Mazurka	JJ	36.2	1.13.1	1.48.2	2.22.1	2.53	..	..	..	30.4
The Prelate	boy					2.54	..	..	..	31.4
Hallow E'en	boy	36.1	1.10.2	1.45	2.15.2	(last mile)				30.2
Rosewood	FV	35	1.11.1	1.45.2	2.18.4	2.49.1	..	..	..	30.2
Saey Tai	boy	37.2	1.15.2	—	2.24.1	2.56.3	..	..	..	31.2
Barlin	boy	40.2	1.17.4	1.50.4	2.20.1	..	..	..	..	29.2
Jet	JJ	36.2	1.14.1	1.50.4	2.26	2.56.3	..	..	..	30.3
The Whippet	RWW	33	1.03.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	30.2
Wild Irishman	boy	36	1.15	1.48	2.18	..	..	..	..	30
Dinty Moore	RMD			1.51	2.23	..	..	..	..	32
Elfeshire	RMD			1.45.3	2.17	..	..	..	..	31.2

*On the inside course.

Anderson Wins Athletic Shield At Chefoo Meet

(China Press Correspondence)

Chefoo, April 24.—Last Wednesday the China Inland Mission Boys' School had its annual spring athletic meet. Mr. V. R. Eckford acted as Referee, Messrs. H. E. Railton, T. W. McCarthy and J. H. Stooke were the Judges and the Rev. H. A. H. Lea and Mr. J. Silverthorne were the official timekeepers. There were the usual three divisions in the sports and in each was a large number of entries.

The Seniors competed for the shield, which was given by the "Old Boys.' It is the property of the School but the competitor each year who secures the highest number of points in the events holds it for twelve months in addition to receiving a small silver replica of it for his watch chain.

On Wednesday last there were two competitors and all through they were so close to each other as to make the struggle exceedingly interesting. Anderson finally was ahead by two points, but Hogg who was second, proved himself superior to Anderson in most of the flat races. Anderson was first in the hurdles and second in the jumps. But he was first in the long run the previous Wednesday, from the Black Dragon Temple (Monastery) to the School Porch, a distance of two and a half miles.

WINS THE SHIELD

The winning of this difficult cross country race, together with second place in the 100 yard, 220 yard, 440 yard and the 880 yard dashes enabled him to win the shield.

The races were so evenly contested all through that they aroused immense enthusiasm. The weather too, was ideal and so it was not surprising that the meet was one of the most successful in the history of the School. At the conclusion of the events Mrs. V. R. Eckford presented certificates to the successful competitors and then pinned the replica upon the breast of Anderson to the accompaniment of hearty cheers from the boys. More cheers for Mrs. Eckford and still more for the judges and timekeepers concluded the afternoon's enjoyment.

Arising out of the meet on Wednesday the "Old Boys" of the School now in Chefoo, in business, challenged the present students to a running and jumping competition. This having been accepted it was worked off this afternoon. The "Old Boys" participating were T. M. McCarthy of H. E. Railton and Co., H. Stevens of Cornabe Eckford and Co., W. Malcolm of Dent and Co., D. F. R. McMullan of McMullan and Co. H. Elterich, American Vice-Consul, and B. McCarthy of Reiss and Co.

MANY HUMOROUS EVENTS

The two chief representatives of the present students were Anderson and Hogg and two others. The events were 100 yard dash, 220 yard, 880 yard, 440 yard, Hurdles and High and Long Jumps. All the events were very close but the "Old Boys" won the tournament. T. W. McCarthy proved that he is still the swift runner that he was while here as a student (he is an old shield winner) and H. Stevens and W. Malcolm did splendidly at jumping. Sandwiched in between the items were humorous events which caused tremendous fun and helped to give the principal contestants a needed respite between their tiring races. The sack races and the egg and spoon races between groups of girls as well as one between the "old girls" were greatly appreciated by the big gathering which had assembled on the field.

* * *

The Tennis courts of the Recreation Field are to be officially opened on Tuesday afternoon. The Committee is providing afternoon tea. Tennis is popular in Chefoo, much more so than cricket.

* * *

Dr. Malcolm, our Port Doctor, who has been in Canada for the last six months, is expected back in Chefoo in a few days. His place during his absence has been taken by Dr. MacFarlane. Dr. Malcolm's return means that Dr. MacFarlane will be leaving us.

Big League Baseball

Games April 25

AMERICAN

Chicago	7
Detroit	1
New York	3
Philadelphia	2
Cleveland	10
St. Louis	1
Boston	7
Washington	3

NATIONAL

Cincinnati	1
Chicago	0
St. Louis	6
Pittsburg	0
Brooklyn	6
Philadelphia	4
New York	7
Boston	4

RACES AT KIANGWAN

The sixty-third race meeting of the International Recreation Club, postponed from April 24, will be held at the Kiangwan track Saturday. The first saddling bell will ring at 1:30 o'clock. Special trains will run and special motor car service will be provided by garages as usual.

Venezuela Docking This Morning With Big Treasure Cargo

Bringing over G.$4,000,000 in treasure, 850 tons of cargo, a full list of passengers and a small mail for the American postoffice, the Pacific Mail Steamship Company liner Venezuela will arrive from San Francisco, Honolulu and Japan ports this morning. The Venezuela will dock at the China Merchants Central Wharf between 7 and 8 o'clock. Mr. B. C. Haile, former agent here, who returns to Shanghai as general agent of the Pacific Mail for the Far East, will arrive on the Venezuela.

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American Trading Co.

ADDING MACHINES
Burroughs Adding Machine Co.
Adding, Bookkeeping, Calculating
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Sundstrand Adding & Listing Machine
Barrett Adding-Listing-Computer
Golden Gem Adders
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

ALUMINUM WARE
Illinois Pure Aluminum Co.
Willits & Patterson

ANESTHETICS
Procaine (Novocain)
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.

BALL BEARINGS
The Chinese SKF Co., Ltd.

BANDAGES, CREPE PAPER
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American Trading Co.

BEER
Asahi Beer
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American Trading Co.
Gandy Belting Co. (Baltimore)
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
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Arnhold Brothers & Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
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Erie City Iron Works
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Harper & Hopkins (Children's & Novelties);
Badger (Gorham Press), (Miscellaneous);
The Century Co., (Miscellaneous);
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Dodd Mead & Co. (Miscellaneous);
G. H. Doran & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Doubleday, Page & Co. (Sets & Miscell.);
Funk & Wagnalls (New Standard Dictionary Literary Digest New 10 vol "History of the World War." Self-help English books.)
The Grolier Society (The Book of Knowledge)
Grossett & Dunlap, (Popular Fiction);
Harper Bros. (Sets & Miscellaneous);
Houghton, Mifflin & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Laird & Lee, Inc., (Diaries);
Little, Brown & Co., (Miscellaneous);
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American Technical Society
Comstock Publishing Co. (Scientific)
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Gregg Publishing Co. (Shorthand)
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Tobacco Products Corporation

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Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.
Palatine Aniline & Chemical Corporation Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
Societe Anonyme de Couleurs D'Aniline and Produits Chemiques, Brussels
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China Mutual Trading Co.
Grasselli-Dayer
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China Investment & Trading Co.
Gant & Co., Ltd., (Electric Clocks)
Scott, Harding & Co.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
British Insulated & Helsby Cables, Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Duncan Electrical Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Sangamo Electric Co.
Weston Electrical Instrument Co.
Ashida Engineering Co., Ltd.
Belden Mfg. Co. (Wires & Cables)
Luminous Unit Co. (Brascolite)
Hart & Hegeman Mfg. Co. (Wiring Devices)
Lux Mfg. Co. (Nitrogen Lamps)
Niagara Searlight Co. (Flashlights)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

ELECTRIC LT. & POWER PLTS.
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.
Marco Light
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Siemens Ltd., London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Unitectric Corp. (Unit Electric Plants)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.

ENGINES, BOILERS, STEAM
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

ENGINES, GAS & OIL
Nelson Bros. Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Wolverine Marine Motors
American Trading Co.
Ruston—T. E. M. A.
Scripps—T. E. M. A.
Brons—T. E. M. A.

EXPANDED METAL
General Fireproofing Co.
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

FILTERS
Slack & Brownlow, Ltd.
Mustard & Co.

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
Boyd Fire Extinguisher,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Fyre—Fyter Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Pyrene Mfg. Co.
Mustard & Co.
Hollandia—T. E. M. A.

FLOOR PRESERVATIVES
Truscon Laboratories
American Trading Co.

GLASS
Hires Turner Glass Co.
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Pilkington Bros., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Emile Reuniers & Co., Charleroi, Belgium.
The Lazard-Godchaux Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

GRAMOPHONES
Gorilla Lamps
China Mutual Trading Co., Ltd.
The New Edison Phonograph
J. A. S. Alves, 1a Jinkee Rd.
HARDWARE
Russel & Irwin Mfg. Co.,
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialities Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

HEATING DEVICES
D. Moore & Co.,
American Trading Co.
Southard-Robertson Co. (Stoves),
Mustard & Company.
Theroz Stoves & Alcohol Fuel Cubes
Willits & Patterson.

INKS, PRINTING
Geo. H. Morrill Co.,
American Trading Co.

INSTRUMENTS, SCIENTIFIC
Cambridge Scientific Instrument Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, ACC. & SICK.
Ocean Accident Insurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, FIRE
Assicurazioni Generali
G. A. Rena, 44 Szechuen Rd.
Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Queen Insurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Scottish Union & National Ins. Co.,
Batavia Sea & Fire Ins. Co.,
Norwegian Atlas Ins. Co.,
Rayner, Heusser & Co., Tel. 886.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund
The Norwegian Lloyd Ins. Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, LIFE
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, MARINE
Assicurazioni Generali
G. A. Rena, 44 Szechuen Rd.
Batavia Sea & Fire Ins. Co.,
Rayner, Heusser & Co., Tel. 886.
Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Phoenix Assurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund
The Norwegian Lloyd Ins. Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, MOTOR CAR.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, MISCELLANEOUS
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

IRON MERCHANTS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

LEATHER
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

LEATHER SUBSTITUTE
Dupont's Fabrikoid,
Sonn Brothers Co.

LIFTS
Otis Elevator Co.
American Trading Co.
Smith, Major & Stevens, Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.

LIGATURES & SUTURES.
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road
Davis & Geck,
American Trading Co.

LOCKS
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

MACHINE TOOLS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, CEREAL MILLING
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.,
American Trading Co.
Sprout Waldron & Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Edward Maurer Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, CONCRETE
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, ICE MAKING
York Mfg. Co.,
American Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, MINING
Ingersoll Rand Co.,
American Trading Co.

MACHINERY, PAPER MAKING
Bagley & Sewall,
E. D. Jones & Sons Co.,
American Trading Co.
Edward Maurer Co.

MACHINERY, REFRIGERATING
York Manufacturing Co.,
American Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, RICE
Engelberg Huller Co.,
American Trading Co.

MACHINERY, TEXTILE
Baron & Hogarth, (Braids & Reed)
J. Whitehead & Co., 3 Av. Edw. VII.
Chas. Cain's Son & Greenwood,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Gregson & Monk (Cotton, Silk, Wool)
J. Whitehead & Co., 3 Av. Edw. VII.
Geo. Keighley, Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Asa Lees & Co., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Lupton Bros. Ltd., (Accessories, Coll. Hill)
J. Whitehead & Co., 3 Av. Edw. VII.
J. H. Riley & Co., Ltd. (Bleacher, Dyer, Finisher)
J. Whitehead & Co., 3 Av. Edw. VII.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

MACHINERY, TOBACCO
American Machine & Foundry Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
United Cigarette Machine Co.,
American Trading Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, MISCELLANEOUS
Edward Maurer & Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, WOODWORKING
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MEDICAL SUPPLIES
Allen & Hanburys, Ltd.,
40 Canton Road
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road
Cheesebrough Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
H. K. Mulford Co.,
Davis & Geck,
Gillette Mfg. Co.,
Rector Chemical Co.,
American Trading Co.

MEDICINES
Society of Chemical Industry in Basle
J. Merian, 11 Av. Edward VII
Dr. D. Jayne & Son
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

MICROSCOPES
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co.,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

MILK, TINNED
Bear Brand,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.

MOTOR CARS
Humber, Ltd.,
Scott Harding & Co.
Ford Cars & Trucks
Hudson Super-Six
Essex
Dodge & Seymour

MOTOR CAR SUPPLIES
Klaxon Horns,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.

MOTORCYCLES & ACCESSORIES
Excelsior Motorcycle Co.,
American Trading Co.

MOTOR TRUCKS
Bethlehem Trucks,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc. (Far Eastern Distributors)
Kissel—T. E. M. A.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Estey Organ Co.,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT
Library Bureau,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.
Shaw-Walker Steel Files,
Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44a, Kiangse Rd.
Typewriter Supplies
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.
Tracy & Co.,
United States Steel Furniture Co.,
American Trading Co.
Art Metal Steel Furniture,
Burroughs Adding Machines,
Oliver Typewriters,
Ronco Duplicators & Copiers,
Reliable Safe & Lock Co.,
Victor Safe & Lock Co.,
Rebuilt Typewriters—All Makes,
Boston Pencil Sharpeners,
Venus Pencils,
Carbonum Ribbons & Carbons,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Remington Typewriters
Remington Ribbons & Carbon Paper,
Steel Equipment Co.,
A. B. Dick Mimeograph Co.,
Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Chicago Mirror & Art Glass Co.
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

OPTICAL GOODS
American Optical Co.,
National Optical Co., 69 Nanking Rd.
Standard Optical Co.,
Technical Supply Co., 11c Nanking Rd.

PAINTS, VARNISHES, ETC.
Acme White Lead & Color Works,
Willits & Patterson
Boston Varn. Co., (Kyanize)
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Chas. H. Brown Paint Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Certain-teed Products Corporation
Truscon Laboratories,
American Trading Co.
Velurlac—T. E. M. A.

PAPER
Edison-Dick Impression Paper,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Impression and Manifold Papers
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.
Maurice O'Meara Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Typewriter & Ronco Paper,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Road,
B. Dieden & Co., Ltd.

PENS & PENCILS
Moore's Fountain Pens,
Joseph Dixon Crucible Co.,
American Trading Co.

PERFUMERY
Maison de Parfumerie
40 Nanking Road
Vinolia Co., Ltd., Paris & London
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

PHARMACEUTICAL SUPPLIES
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Rd.
H. K. Mulford Co.,
Davis & Geck,
Rector Chemical Co.,
American Trading Co.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
Rexo Cameras,
Burke & James
American Trading Co.

PIECE GOODS
Catlin & Co., New York.
Wm. Simpson Sons & Co., New York,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Persian Commercial Co.

PRESSBOARD & INSULATING PAPER
Diamond State Fibre Co.
American Trading Co.

PRINTING SUPPLIES
Shanghai Press, Ltd.

PROJECTION LANTERNS
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co.,
Novette, Inc.,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

PULLEYS
The Chinese S. K. F. Co., Ltd.

PUMPING MACHINERY
W. H. Allen Son & Co., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Gwynne's Ltd., London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

RAILWAY MATERIALS
Liberty Steel Product Co.,
New York.
P. S. Ericsson Shanghai Manager
Astor House Hotel, Shanghai.
Ramapo Iron Works.
American Trading Co.

REFRIGERATORS
White Frost Refrigerator Co.,
American Trading Co.

ROOFING MATERIALS
A. B. C. and Pagoda Roofing,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Carey Roofings,
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Weather-Compo } Certain-teed Products Corp.
Scout Roofings }
American Trading Co.

ROPE, STEEL
R.S. Newall & Son
Scott Harding & Co.

SAFES LOCKS & STR. RM. DOORS
Ratner Safe Co., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Safe-Cabinet Co.
Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44a, Kiangse Rd.
York Safe & Lock Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Y. & E. Record Safes
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.
Reliable Safes & Locks
Victor Safes & Locks,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Herring Hall Marvin Safe Co.
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Lipe—T. E. M. A.

SANITARY FITTINGS
Trenton Potteries Co.
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.

SHIPPING LINES
NS "Shawsing" & "Wanli"
Jenalen Transport Co.
P. & O. S. N. Co.,
B. I. S. N. Co., Ltd.
Apear Line
Eastern & Australia S. S. Co., Ltd.
Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.

SKYLIGHTS
David Lupton Sons Co.
American Trading Co.

SOAP
Lever Bros., Ltd.
Vinolia Co., Ltd., Paris & London
Benjamin Brooke & Co., England
Hodgson & Simpson, Ltd.
R. S. Hudson, Ltd., England
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

STATIONERY
Crown Ribbon & Carbon Mfg. Co.
Whiting Paper Co. (Fine Stationery)
Chinese American Publishing Co.,

STEEL PRODUCTS
Pacific Coast Steel Co. of San Francisco, Cal.
Shanghai Branch
United States Steel Products Co.

STEEL, STRUCTURAL
Pacific Coast Steel Co. of San Francisco, Cal.
Shanghai Branch
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

STEEL WINDOWS & DOORS
J. G. Wilson Corporation
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

STERILIZERS
American Sterilizer Co.
American Trading Co.

STOVES-HEATING & COOKING
Southard-Robertson Co.
Mustard & Co.
D. Moore & Co.
American Trading Co.

SUGAR OF MILK
National Milk Sugar Co.
American Trading Co.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road

SURVEYING & DRAFTING INST.
Wm. Ainsworth & Sons Co.
Technical Supply Co., 11c Nanking Rd.

TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH APP.
Automatic Telephone Mfg. Co., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Federal Telephone & Telegraph Co.
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Relay Automatic Telephone Co., Ltd. London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Stromberg Carlson Tel. Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

TILES
The Mosaic Tile Co.
American Trading Co.

TOILET REQUISITES
Maison de Parfumerie
40 Nanking Road
Cheesebrough Mfg. Co.,
Durham Duplex Razor Co.
Lanman & Kemp (Florida Water)
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Vinolia Co., Ltd., Paris & London
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.
Gillette Razors & Blades
Ponds Vanishing Cream
Ponds Extract
Ponds Cold Cream
Dodge & Seymour.

TOOLS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

TRUCKS, ELEVATING
The Barrett Cravens Co. (Multi Truck

Special Delivery Stamp Effects Big Saving To U.S. Firm In Shanghai

Time Saved By Expedited Letter Results In Change Of Shipment—Full Day's Time Frequently Gained

The use of a little oblong blue postage stamp that cost ten cents recently saved an American firm in Shanghai close to a thousand dollars because the letter it carried back to a home office in the United States was delivered about 18 hours ahead of other mail that had been despatched in the same consignment. A thoughtful executive merely had attached the blue special delivery stamp with its picture of a bicycle rider and the time saved thereby enabled the office in America to make changes in a shipment already started and effected the saving.

Postmaster E. H. Everett of the American Post Office said yesterday that a few firms commonly make use of special delivery stamps for more important letters, having learned that at times as much as a full day is saved in delivery and he went on to explain how letters carrying special delivery stamps are handled.

SPECIAL HANDLING

In the packages of letters that go into mail bags in American post offices, he said, those bearing special delivery stamps go on top. Throughout its journey the special delivery letter has special handling for on opening a bag of mail the first letters that attract the eye of the mail clerk necessarily are those with the characteristic blue stamp.

Without loss of time, these letters at destination points are transferred to special delivery departments of post offices. In the larger centers they are dropped into electric conveyors by the distributing clerk and after being whisked to the special department they are entrusted to postmen with motorcycles for immediate delivery.

During the past week an addition has been made to the already large and varied assortment of postage stamps at the American Post Office. This addition consists of a supply of $5 stamps, the first the office has ever received. Some weeks ago a supply of $2 stamps were received. The stamps of these larger denominations are particularly convenient, both for user and for those who handle them in post offices when large or heavy packages are mailed.

For some time the American government has been urging as a measure of conservation of time and material that stamps of largest possible denomination be used in the mails. The saving of paper is one factor, but also much time in handling mail is saved when stamps of large denomination are used, as with these the mail clerk is enabled to see at a glance the amount of postage while a prolonged effort is needed to add up postage when a large number of stamps of small denomination are used on a package.

CHECK ON EXPENSE

It has also been urged upon large users of the mails that when supplies of stamps of large denomination are kept, a better and more accurate check on stamp accounts is a natural consequence. The accounting made necessary by the use of the stamps of large denominations has the effect of making more accurate the accounting for all stamps kept on hand.

While post offices in general in America are within a few hours of their stamps supply stations, the Shanghai Post Office cannot replenish its supplies under sixty days ordinarily and this makes it necessary to carry on hand fairly large quantities, a requirement that presents difficulties due to climatic conditions here at certain times of the year.

In the humid seasons unless every care is exercised, and at times all precautions fail, quantities of sheets of stamps become gummed together and in this condition are unsalable. When this happens the only recourse for the Shanghai office is to mail the unsalable stamps back, in this way making another drain on the supply.

Refugee Relief Board Brings Work To Close

(Continued from Page 1)

the situation was a really serious one. the Civic League called a public meeting on December 18 in the Royal Asiatic Society's Hall, and at that meeting a small committee was elected, with Mr. Edward Ezra as chairman and Mr. S. W. Wolfe as treasurer, to formulate and carry out plans whereby the necessary relief might be given, and to raise funds for this purpose.

POLICY FIXED

On December 20, the new committee and a number of friends met in the offices of Mr. Edward Ezra, and the Shanghai Refugee Relief Committee, consisting of representative men and women of the American, British, French, Jewish, Polish and Russian communities, and therefore of a thoroughly international character, was formed. The plan of campaign settled upon at that meeting was as follows:

(1) To open a soup kitchen where all refugees in need of food could obtain two good meals a day, and to provide shelter for destitute refugee women, girls and children.

(2) To assist such refugees as were stranded here, but were desirous of leaving, to go to their homes in Europe, or to other countries where work was more likely to be found.

(3) To devise means, if possible, whereby the influx of further destitute refugees into Shanghai could be stopped.

At this first meeting a Subscription List was opened and an amount of over $3,000 was subscribed by those present.

Much difficulty was encountered at first in finding suitable premises for the proposed soup kitchen, but this was finally overcome by the generous action of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank in loaning their building, 11 The Bund, then recently vacated by Kelly and Walsh, for the purpose. It was also found necessary to provide a night shelter for destitute male refugees and the Jewish Shelter House, at 24 Ward Road was taken over for this purpose. At the same time arrangements were made with the committee of the Foreign Women's Home to accommodate refugee women, girls and children at "The Cottage," 18 Baikal Road, at the expense of our Committee.

OPENING OF DEPOT

On January 9 the Refugee Relief Depot was opened, and the first meals were served, in The Bund premises. Since then the work of providing food, clothing and—where possible—passages onward for the constantly incoming tide of waifs and strays from Siberia has proceeded there daily without intermission.

Up to the night of last Friday, the 23rd inst., 15,964 meals had been served, all of which, with the exception of 462, were free, and by the evening of the 30th inst., when the Depot is finally to close its doors, the number of meals supplied will have exceeded 17,000.

Through the generosity of the public it has also been possible to provide many ill-clad men, women and children with overcoats, under clothing, suits, dresses and boots through the winter months, although unfortunately the supply in this direction fell far short of the demand.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The financial position is as follows: Up to yesterday, the 27th inst., Funds have been received totalling:

Taels 3,737 and $19,611.39, or say approximately $24,594 in all, and expenditure has amounted to Taels 3,386.10 and $17,245.65, or say a total of approx. $21,760. Against the balance in hand of, say, $2,833 we have to meet running expenses for the depot and 24 Ward Road which will amount to about $824 by the end of this month, passages promised to refugees $1,185, and out-door relief $180. So that after paying off all obligations we shall probably have about $634 left over. Whether to divide this balance between the Russian and Jewish Benevolent Societies which have to carry on refugee work after we have finished, or to use it up ourselves for the further assistance of some of the many people still asking us for help, is for this meeting to decide.

It will be of interest to record at this point just how the money already spent has been utilised. The round figures approximately are as follows:

For Food and fuel	$1,778
For Wages of staff, rent 24 Ward Road, current expenses	2,089
For Furniture and fittings	820
For Out-door relief, including board and lodging for refugee women, girls and children at "The Cottage" for 4 months also medicines.	1,453
For Cost of whole or part passages of 175 refugees to Europe, Canada, South America, Australia, Java, and other places	15,620
Total	$21,760

It may be added that besides providing passages for the 175 stranded men, women and children already mentioned, the committee has been instrumental in shipping from this port many destitute men as crews of steamers.

CORRECTS IMPRESSION

A mistaken notion appears to prevail among the outside public that our work has been almost exclusively for the Russian. Such is by no means the case, for in the flood of humanity which has poured in through our doors in quest of help have been all sorts and conditions thrown out by the maelstrom of Siberia, including Austrians, Esthonians, Poles, Letts, Rumanians, Hungarians, Czecho-Slovaks, Servians, Jews from all parts of Europe, Greeks and Finns. Relief has been given to the best of our power in all cases, regardless of rank, creed or nationality.

An outstanding event in our short history was the Refugee Ball given at exceedingly small cost thanks to the generosity of the Shanghai Hotels Co., Ltd., in the Astor House on February 26 and which showed the splendid net profit of $6,388.50.

The committee's gratitude is due to so many business houses and private persons in Shanghai for help generously and freely given that it would be almost impossible to mention names in this connection, but we feel that we must make special reference to the splendid co-operation extended to us by the committees of the Foreign Women's Home, the Charity Organisation and the King's Daughter's Society. Mr. Inwood, of the Hanbury Institute also is entitled to our thanks for valuable help rendered. And to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation we are especially grateful for allowing us the free use of their premises, lately occupied by Messrs. Kelly and Walsh, Ltd. as our Refugee Bureau and Soup Kitchen.

MANY CHANGES IN MUNICIPAL STAFF

Department.—Constable H. A. Flower is dismissed the Department from April 18.

Public Works Department.—Long leave is granted to Mr. C. Harpur, deputy commissioner, from August 2.

The service of Assistant Inspector J. T. Course will terminate on July 7.

Mr. T. P. Moorehead, temporary engineering assistant, is permitted to terminate his service on June 5.

Electricity Department.—Long leave is granted to Mr. A. Habecost, controller of stores, and Mr. J. W. Harding, clerical assistant, from May 6 and May 10 respectively.

Revenue Department.—Mr. T. Akers is re-engaged as tax collector on three months' probation from April 16.

Educational Department.—Mrs. A. J. heald is appointed temporarily as Music mistress in the Thomas Hanbury School, for Girls from April 14.

Champ Clark Enters Race For Presidency

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, April 25.—It is announced that Mr. Champ Clark has decided to become a candidate for the Presidency.

Two Nights Of Boxing At Town Hall Next Week

Exhibitions To Bring Into Ring British Sailors, Shanghai Athletes And Public School Boys

What promises to be the best series of boxing bouts Shanghai has ever seen and the first for more than a year will be given next week in two cards of events Wednesday and Thursday nights at the Town Hall. The boxing exhibitions, which are being arranged by Mr. Llewellyn Jones, are to be under the patronage of Sir Everard Fraser, British Consul-General, and Vice Admiral Sir Alexander Duff, Commander of the British Asiatic squadron, and the entire proceeds will go to St. Dunstan's Hospital for Blind Soldiers and Sailors in England.

The programs for the two exhibitions have not yet been made up in detail, but eight or ten events with a trophy for each will be given on each of the evenings, and besides bouts between men of the British fleet and between leading Shanghai boxers, a number of events will bring into the ring some of the speediest youngsters of the Shanghai Public Schools. These last will be at weights from 56 pounds up. One of the important events that will be seen will be between E. J. Cooke and F. Remedios, well known Shanghai athletes, and another is a match between Seimsen, present heavyweight champion of the Shanghai Public Schools and F. Whittsack, who formerly held the title. This bout is to be at 140 pounds.

IS FIRST APPEARANCE

The exhibitions of the pupils of the Shanghai Public Schools, who are pupils of Mr. Jones Parks, boxing instructor, marks their first appearance before the public, but followers of the sport who have seen the youths in action are high in their praise of the talent that has been developed.

Bouts between men of the British Navy are being arranged by the officer commanding the sports section of the British squadron, Lieut. Commander Drew. Mr. Jones said yesterday that the various matches will be from four to ten rounds with possibly two ten-round matches each of the two evenings.

NOVEL DISPLAY

A wholly novel window display announcing the forthcoming boxing exhibitions has been put in place in a window of the Shanghai Stores on Nanking Road. In this is shown a reproduction of a prize ring with the carved figures of two boxers squared for action. A detail of the display is an historic set of boxing gloves which, with the ring, is the property of Mr. Jones. The gloves are those which were used by Jack Johnson and Tommy Burns in their contest at Rushcutter's Bay at Sydney, Australia, on Boxing Day, December 26, 1908.

Arrangements are being made at the Town Hall to care for an audience of not less that 1,500 people and those promoting the exhibitions have decided in favor of popular prices which will be $1, $2 and $3. The sale of seats will open at Moutrie's Friday, and it is announced that men in uniform will be given seats at half price.

FRENCH MARKETS

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, April 27.—Exchange quotations:

London	64.80
Italy	74.25
French War Loans:	
3 percent	57.00
4 percent 1917	71.40
4 percent 1918	71.05
5 percent	88.60

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is particularly a preparation for Infants and Children made agreeable to the taste, acceptable to the stomach and pleasant in its action. It has been in use for over thirty years and has always been one of the most highly esteemed of all cathartic preparations. It has one great advantage over other preparations of its kind in that while it opens the organs readily and completely, it does not have a tendency to produce subsequent constipation so much to be dreaded.

It was only after years of research in the fields of herbs and roots for a combination of purely vegetable matter that would have all the virtues of Castor Oil, without its disagreeable, nauseating properties, especially when used for infants or children, that the formula used in Fletcher's Castoria was found, and which for over 30 years has proven its worth. Try it.

Save the Babies.

Infantry mortality is something frightful. We can hardly realise that of all the children born in civilised countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one quarter die before they reach one year, thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one half before they are fifteen! We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestion, sickness, death. To avoid any possibility of giving your child opiates, or narcotics of any kind, keep Fletcher's Castoria in the house, and Save the Babies.

The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend!

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

YOUR BLOOD WANTS PURIFYING

IF You are troubled with Eczema, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Boils, Sores, or Eruptions of any kind continually bursting through the skin.

IF You are suffering the aches and pains of Bad Legs, Blood Poison, Abscesses, Ulcers, Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores, Glandular Swellings, &c.

IF You have that constant itching and inflammation of Piles.

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"MONDAYS IN MAY"

Opals, Swans, Panthers And Mary

Bedouins," By James Huneker, Speaks Now And Again Of Miss Mary Garden

BY HEYWOOD BROUN

Before the days of prohibition one simple path to fame lay before every newspaper man. We never knew any hard-drinking reporter whose friends did not wag their heads sorrowfully and remark that, "He would be the best in the business if he could only keep sober." That path to glory is now closed and the only condition in any profession which approximates it in any way exists on the operatic stage, where a personable woman is invariably hailed as a great actress if only she sings badly enough.

Of course, it would be folly to deny that Mary Garden is an effective performer in certain types of opera. Anything that Theda Bara can do Mary can do better. No more thrilling vamp ever strode across a screen or stage. But, with the exception of a single role, she has never displayed in all her repertory a flair for anything but simple seduction.

We do not pretend to be open-minded on the art of Mary Garden. We have our story and we intend to stick to it. Viewed from our own bias, James Huneker seems as partisan as a shower bath whenever he writes a paragraph, a page or a chapter about Mary Garden. He is all scalding steam to our eyes when he writes of Mary. "And in the new opera Mary Garden is the supreme exemplar. She sounds the complex modern note. She does not represent, she evokes. She sings and she acts, and the densely woven web is impossible to disentangle. Her Gaelic temperament is of an intensity; she is white hot, a human dynamo with sudden little retortion that betray a tender, sensitive soul, through the brilliant hard shell of an emerald personality; she is also the opal, with its chameleonic hues."

But Mary is more than that. In another chapter of "Bedouins" (Scribner's) we learn that she is "a condor, an eagle, a peacock, a nightingale, a panther, a society dame, a gallery of moving pictures, a siren, an indomitable fighter, a human woman with a heart as big as a house, a lover of sport, an electric personality, and a canny Scotch lassie who can force from an operatic manager wails of anguish because of her close bargaining over a contract; in a word, a super-woman."

Mr. Huneker's most recent volume of essays is often marked by a disposition to make words do too much. Many of the essays represent work done for daily newspapers, and they were written by a man who was determined that his views of the world of music and letters should be not one whit less exciting than the story of the second half of the Harvard-Princeton football game or the latest turn of events in Russia. This is a virtue or a vice, as you choose. We incline to the former opinion. Mr. Huneker is thoroughly contentious throughout, but always interesting. He has done more careful and more finished work, but even when the marks of haste and effort are apparent there is also evidence of a nimble mind and a colorful eloquence.

We ought to add in regard to the criticisms of Mary Garden that what Mr. Huneker says about her performance as Jean in "The Juggler" is not to be disputed. It does not fit into our theory. Here, at least, there is tenderness, and sweetness, and imagination. We cannot account for it. We can only say that it is one of those things. The stage is full of accidents. For all we know Theda Bara might be able to play Peter Pan.

"Fire of youth," by Henry James Forman (Little-Brown), gives an early promise which seems to us unfulfilled. It begins as a novel of the second generation in the newspaper world. In this story of the career of the son of a country editor there is large promise. Mr. Forman traces with great skill the revolt which rises in the heart of the young man who has been assigned to follow in the footsteps of his father and become a small-town journalist. There is much that is telling in the manner in which the author traces for us the reaction of the country boy to Harvard, and New York, and love, and other large and eternal institutions. But then the story develops into something different. At the halfway point it turns from any study of character, except a somewhat conventional picture of remorse, and begins to be a novel of adventure and adventuresses. Perhaps our disappointment was keener than that of the average reader, for we have been longing for a first class novel of newspaper life, and for a time we thought that "Fire of Youth" might be it.

As an adventure story it is readable and entertaining, but not distinguished. It is no better and no worse than twenty novels which will be received this year. However, again we confess a bias. We are more enthralled by reporters than rubies.

Just before President Wilson sailed for Paris to attend the peace conference he was given a very few documents which General Churchill, head of the Intelligence Department of the United States Army, considered it essential that he should read. Among these was Dr. Gorlcar's book, "The Inside Story of Austro-German Intrigue," which is soon to be published by Doubleday, Page & Co. The book, then in manuscript, was given to Mr. Wilson aboard the George Washington.

A Passionate Book Of War Secrets

Some Angry Uncensored Accusations Under The Searchlight

BY G. H. MAIR

There have been war books by Mr. Philip Gibbs before, but his new book, "Realities of War," is of a very special kind, and I do not think any reviewer, blunted though his mind must be by reading the mass of books about the campaigns that have already appeared, will hesitate to say that this is far the best thing produced by any eye-witness, and that its superiority will be very difficult to challenge.

On the outside paper cover is a slip pasted with the words "At last the truth told fearlessly, free from censorship." The book is, in fact, a record of moods and opinions which have had free play in private conversation ever since first-hand information about the war came back to England, but which have not hitherto, except perhaps in the poems of Mr. Siegfried Sassoon, had any adequate expression in print.

As with Mr. Sassoon you feel that every word that Mr. Gibbs writes vibrates with a sense of horror at the continuous and unmitigated agony of the war. You know that also, as with Mr. Sassoon, a temperament, passionate to the verge of morbidity, is bound to be partial, to be unfair, and, just because it is under the sway of emotion, even though the emotion may be masking itself as reason, not always consistent.

But when you have made all these allowances, when you put the book down you are bound to say: "Here is something which is much more than the recollections of a war correspondent." It is a work of human vision and a work of art, to be placed with the few great books on fighting, like Tolstoy's "War and Peace," and not lower than that.

FEUD WITH 'THE STAFF'

One of the most tragic results of the war as it proceeded was the growing antagonism between the actual combatant troops, the infantry battalions, and the field artillery on the one hand, and the staff or what the staff is supposed to stand for, on the other. More and more as one met one's friends home wounded or on leave, the impression of a growing antagonism forced itself on one's mind.

I know one battalion commander who had himself been twice wounded and who, beginning as a Territorial private, rose to the rank of colonel and never missed an offensive, who was at pains to be openly and publicly rude to an extent, which it would be impossible to describe in print, to any staff officer whom he met when in London on leave. It was nearly impossible to take him to dinner at a restaurant or a club, in case some incident would arise.

This antagonism was encouraged to a certain extent by foolish regulations which appeared to put the staff in a different category from other people in the army.

Certain trains from Victoria and Charing Cross were staff trains, and a regimental officer could not travel on them without special permission. Certain boats were staff boats. There was the difference in uniform, which the French Army and the German wisely suppressed, but which in our case appeared to mark the staff officer off from his fellows, and there was the really shockingly unfair distribution of decorations, a matter about which most people feel much more concern than they are commonly willing to admit.

Above all was the over-mastering sense of exasperation on the part of men living in cold and wet and appalling and continuous danger, at their chance visitors from places far behind the line.

SIDES HOTLY WITH THE MEN

Mr. Gibbs has made himself the advocate of the regimental officer as against the staff officer, and there is no mistaking this statement:

This sense of bitterness became intense to the point of fury, so that a young staff officer, in his red tabs, with a jaunty manner, was like a red rag to a bull among battalion officers and men, and they desired his death exceedingly, exalting his little personality, dressed in a well-cut tunic and fawn-colored riding-breeches, and highly polished top boots, into the supreme folly of "The Staff," which made men attack impossible positions, sent down conflicting orders, issued a litter of documents—called by an ugly name—containing impracticable instructions to the torment of the adjutants and to the scorn of the troops.

This hatred of the staff was stoked high by the fires of passion and despair. Some of it was unjust, and even the jaunty young staff officer with red tabs and polished boots was often not quite such a fool as he looked, but a fellow who had proved his pluck in the early days of the war, and was now doing his duty—about equal to the work of a boy clerk—with real industry and an exaggerated sense of its importance.

What he fails to observe is that the regimental officer, whatever he felt about the staff, felt the same thing even more keenly about the war correspondents. Mr. Gibbs himself was, I know, personally liked; some of his colleagues were not. So were staff officers often personally liked, but for the institution of the war correspondent I do not hesitate to say that the regimental officer had a very much larger detestation than he had even for the staff.

Nor does Mr. Gibbs quite see that his poignant descriptions of the discomfort and strain endured by the correspondents read oddly beside his assumption that the staff men has an easy time. Both lived behind the line; both visited it at intervals, but I am sure that on reflection Mr. Gibbs will see that in all other respects, in bulk of work, in sense of responsibility and in issues hanging on success or failure there is no comparison between the two.

ANIMUS AGAINST G.H.Q.

For Mr. Gibbs, what mattered most was the distance that a man was placed from the front line. He is at pains to refer to Montreuil, Sir Douglas Haig's headquarters, as being near the coast, and it is in his description of that town and the life and work there that he seems to me to be most unfair in his book.

"An open sesame" by means of a special pass was needed to enter this city of beautiful nonsense. Below the gateway up the steep hillside sentries stood at a white post across the road, which lifted up on pulleys when the pass had been examined by a military policeman in a red cap.

Then the sentries slapped their hands on their rifles to the occupants of the motor car, sure that more staff officers were going in to perform those duties which no private soldier could attempt to understand, believing they belonged to such mysteries as those of God.

Through the narrow streets walked elderly generals, middle-aged colonels and majors, youthful subalterns, all wearing red hat bands, red tabs, and the blue and red armlet of "G.H.Q." so that color went with them on their way.

Often one saw the Commander-in-Chief starting for an afternoon ride, a fine figure nobly mounted, with two A.D.C.'s and an escort of Lancers. A pretty sight, with fluttering pennons on all their lances and horses groomed to the last hair. It was prettier than the real thing up on the salient or beyond the Somme, where dead bodies lay in upheaved earth among ruins and slaughtered trees.

War at Montreuil was quite a pleasant occupation for elderly generals who liked their little stroll after lunch, and for young regular officers released from the painful necessity of dying for their country who were glad to get a game of tennis down below the walls there after strenuous office work, in which they had written "passed by you" on many "minutes," or had drawn the most comical caricatures of their immediate chief on blotting pads and writing blocks.

BUT WHAT ARE FACTS?

I visited Montreuil several times, and more than once had the honor of staying for a night with one of the sections of the staff.

I carried away in my mind a very different picture—a picture of men under the continuous sense of strain, working, what to anyone accustomed to the study of business efficiency must have seemed, I think, grotesquely long hours, and, moreover, nearly all of them men who had given their full share, and some of them more than their full share, of the actual work of fighting.

When you arrived, perhaps before dinner, you sat down at table with the staff. An hour after the meal commenced the General, sitting at the head of the table, would rise and go back to his office. Each of the others would go off to their respective bureaux and, until midnight, they would be sitting there dealing with their papers, and if you were leaving next morning early to catch the boat, by eight o'clock or earlier, you would find the general sitting at his desk.

I think it ought to be realised, and I do not think that Mr. Gibbs entirely realises, that this complaint against the staff boils down to a complaint against that section of it which dealt with operations.

No one questions and Mr. Gibbs himself does not question, the amazing efficiency of the administrative departments. So far from being a city of beautiful nonsense, Montreuil was a city of efficient common-sense, and the despised gentleman with the red tabs sitting there, fed, clothed, and kept supplied with ammunition and hospital equipment a body of men as large as the total population of Manchester and Salford together.

The charge against these men amounts to the fact that they lived in safety, but it amounts to little more.

I have dealt at some length with this aspect of Mr. Gibbs's book because I think perhaps he has done an injustice to the administrative side of the army in his picture of the war, but, after all, his advocacy of the anti-staff prejudice is a small matter compared to the sterling and moving merit of his book.

It is a book the bulk of which is, perhaps, somewhat too painful and fascinating than can permit of continuous reading, and after a little while the reader feels he must stop and take breath, if only to give his emotional sense some repose.

It is a book which ought to be earnestly read by everyone who talks glibly about the next war, and in the whole propaganda for the League of Nations and international amity I know no more effective piece of work.

ONE GOOD THING

To be Thankful for To-Day.

There is one thing that thousands of people have to be thankful for in these harassing days, when money flies quicker than ever. Rheumatism used to be the lot of everyone over fifty. People thought there was no escape from this painful complaint; and, of course, younger people suffered from it too. Things are far better now in this respect.

Science has discovered that rheumatism is not brought on by damp and exposure alone. If your blood is free from rheumatic poison you can smile at wet weather or cold winds. For your blood will free itself from the acids which cause rheumatic pains, if it is itself good and abundant. But if your blood is impure it is unable to throw off the poisons of the disease, and then you feel the agonies of rheumatism in your muscles and joints. Dr. Williams' pink pills are the most direct treatment for rheumatism because they enrich and purify the blood so that it is able to do its work thoroughly.

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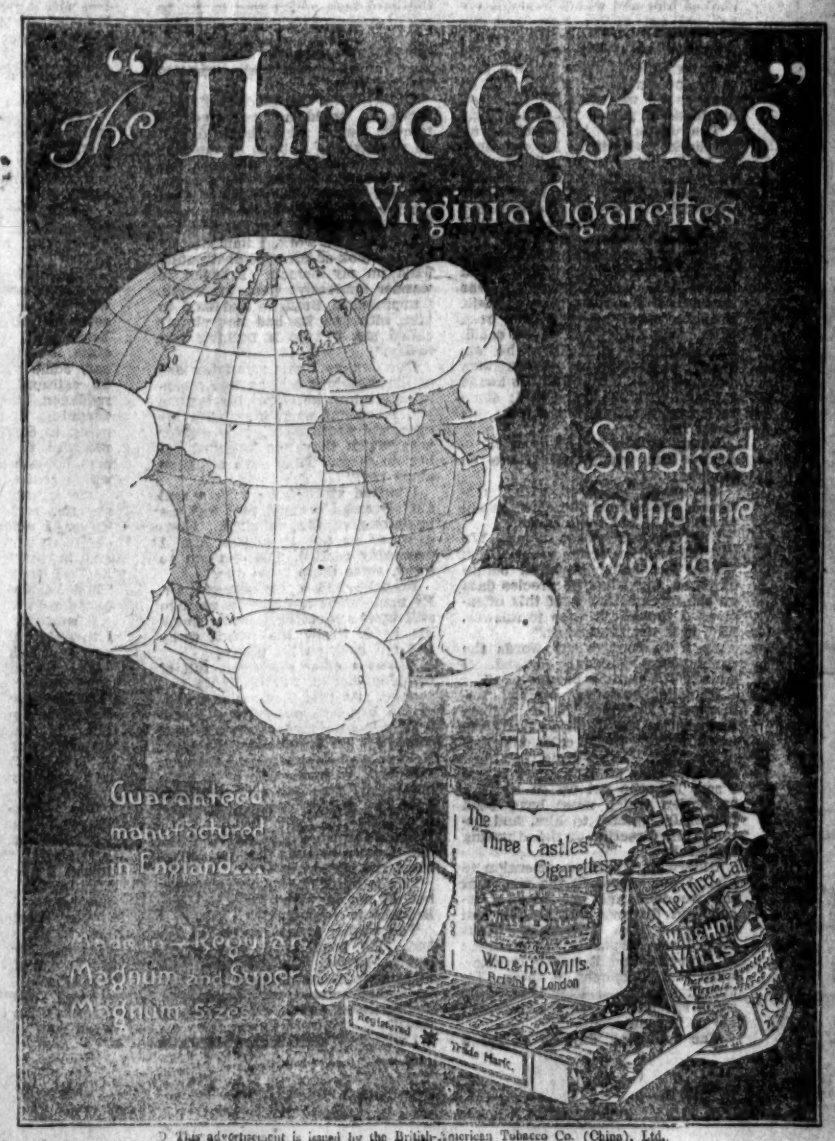

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.

The Story of *Branche Armand*—by Georges Duhamel

THE German retreat of March, 1917? Yes, perhaps one day we will know its true reasons. As to what I am about to relate, you are at liberty to laugh at it. On certain matters I have my opinion fixed, and if it is not like yours that is perfectly all right. For now, now everything suits me.

Branche Armand was wounded early in March by three machine gun bullets; one struck him on the breast, another broke his right leg and the third pierced his throat just below his Adam's apple.

He was brought to the hospital of Ressons-sur-Matz and put in bed in Barracks 11, which was my barracks. I did not in the first place pay much attention to him, for I was distributing the soup. When the time comes men must eat, must they not? I was hastening from bed to bed with my kettle of bouillon. In passing Branche Armand caught me by the leg and began to cough. I said to him, "Presently," and I hurried to fill up the dishes, because if one loses time the soup becomes cold, and it is not too good at that.

Between the soup and the meat I had a minute to spare. I went to see what the newcomer wanted. He made such efforts to speak that the blood filled his mouth and nose with red-colored froth. I requested him to be silent and passed him a short pencil and a piece of paper. With much difficulty he wrote, "Something to drink!"

I know the song. I answered, "No; not to-day! To-morrow only!" and I went away. That was all for that day.

Branche was a very courageous man. All through the night he asked nothing more. I slept in a spasmodic way, at the end of the barracks, on a stretcher, and I heard Branche's breathing. This respiration resembled a gurgling, or, rather, the foul March wind which attacked our unfortunate barracks. From time to time I uttered a "Hum! Hum!" with the impression that that would aid him somewhat and relieve his chest. Declare that it is ridiculous.

The next morning I had to sweep out the room, empty the vessels, distribute the coffee, as usual. During that time daybreak came, or, at least, the kind of light which penetrates through soaked oilcloth curtains eaten up with mould. Daylight, such as it was, came and discovered Branche to me. By reason of seeing many people I have the knack of knowing by an eyeglance, and I must tell you that I felt a real esteem for Branche, a real esteem, nothing more.

He was a rawboned, withered man, with pale cheeks and large eyes, which his sickness further enlarged and ravaged his face. There was something in the corners of his mouth—tender, humble, erring. This expression was so poignant, it interested so deeply the complexion of the face, that it appeared to me as of more remote date than the present suffering of Branche. I immediately got the impression that he must have been born with this sad, expressive face which I saw in him there, and, I tell you, I felt a real esteem for him.

I gave him a little to drink. It was quite an affair; he took a mouthful of lemonade which almost choked him and which immediately spurted out of his nose and the wound in his throat, making all kinds of messes and choppings. He became bluish, but he made a sign to me not to be frightened, and as soon as he was able he wrote on his piece of paper, "It is nothing."

The whole day he remained on his back, dreaming. He appeared to be listening to something, and, curious to say, as he remained motionless during his dressings, it was with his eyes that he appeared to be listening, interrogating the depths of invisible space.

Toward the evening there was a strong cannonading. The wind blew; the whole barracks was shaken as if with a nerve crisis. Branche, who had until then been calm, rose up as far as he could. Supported on his elbow he appeared to be listening with extreme and trembling attention. His hands fumbled with the bedspread; some red-colored saliva hung from his lower lip.

I came to him and in order to reassure him whispered, "Have no fear!"

He shook his head with impatience, and seizing the short pencil wrote, "It is not the attack?"

I did not know what to say. We had information of the great attack which was being prepared before our eyes, but I had no precise data on the circumstances of this offensive. I thought it wise to answer, "No, it is not the attack."

As if to confirm my words the cannonading suddenly ceased. I added, "It is a little barrier fire."

Branche, however, seemed tormented. He slept badly. From Ressons we heard quite clearly the machine guns in the calm darkness of the night. Every time that their noise tore the air like a new fabric I saw Branche get up on his cot, an action which must have been frightfully painful to him, and listen in the direction of the vibrating immensity.

Otherwise I paid no attention to him; I was versed in the modes of the wounded and the kind of incoherent distress which they feel on leaving the battlefield. However, I was struck at the manners of Branche, and it was only afterward that I thought of them. He appeared to expect, even fear, something specially, some sign intelligible to himself alone.

The following day he seized a newspaper which I had brought; he cast a quick glance at it, then let it fall with indifference. His condition was not good. He did not appear to be aware of it; only moderately was he disturbed about his health. All that he swallowed passed from him through the wound in his throat and made him cough cruelly, so we began to feed him with a tube, which they placed in his mouth and entered the stomach. It was a painful piece of work, which he bore patiently. At times, with a cold sweat on his forehead, the face pink from asphyxia, with a gesture he stopped the operator and began to listen. He heard I know not what. He listened to all the noises of the battle. As with the fright of suddenly hearing something taking place, he listened for an agreed signal, and it was only at such moments that he happened to display a little nervousness.

The esteem that I felt for him was mildly mingled with affection. Especially, it was from the curiosity that he then inspired in me, a curiosity which was not to be satisfied. Branche's wound made a mute of him. I guessed, besides, that even had he been able to speak he hardly would have shown himself more loquacious.

The month of March advanced mildly and Branche's condition became grave. Every day he cast an ardent glance at the newspaper, a glance immediately darkened, deadened. Then for the remainder of the day he sank into a great, wide-awake solitude, from which alone the noises from the line succeeded in withdrawing him.

He had rapidly become excessively thin; his face, in appearance a skeleton, had something grave-like. But his eyes lighted up all that with a candid and vigilant flame, eyes which wished to tell us nothing of their anxiety and care.

Often I would go to Branche and ask him, "Do you wish this, do you wish that?" Generally I had to put these questions to him several times before he manifested any readiness to answer. Sometimes, when I urged him cordially, he would search while groping for the newspaper, and wrote in pencil on the margin, "Where is their attack? Are they attacking?"

It was always that or something like it. I answered nothing, because I knew nothing. At other times I reported vague rumors. I would say, "The attack is going to be decided. Make nothing of it, it will be all right. They are bringing tanks and large guns."

Branche listened with a dejected and hopeless air, which was incomprehensible to me. Once, as I spoke to him of the great masses of munitions laid down in the sector, he became excited, sought his newspaper, did not find it, coughed, sent all sorts of bloody postillions, and with a breath which issued half through his wound, half through his lips, uttered something like, "It must not be! It must not be. I told them."

That was all. Branche fell back into an anguished calm and I thought really that he would die without saying anything more.

Some days yet passed. The attack, in fact, was being prepared and announced as powerful. We had been given assignments and orders; from day to day we awaited the hard task which was to fall to our hands. Ten sausage-shaped balloons had installed themselves in the forests around us and peopled the sky with their attentive distrust.

Branche, in the shadow of Barracks 11, could not perceive the tumult; but it might be said that he guessed it. A little of the general excitement entered even his little cot; his distress was increased by it. Every time that, coming indoors, I began to water the plants which flourished in our hut and other work, I immediately felt the look of Branche obstinately fixed on my person. I began to wander aimlessly; then, at length, I approached Branche and said to him, although he had not plainly called me, "There is nothing new to-day."

One day, as I was arranging one of his dressings and he was moaning quite low, he seized his famous pencil, sought something with his eyes, and wrote on the very plaster with which they had wrapped his broken thigh, "They have not gone away yet?"

I looked at Branche with a real anxiety and I thought that was the beginning of the delirium. However, so as not to oppose him, I peaceably replied, "No one can go away, since there is no one."

Branche had a discouraged air. He made some movements as if to still write something, then he shook his head, threw his pencil away and fell back on his pillow.

It was a clear afternoon, full of troubled clouds, full of lights and squalls. At this moment the door of the barracks opened and I saw a plain-looking man enter, who half closed his eyes because of the dark. He was an infantry man, helmeted, strapped, with the air of a little village artisan. He uncovered his head and asked, "Branche Armand is here?"

Branche turned his head slightly, and I saw, indeed, that he recognized the visitor.

"He is here," I said. "Approach, but do not stay too long, because Branche is very tired."

The soldier came as far as the bed. He bent down very attentively, looked at Branche, who must have changed much in a few days, then he said, with a slow and embarrassed voice, "How do you feel?"

I withdrew aside somewhat while watching the scene. Branche shook his shoulders a little and began to cough. He looked steadily at his comrade with lucidity, as someone who would like to know certain things and dared ask nothing.

"Yes," the other replied, "I see that you cannot speak. But that is nothing; you have but not to speak." There was a rather long silence. The two men looked at each other. At this moment I saw that, in spite of his rustic gait, the newcomer had a curious face, long, clean shaved, like that of the Bretons or the Basques. With head uncovered he remained before the bed with a pious and placid gravity. From time to time he shook his shoulders and with the palm of his hand gave a friendly little tap on the dying man's hand. He opened his mouth, appeared to hesitate, and whispered:

"They said, up there, that you were an oddity, according to the story, but I"——

He bent down a little more and went on with an affectionate sweetness:

"I—I know that you are not an oddity, but that you are a type—yes, a type of which there are not many."

Branche looked at the man with an eye moistened, it seemed to me, with a tear, the first that I had seen him shed. Then the visitor bent down and said, quite low, quite low, in the wounded man's ear, some words which produced an extraordinary effect. Branche reddened, had a frenzied attack of coughing, and I believed he was going to expire. Gradually things returned to order, and the dying man became absorbed in a silence which seemed like blessedness.

The infantryman, who still looked at him, said quite loud, "I must leave. I must return up there. I shall come back." He bent down and in the most natural manner kissed Branche on the cheeks. Then he went away, endeavoring to walk on his tiptoes.

It was the hour when, ordinarily, I turned over my duties to a comrade. I followed the visitor and caught up with him at some steps from the barracks.

"Is it acceptable to you that I accompany you a little?" I said to him. "I would like to speak to you about Branche."

"It is you," he said, "who attends and cares for Branche Armand?"

"Yes," I replied, "it is I."

We walked a moment, and, as the good man uttered not a word, I decided suddenly to ask him:

"What is the matter with your friend Branche? What has that man got? His condition is not natural."

"No, surely," the man said to me, "it is not natural. Because that man you see over there they say is a fool, but I say that he is not a fool. He is perhaps, indeed, a saint. We know not. He gives me more the effect of a saint than I tell you."

"Opening the newspaper before him I exclaimed: 'Do you see? Can you read what it says?'"

We were walking along the old railroad from Roye, over which no train any longer passed. My companion looked at me as if to assure himself of whom I was. His open and clear look entered deeply into my soul. Then, reassured by this test, he began to walk and commenced:

"I am willing to tell you Branche's history, although it is one of those stories not suitable to relate. However, that amounts to nothing; since you nurse him, it is better to tell you what I know.

"Branche, you know, has not been with us for any length of time. He came from the divisional depot not more than a month ago. It was from the interior he came, almost directly. He had enlisted, and he had had enough misfortune to cause him to do so, for, you have seen him, he is not a trifler. He had enlisted, and I have an idea that it was specially to do what he has just done.

"Branche arrived at the battalion quarters with a little reinforcement. That was the time when we were making the couriers' trenches, the evacuation trenches for the wounded, and every species of labor, painful labor, I assure you, for a man who is not well built physically, like Branche, who is weakly.

"Immediately he pleased me. Immediately he became acceptable. It is not that he is a great talker; he said nothing, or almost nothing. But he had a head which attracted me, a small, courageous and sympathetic head. You cannot understand that, because such as you see him at this hour he is headless, yes, very headless, not recognizable.

"I cannot tell you all. I would like only to tell you what is necessary. Well, then, Branche began to speak to me for the first time about his truck in the little ravine of Gury. There it was we were at work with the engineers, in connection with the protected huts of the officers. They buried there wood, beautiful wood, wherewith many houses could be built. A true fortune, at the price it is, the beautiful wood. And we carried poles—for the telephone communications. The little ravine, quite deep, descends from the church, which we had blown up ourselves, in connection with the starting point, it appears.

"I tell you, we were walking in the ravine, and, behold, suddenly Branche, who puts down his pole and says, 'The attack! the attack! No; it is not possible!'

"It is necessary, indeed, to put the idea in your head that that Branche there is good! Good as the wheat. Always ready to engage himself in relieving his neighbor. But that is a thing aside. Then he puts down his pole and he says, 'The attack! It is impossible!'

"I reply, 'It is possible. It is quite possible. You will see that!'

"He takes up his pole again and repeats, 'I tell you it is not possible.'

"He said nothing more about it that time, but some days after I saw, indeed, that the fit was going to reattack him. I mention expressly that to show you that it was a kind of malady which he was nursing. One day, therefore, we were in the trench which starts from Plessier, following the route, you know, the route which goes from the Lassigny side. We had arranged one of those cantonment cabins half buried, we had arranged it in the manner of a blinded trench, and Branche put earth in the sacks. He took the earth in his hands and pressed it in the sack, heaping it up.

"I saw only his back, but his actions did not seem to me natural. He had the appearance of being carried away, possessed, out of his senses. He, so calm ordinarily, made extraordinary gestures. Then I approached him and I heard him mutter between his teeth, like that, shaking the sack by the mouth:

"'It will be necessary! Oh, it will be necessary!'

"I said, immediately, aloud, 'What will be necessary?'

"Branche turns around, looks at me and smiles—a beautiful smile which I did not really understand, sir, but which warmed my heart. He turns around, and with a mild voice replies, 'It will be necessary to say the things that no one has hitherto said.'

"Thereupon he took the sack in his arms like a baby and left.

"That day I understood that Branche was not a man like others; I have even thought, as they all do now, that he was a little foolish. But, in spite of all, he pleased me much.

"Early in March we returned to the line. We were occupying the trench I was speaking to you about just now. This time we knew the attack would no longer be delayed.

"One morning the adjutant made us leave to defend the whole trench. It was a trial, nothing serious. The adjutant passed, he took notes, he scolded a little, here, there. I was beside Brance, standing in front of the banquette. Facing us there were a series of degrees in the ground, and at the edge of the trench a little high ground, a parapet. The trees bordering the road had remained almost upright. They were apple trees. Their roots had to be cut on one side when we had dug in. There was a large one of them which spread out from a stump, quite fresh, quite humid, before me.

"That was what I was looking at, when suddenly I see Branche rush to the banquette, and thence across the ground. In a second he was on the raised mound. His shoes sank in the soil; I saw them while raising my head.

"I uttered a yell, which was perhaps, indeed, an oath. Branche turned round, put his fingers on his lips, and made a step forward. A great anguish seized my heart. I leaped on the banquette and caught hold of Branche by a leg. He disengaged himself and made another step. I could no longer touch him. The ordinary men who were in the trench looked at that with wild eyes. They were about to yell, but Branche spoke.

"I have a very keen recollection of that moment. I clung to the roots of the apple trees. I had an open view of the plain. It was a beautiful morning, transparent, clear, one of those mornings when we see a magpie in a poplar tree at a thousand yards. Branche had the rising sun on his left; he was, as it were, gilded with it. Before him there were iron nettings, wires in the great dead grass, and, a little further away, not very far, the parapets of the German trench.

"Then Branche put his hands joined in front of his mouth, and began to exclaim. His voice was coarse, coarse; it fell in the glittering space of the morning like a small stone in a deep lake. He exclaimed.

"'You! You over there! Listen! You are not at home. What are you doing here? You have been deceived! Go away from here and all will be ended. Go away from here and we shall live in peace all together. You will be happy, and we, also!'

"I was stupefied. I truly believe I was desperate. I dared no longer say anything, but I felt my heart torn. I can assure you, we heard almost nothing of what Branche said. In an apple tree there was a little Winter bird which, itself alone, made more noise than the man. Branche had made another step forward, and, swelling his voice, he repeated:

"'They have deceived you! Go away from here and all will be ended!'

"At that moment, in the trench, the strong voice of the adjutant resounded. He howled, 'Branche! Armand! Branche! Come down, I tell you! Good God, come down!'

"He said no more, for Branche had just fallen. Top, top. Top, top, top. In the quite fresh silence we perceived the crackling of a mitrailleuse like a motor which is out of order.

"Branche fell backward. I had only to put out my arm to catch hold of his overcoat. A second afterward he was lying on the banquette, his thigh broken, a hole in the right breast, and his neck full of blood. He looked at me with a grave, enlarged eye. He had the appearance of a man who has nothing more to say, and who will never have anything more to say."

My companion walked on some short distance in silence. Then he stopped, seized with his fingers a button of my blouse, and shook me with all his strength.

"You believe you know the rest, eh? Well, you know nothing yet. Your face reveals it to me. I must tell you.

"Branche was sent away. Branche is going to die. That is understood. It is ended with Branche Armand. But there took place something that we shall soon know.

"You hear the cannonading? That has been powerful for some time. It is the attack, the famous attack!

"Listen, sir. I went on patrol with two comrades last night. I went to the German trench and much farther. I saw the shelters, and still many other affairs. I am a living man, you can easily see, very much alive. That is because the Germans have gone. Do you hear? I do not know where they are, but there is no one facing us in the first lines. At this moment we are sending thousands of shells on empty trenches. Behold, they have gone away! They have left. And that all France will know tomorrow."

The man took out his watch and caught my fingers.

"Good-by," he added. "That is all. What I have told you there I have related to Branche just now, whispering in his ear. Good-by."

And I returned all alone, following the railroad. I counted the crossties of the road—thirty-six, thirty-seven. I was so preoccupied that I obstinately made just one step between the crossties. That gave me a ridiculous gait. I did not care about that. I had my helmet in my hand, so much did I feel my head boiling, and I was repeating, in the disordered rhythm of my steps, "It is not possible, my God! It is not possible!"

Upon entering the barracks I at once perceived Branche. He was of a supernatural pallor. His eyes were closed. His breast raised with effort; a rifling death rattle escaped from his throat, from his wounded throat, which was never again going to produce words.

All night the guns roared. Some wounded arrived, but they were few, and they all told stories which we dared neither believe nor repeat.

In the morning we had a great surprise. The flock of sausage balloons had sailed forward. We saw them far off, carried all in the wind like ships in the current of a river. Miraculous rumors began to circulate in the hospital. A fear, which seemed like hope, shook the men and the building.

Branche was entering the last agony. There was nothing alive in him only his frightful respiration and a look, a look so touching, so tender, that it appeared to me then that if God exists He must have that look.

Toward noon Branche lost consciousness. Some minutes later I heard cries in the alley which extends along the barracks. The newspapers had just come. I ran outside and seized on the fly one of the half pages. There was, written in large type: "The German Retreat to the North of Lassigny."

I return to Branche's bed. He was not dead. In order to reanimate him I did all that could be done, all that men know how to do.

He opened his eyes, and once more showed me his beautiful look. Then, with two hands, I displayed in front of him the newspaper in which the marvellous phrase was printed, and I said, I exclaimed:

"Do you see? Can you see? Can you read?"

With his head he said "Yes." His smile, especially, was so happy, so confident, that I could hardly keep back my tears.

I no longer know what I did then. All that may, besides, appear to you perfectly absurd. I recall only that when Branche expired I had taken his two hands in mine and I said to him:

"Thanks! Thanks!"

* * * * * *

Say nothing more to me. No longer speak to me of Branche. What I have tried to explain to you is nothing. And yet I cannot tell you all the things which shook my heart while with the army. I went toward the north, across the plain of Lassigny, across the martyred plain where the cut-down apple trees blossomed, sir, blossomed on the ground, as if, in place of nothing, they had had before them a whole eternity of love.

Business and Official - - Notices - -

(Second Section)

The China Press
大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANHAI, THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1920

NOTICE

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT FOR CHINA

Captain Axel Raab vs. The American Barque Chin Pu, her tackle, apparel and furniture. } IN ADMIRALTY

Whereas a libel has been filed in the United States Court for China on the 26th day of April, 1920 by Captain Axel Raab against the American Barque "Chin Pu," her tackle, apparel and furniture alleging in substance that he was appointed in command of the "Chin Pu" June 19, 1919 at a fixed salary and shortly after that date took command of said ship and crew; that there is now due him as wages for services rendered, the sum of $1,456.04 U. S. Currency; That there is a further sum of $498.94 Mexican due him representing balance of wages due and owing to the crew of the "Chin Pu"; and praying for the recovery of the above sums set forth and that the said barque, her tackle, apparel and furniture may be condemned and sold to pay such wages with costs, charges and expenses:

Now therefore in pursuant of the sanction under seal of the said ship, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said ship, her tackle, apparel and furniture, or in any manner interested therein that they be and appear before the said United States Court for China on the 21st day of May, 1920 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

N. E. LURTON.
United States Marshal for China.

Dated April 28, 1920. 29256.

In His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China at Shanghai

In The Matter Of The Companies Ordinances Hongkong and In The Matter Of The Shanghai Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition for the winding up of the above named Company subject to the supervision of His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China at Shanghai was, on the 28th day of April, 1920, presented to the said Court by Frederick James Burrett of No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai. And that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Judge of this Court on Friday, the 7th day of May, 1920; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to support or oppose the making of an order on the said Petition may appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose: and a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the customary charge for the same.

HANSON, McNEILL, JONES & WRIGHT
Solicitors for the Petitioner.

NOTE.—Any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said Petition must serve on or send by post to the above-named, notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person, or, if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm, of his or their solicitor (if any), and must be served, or if posted must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the above-named not later than six o'clock in the afternoon of the 6th day of May, 1920.

29262.

The Shanghai Life Insurance Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE:—
Telephone Building, Shanghai.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifteenth Annual General Meeting of The Shanghai Life Insurance Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's Offices, Telephone Building, Shanghai, on Wednesday, 12th May, 1920 at 4.30 p.m.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 28th April to 12th May both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
ARTHUR J. ISRAEL,
Secretary.

29245.

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

1st May, 1920, (Saturday)
Postponed from 24th April, 1920

First Saddling Bell at 1.30 p.m. Sharp.

MEMBERS and OWNERS are requested to wear their respective Badges.

ENTRANCE TICKETS:—$1.00 each, obtainable at the Gate.

SPECIAL TRAINS:—11.50 a.m., 12.40 p.m. and 1.15 p.m.

SPECIAL CAR SERVICE:—Motor Cars will leave the Central Garage Co., No. 2a, Jinkee Road, every minute from noon.

TIFFINS and REFRESHMENTS will be served at the Race Course.

By Order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.

29254.

The International Recreation Club

THE ITALIAN AIR SQUADRON.
(Rome-Tokio Flight)

THE PUBLIC is admitted to the Kiangwan Course by Tickets at $1.00 each, which are good for days of Landing, Exhibition Flights and Departure of the Aeroplanes.

Tickets are now available at the Club House and at the Kiangwan Course.

MEMBERS OF I. R. C. are admitted to the Grounds by their Member's Badges only.

By order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.

29225.

Whangpoo Conservancy Board

Notification No. 98.

Tender for Old Iron and Steel

Tenders are hereby invited for the purchase of about five tons *old iron and steel* from the Conservancy Work Yard at Chang Wah Pang.

The material can be inspected in the Yard upon application to the Board's Mechanical Superintendent or Storekeeper.

Tenders stating price per ton, in sealed covers, marked "Tenders for old iron and steel" and addressed to the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, 6 Kiukiang Road, should be sent in on or before noon, May 6th, 1920.

Herbert Chatley
Acting Engineer-in-Chief.

Shanghai, 27th April, 1920.

29253.

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

The Foreign Exchange Bankers who are members of the above Association, will open at 9 a.m. and close at 11 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 3rd, 4th and 5th May, on account of the Spring Race Meeting. 29247.

HOUSEWIVES

We have some of the articles for which you have long waited.

Utility Haircutters
Knife Sharpeners
Knife Cleaners
Weather Cards,
Lee's Priceless Recipes
Youman's Household Guide
Liquid Glue (the handy kind).

For sale in Shanghai only by

LIENGYI MERCANTILE CO.,

Corner Szechuan & Soochow Roads.

'Phone Central 2683.

29198

Dr. OKS, M.D.

SPECIALIST
for Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Diseases.
9-11 a.m. and 1-4 p.m.
3 Kiukiang Rd. Tel. C.1801
28917

HEIDSIECK'S
MONOPOLE
(RED TOP)
THE CHAMPAGNE MOST FAVOURED
THE MOST FAVOURED CHAMPAGNE
THE BEST-KNOWN CHAMPAGNE IN THE WORLD
IS
HEIDSIECK'S
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(RED TOP)
GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
China, Japan, Korea, Formosa Etc.

NAAMLOOZE VENOOTSCHAP

Maatschappij Tot Mijn-Bosch-En Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting will be held in the Offices of the Company, Tandjong Poera, Lower Langkat, Sumatra, at 10 a.m. on Thursday, 29th April, 1920.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN.
General Agents

Shanghai, 6th March, 1920.

28274

SELLING OFF

Children's Boots and Shoes all sizes	$2.95
Gent's Boots	5.95
Ladies' Boots	6.25
Ladies' Shoes	4.00

Also a consignment of
Men's High Class Hosiery
to be sold by the dozen at wholesale price.

THE LION FOOTWEAR MANUFACTURER,
No. 23 Nanking Road,
(in the premises of I. Cantorovitch)
29213

NOTICE

The offices of the Associated Mission Treasurers, 9 Hankow Road, will be closed on April 28th and 29th, and will re-open at their new premises, 20 Museum Road, on April 30th.

29229

Shanghai Race Club

Spring Race Meeting, 1920.

MONDAY, 3rd May
TUESDAY, 4th May
WEDNESDAY, 5th May
First Saddling Bell each Day at 11.30 a.m. prompt
and
SATURDAY, 8th May
First Saddling Bell at 1.15 p.m. prompt.

Members and their wives and Daughters who may require new Badges are asked to notify the Undersigned without delay.

Grand stand tickets giving admission to the members' enclosure, grand stand and members' parimutuels may be obtained on application to the undersigned.
(FOR THE 4 DAYS)
Price .....$10 each for Gentlemen
Price .....$ 5 each for Ladies.
Single Day Grand Stand Tickets
Price .....$3 each

Badges giving admission to the unreserved part of the enclosure may be obtained from Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., or at the gate.

PRICES.
Badges for the 4 days ....$6 each
Single day badges .....$2 each

Tiffins, Teas and Represhments will be obtainable at the Course.
For members and grand stand ticket holders, in the coffee room.
For the public, in the public refreshment room.

The tiffin interval on each of the first three days will be after the third race.
The first saddling bell after tiffin will be rung at 2 p.m. prompt.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN, Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.

29167

FOR AMERICAN, BRITISH AND CHINESE,
METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES
PHONE OR WRITE TO
W. Z. ZEE & SONS
(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895)
SHANGHAI

AT
22
NANKING ROAD

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT.
OFFICE FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER.
ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

Stewart V-RAY SEARCHLIGHT
A Real Searchlight for Every Car
It is designed with scientific accuracy to project an intense, piercing "searchlight" beam.
Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

NOTICE

We have today authorised our Mr. J. J. KIENHUIZE to sign for our Firm per procuration.

ZYLSTRA & CO. TRADING COMPANY
No. 17 The Bund.

28th April, 1920. 29252

SHANGHAI - NANKING RAILWAY

Special Express Excursion Each Sunday During May, 1920.

Shanghai North	dep. 8.15 a.m.	Soochow	dep. 16.15 p.m
Henli	arr. 9.18 a.m.	Kunshan	dep. 17.03 p.m.
Kunshan	arr. 9.26 a.m.	Henli	dep. 17.10 p.m.
Soochow	arr. 10.18 a.m.	Shanghai North	arr. 18.25 p.m.

Return Fares.	1st class	2nd class	3rd class
Shanghai North-Henli	$3.60	$1.80	$0.90
Shanghai North-Kunshan	3.60	1.80	0.90
Shanghai North-Soochow	4.50	2.25	—

29172 BY ORDER, THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

PROFESSIONAL

LESSONS in French given by a qualified French gentleman. New easy method. Apply to Box 671, THE CHINA PRESS.

H. TENG, 125 Cunningham Road, teaches Mandarin, Shanghai dialect, abacus, typewriting, shorthand (new system). He undertakes translation and arithmetical work too. 29222 A. 29.

ENGLISH LESSONS given by lady, moderate terms. Apply to Box 647, THE CHINA PRESS. 29197 A. 29

A French lady of long experience desires to give lessons in French. Please apply to Box 166, THE CHINA PRESS. 29156 A. 30

OFFICE, ETC., WANTED

WANTED to rent, suite of three rooms, suitable for offices, in the central district, long lease. State rent and location to Box 661, THE CHINA PRESS. 29235 A. 30.

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED by American bachelor, comfortable room with board, central or western district, preferably with American or French family. Apply to Box 664, THE CHINA PRESS. 29248 M.1.

TWO gentlemen (American) desire two or three room apartment and bath. Must be comfortably furnished and clean. Apply to Box 625, THE CHINA PRESS. 29149 M. 1

SITUATIONS WANTED

AMERICAN, twenty-six, desires new connection Shanghai or outport. At present manager of American import company. Thorough accountant, experienced organizer and executive. Apply to Box 668, THE CHINA PRESS. 29259 M.1.

SCANDINAVIAN Engineer, well up in all departments, who has passed extra, first-class examination and holds chief certificate, seeks position from June 15th. No objection to outport. Apply to Bx 609, THE CHINA PRESS. 29119

STENO-TYPIST, knowledge of general office routine, desires position; open for engagement, immediately. Apply to Box 663, THE CHINA PRESS. 29237 A. 29.

POSITION Wanted by experienced lady steno-typist at present employed. Thoroughly efficient and accurate. Apply to Box 657, THE CHINA PRESS. 29220 A. 30.

A MATURE, well-educated, intelligent woman, with small son to support, wishes office position, where thoroughly earnest hard work and close-mouthed reliability will be of value. Some office experience, references. State nature of work and salary. Apply to Box 658, THE CHINA PRESS. 29221 A. 30.

EXPERIENCED stenographer (American) desires position April 1st. Apply to Box 656, THE CHINA PRESS. 29223 M. 4.

YOUNG lady, no office experience, seeks position as typist. Apply Charity League, 20 North Honan Road Extension. 29183 A. 29

WANTED by young Englishman, at present employed in Hongkong, position in Shanghai, preferably in insurance offices. Previous experience in England and in the East. Apply to Box 639, THE CHINA PRESS. 29185 M. 2

MERCANTILE assistant, speaking seven languages, seeks position import or export firm. Good references. Apply Charity League, 20 North Honan Road Extension. 29183 A. 29.

SWEDE, aged 58, seeks position as godown-keeper, foreman or overseer. Apply Charity League, 20 North Honan Road Extension. 29183 A. 29

AMERICAN, of executive ability, wants position May first. Anything that will bring financial returns. Apply to Box 641, THE CHINA PRESS. 29190 A. 29

WANTED: energetic and English-speaking Chinese, having ten years' experience in business, with extensive experience in commercial travelling, translation, advertising, bookkeeping and general office routine, seeks position. A1. class references. No objection to outport. Apply to Box 644, THE CHINA PRESS. 29195 M. 1

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 30 Kinnear Road, five-roomed house with large lawn and vegetable garden, gas and electric light, fixtures installed, garage if desired. Apply 36 Carter Road; phone West 275. 29263 M.1.

COMFORTABLE house, newly renovated, consisting of five rooms, bathroom, kitchen and room for servants. Rental per month $40. Only fixtures, fittings and lease to be taken over. Can be seen from 2 to 5 p.m., No. 2 Dent Lane. 29216 A. 30.

TO LET, eight-roomed, completely furnished, detached house in the western district, with garden, tennis courts, stabling, garage, etc. Furniture and fittings to be taken over at a very moderate price. Available end of June. Apply to Box 649, THE CHINA PRESS. 29200 A. 29

FOR RENT, large comfortable house, eastern district, southern exposure, large garden, tennis court, garage, etc. Apply to China Investment & Trading Co., Inc., 6 Kiukiang Road. 29143 A.29.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens
Board - Residence
Apply Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET with board from May 1, in Bubbling Well district large, comfortably furnished room and bathroom, suitable for two bachelors or single occupant. All modern comforts, telephone, tennis, garage and stabling. Apply to Box No. 571, THE CHINA PRESS.

Pension de famille
gives board and lodging, or only board if required. Apply to 380-381 Avenue Joffre from 9 to 1 o'clock.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road
ONE large room, facing garden, also one small room, hot water, with bath attached. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102. 29162

TO LET, with Board, comfortably furnished room. Apply 3 Young Allen Terrace.

TO LET, with board, comfortable well-furnished rooms, 78 Bubbling Well Road, telephone West 1473. 29249 M.6.

TO LET, unfurnished flat, four large rooms, spacious hall, kitchen and bath. Telephone and tennis court. Western district. Apply to Box 670, THE CHINA PRESS. 29261 M.2.

TO LET, large, bright room with separate modern bath, board optional, suitable for married couple or bachelors. Tennis lawn; western district. Apply to Box 659, THE CHINA PRESS. 29232 M. 4.

TO LET, two furnished rooms with board, at No. 103 Bubbling Well Road. Apply at premises, or phone West 805. 29188 A. 29

TO LET, for couple or two bachelors, a large well-furnished room, with bathroom attached, in central district. Good cuisine. Apply to Box 643, THE CHINA PRESS. 29193 M. 1

TO LET, on Range Road, second-floor, a furnished room with bath attached; fourth floor, furnished attic. Apply to Box 648, THE CHINA PRESS. 29159

FURNISHED room to let on North Szechuen Road, between Haining and Range Road, with or without board. Apply to Box 629, THE CHINA PRESS. 29168 M. 1

MISCELLANEOUS

TO LET for the season, a tennis lawn, corner of Tienfoong and Jessfield Roads. Apply to Box 666, THE CHINA PRESS. 29251 M.5.

WANTED, passage on Canadian Pacific Steamer "Empress of Russia" to Vancouver. Gentleman and wife holding berth accommodation will pay a liberal premium in exchange for cabin for two. For full information, see Manager, Philippine National Bank. 29233 M. 8.

A NEW live-wire concern of San Francisco, general purchasing agents, brokerage and commission, wants to get in touch with business interests in Far East. Address A. L. Faulkner for interview, Astor House. 29201 M. 2

WANTED, site suitable for factory; 5 to 10 mow, with water transportation. Preferably within radius Municipal power service. Write full details with price for cash, "NATIONAL," Banque Industrielle, Shanghai. 29146 A.29.

HOUSES WANTED

HOUSE WANTED: Wanted for early occupancy, a furnished house, four to eight rooms, for the summer months. French concession preferred. Reply stating rent demanded to Box No. 660, THE CHINA PRESS. 29225 A. 30.

SITUATIONS VACANT

LEARN MORE—EARN MORE. Don't waste time regretting lack of training. Make up for deficiency by studying in your spare time. The I.C.S. will provide you with thorough training in Mathematics, Preparatory and High School subjects, General English subjects, etc. Ask us to send you Catalog. Office 15a, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

WANTED, steno-typist and office assistant for British steamship company. Apply to Box 667, THE CHINA PRESS. 29258 M.2

SIGN PAINTER: Artist painter wanted for large signs in Shanghai; can obtain good wages. Apply to Box 653, THE CHINA PRESS. 29212 A. 29.

WANTED, man with experience in China export business, capable of taking charge of department. American preferred. State experience, salary and references. Apply to Box 646, THE CHINA PRESS. 29196 A. 29

WANTED, accountant to take entire charge of accounts; American preferred. If you are not a thorough accountant do not apply. Excellent opportunity. Apply to Box 642, THE CHINA PRESS. 29191 A. 29

WANTED by large American corporation, Chinese boy stenographer; must be able to take dictation. State experience, references and salary. Apply to Box 645, THE CHINA PRESS. 29196 A. 29

WANTED, by large American firm, the services of a competent stenographer. No beginner need apply. Apply to Box 615, THE CHINA PRESS. 29125

MARINERS—WANTED you to know that you can qualify for promotion with I.C.S. training. Many officers in Far East qualified for examinations through I.C.S. Courses in Navigation, Marine Engineering, Marine Gas Engineering, Surveying, etc. Frequent change of address no obstacle. We teach wherever the mails reach. Write for Catalog. Office 15a, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

EXCHANGE AND MART

RARE STAMPS. Don't miss the auction at Moore's, 45 Kiangse Road, on Saturday, 1st May at 2.30 p.m. Single/ rarities, lots, collections etc. Stamps now on view and catalogue ready. 29257 M.1.

FOR SALE, slightly used automobiles: One Pierce-Arrow, seven-passengers limousine; one Winton, seven-passengers limousine; one Oakland, six-passenger town car; one Fiat, five-passenger touring car. All in perfect condition. For full particulars, apply to Albert Hashim, 13 Kiukiang Road. 72922 M. 8.

WANTED at once, two or four h.p., second-hand gas engine. State lowest price and make to Box 662, THE CHINA PRESS. 29236 A. 30.

COACH HORN: Long old-fashioned coach horn for sale. Apply to Box 652, THE CHINA PRESS. 29212 A. 29.

EUROPEAN-MADE cornet; new cornet, recently purchased from Moutrie's and not used, for sale at reduced price. Apply to Box 654, THE CHINA PRESS. 29212 A. 29.

FOR SALE, as a going concern, one of the leading Parisian ladies' stores. Good investment. For particulars, please apply to Box 633, THE CHINA PRESS. 29175 M. 1

WANTED second-hand course in Pelmanism, price must be reasonable. Apply to Box 565, THE CHINA PRESS. 29016 A. 29

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Kiang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	New York	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Peking	Tavoy
Hankow	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Yokohama	Tientsin
Iloilo		

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabes."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T. Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG.
Manager

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000
Silver $23,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Odkins, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
A. O. Lang, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STAMP.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Marseilles	Tsingtao
Harbin	Nagasaki	Vladivostock
Iloilo	New York	Yokohama
	Peking	

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT,
Acting Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	**Kup. Tls.**
.....	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
(Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
S. JASTRZEMBSKI.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital .. $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,208,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,503,933.08

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital .. Fr. 50,000,000
Reserves ..... Fr. 12,027,956

Head office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Paris Office: 12 Place de la Bourse
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital subscribed: £1,000,000
Capital paid up £850,000

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $91,847.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.
Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold, Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.
Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

OWNED BY
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.
Capital, Surplus, and Undivided Profits over U.S. $10,000,000.
Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
*422 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines	
Shanghai	Manila	
Peking	Cebu	
Tientsin		
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements	
Hankow	Singapore	
Hongkong		
Canton	Dominican Republic	
Manchuria	Santo Domingo	
Harbin		
India	San Pedro de Macoris	
Bombay		
Calcutta	Sanchez	
Rangoon		
Japan	Santiago	
Yokohama		
Kobe	Puerto Plata	
Java		
Batavia	Panama	
Soerabaya	Panama	
	Colon	

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Uruguay
Buenos Aires	Montevideo
Once	
(Buenos Ayres)	Venezuela
Rosario	Caracas
Belgium	Maracaibo
Antwerp	
Brussels	Siberia
	Vladivostok
Spain	
Madrid	Italy
Barcelona	Genoa
Brazil	
Bahia	Porto Rico
Pernambuco	San Juar
Porto Alegre	
Rio de Janeiro	Colombia
Santos	Medellin
Sao Paulo	
	Russia
Chile	Moscow
Santiago	Petrograd
Valparaiso	
	South Africa
Ponce	Cape Town
Porto Rico	
	Trinidad
	Port of Spain

Branches in Havana and 21 of the principal cities of Cuba.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908

Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,425.61
Resources 10,000,000.00

Head Office & Branches;
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, and Lanchi.
Domestic Agencies:
Throughout CHINA at principal Cities.
Foreign Correspondents;
London, New York, Amsterdam, Tokyo, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodata, Seoul, and Fusan.

Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.
Drafts issued and telegraph transfers effected.

Commercial Credits established.
Loans and Credits granted on approved securities.
Interests allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Pounds Sterling, Gold Dollars, Guilders, Yen, Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.
Savings Deposits at 4% compound interest.

LI MING, Manager.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Telephones: C. 3145, Mgr's. Office.
Telephones: C. 2147, General Office.
CABLE ADDRESS:
"CHINDUSBANK."

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 59,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.
The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.
SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum
For 6 months at 4% per annum
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 750,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C. 3.

London Bankers:
BANK OF ENGLAND
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	(Calcutta)	New York
Colombo	Kandy	Penang
Delhi	Karachi	Port Louis
Galle	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Hongkong	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		Singapore

Shanghai Branch.
26 THE BUND
VERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. CHAMPKIN, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital authorised Frs. 250,000,000
Capital subscribed „ 150,000,000
Capital paid up.... „ 75,000,000
Reserve ..... „ 30,000,000
One third of the Capital i. e. Frs. 50,000,000 subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11th, 1913.

President: ANDRE BERTHELOT
General Manager: A. J. PERNOTTE

HEAD OFFICE:
74 RUE SAINT LAZARE, PARIS
BRANCHES:
Marseilles, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Vladivostock, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Yunnanfu Saigon, Haiphong, Swatow and Yokohama.

BANKERS:
In London: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London
In France: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana—Credito Italiano.
In New York: Messrs. Redmond & Co., New York.

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on current accounts in Gold or local currency and fixed deposits on application
Every description of Banking and exchange business transacted Savings accounts in Gold and local currency.

G. LION.
Manager.

ASIA
BANKING CORPORATION

CAPITAL $4,000,000 SURPLUS $1,100,000

AN AMERICAN BANK

Head Office: New York City
Head Office for the Far East: Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads
Cables: BANKASIA Tel. C. 1823

Other Branch Offices:
CANTON, CHANGSHA, HANKOW, HONGKONG, MANILA, PEKING and TIENTSIN

Complete Banking Facilities
Direct Personal Service

Interest on Deposit subject to check, also on time deposits. Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
Bought, Sold, Negotiated or Collected
Financing of Shipments: Mail or Cable Payments and Transfers

RESEARCH BUREAU

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 54,000.00

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang	Yokohama
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha	Chicago
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi	Philadelphia
Hankow	Hsuchow	Wuhu	Seattle
Nanking	Ningpo	London	Baltimore
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York	Cleveland
Hangchow	Canton	San Francisco	Detroit
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston	Buffalo
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio	Pittsburgh
Antung	Chengchow	Osaka	Montreal
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Kobe	St. Louis
		Cincinatti	

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

Shanghai Branch:
8441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits, both in taels and dollars, according to arrangement.
Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manger
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager

PARK-UNION
FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000
HEAD OFFICE, NEW YORK
Owned and controlled By
The National Park Bank, New York Union Bank of Canada

BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
PARIS TOKYO YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH: 1 Kiukiang Road. Telephone C. 1174

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

Beg to Announce
The Opening of their Hongkew Branch
at
15 North Szechuan Road
(e: Boone Road)
on May 7th, 1920.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Authorised Capital $3,000,000
Paid up Capital 2,000,000
Reserve Fund 200,000

Head Office:—2 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.
Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund.
London Bankers:—The London Joint Stock, London, City and Midland Bank Ltd.
Agencies and Correspondents in the principal Commercial centres of the world.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities
Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

LI TSE FONG,
Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on April 27, 1920.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	13-16
Cod	„	14-16
Mandarin	„	7-16
Mackerel	„	12-14
Pomfret	„	25-30
Salmon	„	none
Samli	„	none
Soles	„	18-20
Whitebait	„	12-14
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	each	80-$1.00
Hare	„	none
Eggs	per doz.	15-17
Fowl	per lb.	22-24
Geese	each	80-$1.20
Partridge	„	none
Pheasant	„	none
Pigeons	„	18-20
Quail	„	20-22
Snipe	„	12-13
Teal	„	16-18
Turkey	per lb.	65-70
Woodcock	each	30-40
Wild Duck	„	40-45
Wild Geese	„	none
Wild Pigeons	„	none
Plover	each	10-15
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	„	13-20
Bananas	„	3-10
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	6-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	15-20
Oranges	per lb.	16-20
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	„	12-14
Persimmons	„	none
Peeboes	„	none
Plums	„	3-20
Pumeloes	each	18-20
Pineapples	„	10-12
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	none
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	4-5
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Broad Beans	per lb.	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	6-8
Cabbage	each	10-20
Carrots	per bunch	3-4
Cauliflower	each	20-30
Celery	per bunch	2-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	14-18
French Beans	„	12-14
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	50-60
Onions	„	14-16
Parsnips	per bunch	2-3
Peas	per lb.	8-10
Potatoes	per picul	$4.00-4.50
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	„	5-6
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	50 lbs.	$4.00
Flour, Australian	„	$3.75
Flour, Shanghai	„	$2.50
Rice	200 lb.	$8.60
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	„	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.00
Stove Coal	„	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

F. J. W. Melville.
Chief Inspector.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE
For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru, May 6
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Russia May 3
For Europe
Per P. and O. s.s. Nore May 3
For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Apr. 28

MAILS DUE
From U.S. and Canada
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela Apr. 29
From Europe
Per P. and O. s.s. Novara May 1
From Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. May 2

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$340 B.
Chartered	£80
Russo-Asiatic	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 445
North China	Tls. 160
Union of Canton .	Hk. 180
Yangtsze	$265 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 20
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$158
Hongkong Fire ..	$295 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def. ..	$210 B.
Indo-China Pref. .	$20
"Shell"	205/-
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 59½
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 84½ B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 19
Oriental Cons. ...	17/-
Rauh	$1
Docks	
Hongkong Dock ..	Tls. 153 S.
Shanghai Dock ...	Tls. 127½ B
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 26 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ..	Tls. 135 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 84 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 63½ B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land ...	Tls. 61 B.
Weihaiwei Land .	Tls. 3
Thai Hotels Ltd. .	Tls. 30 B.
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.) Tls.	Tls. 700
E-wo Pref	Tls. 82
Laou-kung-mow ..	Tls. 400
Oriental	Tls. 305
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 400
Kungyik	Tls. 70
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 45½
Yangtszepoo Pref. .	Tls. 85
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	Tls. 215 B.
Green Island	Tls. 6.00 B.
Langkats	Tls. 16 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra ...	Tls. 75 B.
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 11 S.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford ...	Tls. 87½ B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	Tls. 5.90 Sa.
Weeks	Tls. 11
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 5¾ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3½ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21 B.
Batu Anam 1918 .	Tls. 0.60 B.
Bukit Toh Alang .	Tls. 1.60 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.50 B.
Chemor United ..	Tls. 0.85 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 5
Cheng	Tls. 1½ B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2¼ B.
Dominion	Tls. 4¾ B.
Gula Kalumpong .	Tls. 5.10
Java Consolidated.	Tls. 12½ x D.
Kamunting	Tls. 8 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karian	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 8½ B.
Kroewoek Java ...	Tls. 10½ B.
Padang	Tls. 7 B.
Pengkalan Durian .	Tls. 2½ B.
Permata	Tls. 1 B.
Repah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Samaraga	Tls. 0.60 B.
Seekee	Tls. 0.75 B.
Semamba	Tls. 0.60 B.
Senawang	Tls. 4½ B.
Shanghai Klebang .	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay ..	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref. .	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pahang .	Tls. 0.80 B.
Sungala	Tls. 0.50
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
Thai Kalantan ...	Tls. 0.40 B.
S'hai Seremban ...	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1.10
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Tebong	Tls. 15
Tlobri	Tls. 2½
Tiangbe	Tls. 4¾ x D B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber .	Tls. 850
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12
Shanghai Trams ..	Tls. 68½ B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 15½ B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 34
Shanghai Mercury .	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone ..	Tls. 74
S'hai Waterworks .	Tls. 100 B.

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd. Telephone No. Central 298

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, April 28, 1920.

OFFICIAL

Anglo Javas Tls. 8.50 June
Shanghai Seremban Tls. 0.60
Shanghai Tug (ord.) Tls. 59.50
New Eng; Tls. 26.50 Cash
Tls. 37.50 June
S. & H. Wharves Tls. 140.00
Shanghai Docks Tls. 134.00
Tls. 135.00 June
Shanghai Hotels $30.00

UNOFFICIAL

Far Eastern Ins: Tls. 21.50 XD
New Eng; Tls. 27.50 XR. June
Shanghai Docks Tls. 128.00
Tls. 130.00 Cash
Shanghai Docks Tls. 134.00
June
Tls. 137.00 July

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, April 28, 1920.

UNOFFICIAL

Hall & Holtz $11.00

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, April 28, 1920.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 6/6=Tls. 3.08
@ exch. 74.4=Mex. $4.13
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 123¼=Tls. 0.81
@ 74.4=Mex. $1.09
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate 74.1
Shanghai Gold Bars: 973 touch Tls. 195
Bar Silver 998 touch ...Tls. 111
Copper Cash ...per tael 155.500
Native Interest ..... Tls. 10

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 65d.
Bank Rate of Discount 7%
Ex., Paris on London ..Fr. 64.80
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$3.77¾

Exchange Opening Quotations

London	T.T.	6/6
London	Demand	6/6¼
India	T.T.	282 -
Paris	T.T.	2110
Paris	Demand	2113
New York		123
New York	Demand	123¼
Hongkong	T.T.	72½
Japan	T.T.	38½
Batavia	T.T.	331

All Nominal

Bank's Buying Rates

London ....4 m/s.	Cdts.	6/10¼
London ....4 m/s.	Docy.	6/10¾
London ....6 m/s.	Cdts.	6/11¾
London ....6 m/s.	Docy.	7/0
Paris	4 m/s.	2290
New York ..4 m/s.	Docy.	133¾

Tourists' Exchange

@ Bank's Closing Demand Buying Rates

£10 @ exch. 6/6½= Sh. Tls. 30.57
G.$50 @ exch. 123= Sh. Tls. 40.65
Fr. 250 @ exch. 2155= Sh. Tls. 11.60

1 Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.35 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

BANKS SELLING RATE FOR MARKS

Marks 5,500 ..... =Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... =Mex. $2.41

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 14,500 ..... =Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... =Mex. $0.93

Exchange Shop Rates

Buying:	100	Old Roubles	$1.50
„	100	New „	$ .97
Selling:	100	Old „	$1.60
„	100	New „	$1.05

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR APRIL

Hk. Tls. 2.44	@	7/4⅛	£1
„ 1	@	2163	Fr. 24.10
„ 0.64	@	141¼	Gold $1
„ 1	@	32½	Yen. 3.43
„ 1	@	314½	Rs. 3.50
„ 1	@	1.50	Mex. $1.50
„ 1	@	—	Roubles —

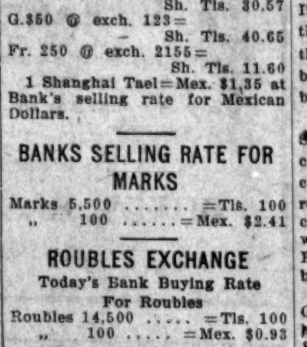
PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, April 27.—Market quotations:

Marseilles, April 27:

Rice cleaned: Saigon	330
Green peas: Japan	145
Potato starch	195
Le Havre, April 26:	
Cotton, First quality	—
Cotton, Second quality	930
Cotton, Third quality	928
Lyons, April 27:	
Raw Silks:	
Cevennes	440
Italy	470
Syria	380
Japan	420
China	480
Canton	380



300,000 Babies Die Every Year

Unnecessarily! Three hundred thousand babies in this country alone die unnecessarily every year.

Isn't it the duty of parents to safeguard their little children?

A baby is the most precious thing in the world.

This drug store is baby headquarters. All the foods, medicines and preparations which tend toward baby's health and comfort are to be found here

Come in—"and bring the baby."

American Drug Co.
NANKING ROAD
Phone Central 79 and 80

Sirgapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, April 8 and 9.—Following were the prices realised at the auction this week:

SHEET	Singapore per lb. Cents.
Singapore Standard	
Ribbed	91½/87
Off Quality Ribbed ...	86½/76
Smoked Fine Plain ..	Nil
Smoked Good Plain ..	Nil
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed	Nil
Unsmoked Good Ribbed	Nil
Unsmoked Fine Plain.	Nil
Unsmoked Good Plain.	Nil
Cupwashing	Nil
CREPE	
Singapore Standard	
First Latex	89/86½
Off Color Latex	86/78
Fine Brown	77½/70
Good Brown	69½/60
Good Dark	60/52
Barky	51/43½
SCRAP	
Virgin and Pressed ..	Nil
Loose	Nil

Catalogued for sale: 2,540,113 lbs. (about 1,133 tons).

Sold: 1,307,270 lbs. (about 583 tons).

The auctions opened weakly but very little business was done at the commencement, sellers not wishing to meet the market at the lower level. After a large amount had been withdrawn, competition became very keen and prices rose about 4 to 5 cents in a short time. It was evident, however, that there was not much demand from the trade, purchases apparently being effected on a speculative basis or to cover sales contracts.

Singapore Standard Ribbed Smoked Sheet opened at about 87 cents but rose quickly until 91½ cents was paid freely, one lot realising 92 cents, showing no change since last week. There was a good market for Good F. A. Q. Sheet but very few buyers of Off Sheet.

Singapore Standard First Latex Crepe found a fair market, selling at 87½ cents and later rising to 89, showing a decline of 2½ cents on the week.

Brown and Bark Crepes met with a poor demand, and realised about 6 cents less than last week. Dark Crepe selling at a discount of about 10 cents.

At the continuation this morning, there was no change in the market, the tendency remaining uncertain.

Meyer and Measor,

Major Brothers, Limited

The 13th annual general meeting of shareholders in Major Brothers, Limited, was held at noon yesterday at No. 2 Kiukiang Road. Mr. E. C. Pearce occupied the chair, and was supported by Messrs. G. Grayrigge and G. H. Purcell (Directors) and Mr. J. V. C. Davis (Secretary).

The notice calling the meeting and the auditors' report having been read, the chairman said:

"Gentlemen.—As the report and accounts have been in your hands for some time, I will, with your approval, take them as read.

"The result of the year's working is disappointing, more especially after the better showing we made for the three previous years. Demand for all our products fell off considerably, and business in sulphuric acid has been greatly hampered by the very strict conditions imposed by the Customs authorities on the export of this acid: a Huchao has to be obtained for each shipment, and the consequent difficulty and delay has seriously interfered with the demand.

"The loss of even a small part of our trade affects us considerably as our turnover is still small. As regards the future, the demand for acid is growing, it is true only slowly, but the indications are that it is more general and we can look forward more hopefully to the time when the capacity of our works will be more fully taxed than they are at present.

"The rise in cost of all packing material has seriously affected us as the cost of packing is a big item in our costs, as apart from the works cost of the acid itself.

"I regret that there is no hope of any material reduction in the costs of packing during the present year. The Works have been kept in a thorough state of repair, certain parts of our plant have to be renewed, and orders for these have been placed.

"Before putting the report and accounts to the meeting, I shall be happy to answer any questions shareholders have to ask."

No questions were asked, and the following resolutions were adopted:

That the report and accounts as presented be passed: Proposed by Mr. E. C. Pearce and seconded by Mr. G. Grayrigge.

That Mr. G. Grayrigge be re-elected a Director of the Company.—Proposed by Mr. E. C. Pearce and seconded by Mr. G. H. Purcell.

That Messrs. G. H. and N. Thomson be elected Auditors for the ensuing year.—Proposed by Mr. W. A. Agden and seconded by Mr. J. V. C. Davis.

Exchange Market

Messrs. Maitland, Fearon and Brand write as follows in their Exchange Circular for week ending Wednesday, April 28:

Exchange:— After touching 69⅝d. and 67½d. for "spot" and "forward" respectively the London price of silver dropped today to 65d. and 64d. The conditions decribed in our last circular continued in the earlier part of the week under review, the local Gold dealers finally selling T/T on London for forward delivery at described in our last circular exchange business in connection week under review, the local Gold been restricted. Exports remain dull and inactive and the strength in our market recently has only a speculative basis, which the weak advices of silver hardly seem to justify. At the close the market was steady in the absence of demand for T/T on London, but it would appear that any covering operations on the part of speculators would bring lower rates.

The stocks of silver in Shanghai are reported as follows:

Sycee and bar silver, Tls. 42,413,000 a rise of Tls 951,000.

Chinese and Mexican dollars, $25,130,000 a risb of $1,270,000.

United States silver dollars $1,000,000 unchanged.

Estimated total in Tls. 60,700,000—a rise of Tls. 1,800,000.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

A PEACE RISK.
Who is carrying your death risk?
Is it your family,
or
A Life Assurance Office?
Why not let the China Mutual carry it?
HEAD OFFICE:
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LOGANBERRY JUICE
Mix it with an equal parts of Whisky and add Tansan.
"One of the best drinks going!"
Gande. Price Co., Agents

PHILIPPINE NATIONAL BANK
SOLE OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY OF THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT
RESOURCES PESOS 261,000,000
HEAD OFFICES MANILA
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1 B The Bund, Shanghai; Tel. C. 2741
J. W. MILLER Manager.

USE PATTON'S SUN-PROOF PAINTS
"SAVE THE SURFACE AND YOU SAVE ALL"
Applied by our Contracting Department
FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC., SOLE AGENTS
8B Kiangse Road, Shanghai (and at Tientsin, Hankow, Peking, Harbin) Phone: Central 168

Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 9)

Far Eastern Insurance Company, Limited.

Notice to Shareholders

A dividend at the rate of six per centum, being one Tael and twenty cents per share, on the paid-up capital of the above company, has been declared payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, or The Russo-Asiatic Bank, Shanghai, on and after this date, to shareholders on the record on April 19th, 1920.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. S. JACKSON.
Shanghai, April 26th, 1920.
29228

Royal Asiatic Society
NORTH CHINA BRANCH.

A Meeting of the Society will be held in the Lecture Hall, 5 Museum Road, on Thursday, April 29th, at 5.30 p.m., when a Lecture will be given by
Mr. ISAAC MASON,
on
"A CHINESE LIFE OF MOHAMMED."
The Meeting Is Open To The Public
29234

NOTICE

S. S. DRYDEN from New York

The examination of Damaged Cargo per this steamer will be held at the China Merchants Central Wharf on Friday, April 30th, at 2.30 p.m., Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy, Marine Surveyors, will be in attendance.

BARBER S.S. LINES INC.
(The Admiral Line, Agents)
29340

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

RACE WEEK

The Shanghai-Nanking Railway night train, which leaves Nanking at 11 p.m., will call at Henli at 5.54 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of Race Week, May 3rd, 4th and 5th.

TRAFFIC MANAGER,
29238

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases: Injections of all kinds of vaccines, serums and 1914 (606); Tests of blood, treatment by X Ray and Diathermy.
Dr. K. Watanabe, A.M., M.D. (Japanese)
He studied medcine in Japan, America and Europe, so can speak English well.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen Road), Shanghai
Tel. North 2279.
29152

S.S. M. S. DOLLAR

The Steamer M. S. Dollar is now discharging her cargo at the Dollar Pai Lien Ching Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bill-of-ladings for countersignature and take delivery of their goods. All claims against the steamer must be sent in within ten days after completion of the steamer's discharge or they will not be recognised. All risks at the wharf to be borne by the consignees of the goods. Examination of the damaged cargo will take place at the wharf on Friday, April 30th, at 10.30 a.m.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.
29204

Tel. C. 2768
PROF. I. K. SETO
TURKISH-BATH
and
Massage Establishment
Cor. of Nanking and Szechuen Rd
Practised 15 years in U.S.A.
Practised 3 years in Shanghai

Municipal Notification
No. 2702

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1920

Price of Issue until further notice 92½ per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution VII passed at the annual meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1920.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 92½ per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1930.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls 1,000, Tls 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 mominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.
Council Room,
Shanghai, April 13, 1920.
28979

FRESH MILK
delivery twice daily.
EXTRA ORDERS
are executed at any time
AIKOSHA DAIRY
89 Avenue Dubail
Tel. C. 2175

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IMPORTED DIRECT
from
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ROOM 51
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29231

Dr. James Yuking's
Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

VANCOUVER LODGE
Residential Country Hotel
134 SINZA ROAD
Telephone West 1797
Double and single rooms, hot and cold water service. Garages, spacious garden, tennis courts, croquet lawn.
TERMS MODERATE.
27740

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Dental Surgeons of the Philadelphia Dental College and Garretson's Hospital of Oral Surgery, Philadelphia, U.S.A.

Will perform all kinds of dental operation on modern scientific principles, and supply:

Teeth of Superior Workmanship in Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates Gold Crown and Bridge Work.

All work is guaranteed to entire satisfaction.

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HONMA HOSPITAL
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Tel. N. 2961
DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
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Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky
DENTIST
Four Years' Practice in New York.
Painless Extractions, Plate Crown Bridgework, Gold and Porcelain Inlays.
No. 3 G Peking Road
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Before making your purchases elsewhere, pay us a visit, and you will find a complete assortment of

SUMMER GOODS

of every description.

Our stock consists of a nice selection of

Bed Sheetings, Table Cloths, Napkins, Ladies', Gents' and Children's Tennis Pumps and Shoes; the Latest Novelties in Voiles, Ribbons, Neckwear, Towels, Perfumery, Children's Dresses, Boys' Shirts, Silk Socks and Stockings, Children's Hosiery.

You will find prices so moderate that you will have to buy.

BARGAIN STORE
282-290 North Szechuen Road
(Near Boone Road)
29214

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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, APRIL 29, 1920

WEATHER

The high pressures advance Eastward and a depression is developing in the North. Weather overcast with threats of rain. Southerly winds to the North of the Saddles. Variable breezes in the South.

(Note: Mr. Crowell is the director of the World Market Institute of New York and was formerly economist and financial statistician in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Treaty Department, Washington.)

Silver In The World Market

BY JOHN FRANKLIN CROWELL

IN that comprehensive survey of things economic through which the business world is now going to find its postbellum bearings, it has become necessary to relocate the position of the monetary metals, gold and silver. Gold is still clinging to the petticoats of governmental protection, in its restricted functions entailed by war and its aftermath. But silver, during the past few years, has run the gamut of appreciation from the lowest to the highest price of modern record. In fact, in certain divisions of the international exchange situation silver is dominating gold, as in the pouring of the yellow metal into India and China to relieve the world-wide drain on silver. Last November out of the arrivals of gold in the London market of nearly four millions sterling over 96 percent went straight to India, to sell at a premium to the bazaars. These and other facts may well lead us to feel that they live in a fool's paradise who lack the vision to see that a new readjustment between these two metals of monetary account may be inevitable as one of the major residuary problems resulting from the conditions following the World War.

Silver, in the world's economic life, has two distinct jobs. It is both a commodity and a currency. Mined in America, its main destination is Asia. This Asia, beloved of silver, has a population of at least 800,000,000 people. In their fiscal and commercial life the white metal does at least four things that may be regarded as veritable cornerstones:

1. Silver renders a monetary service of the first order as a measure of value, and as a medium of exchange it is without a competitor in trade, travel, and the ordinary transactions of these millions.

2. As the basis of non-metallic currency it has a function effective over an area almost as large as that of North and South America combined, and it gives current service to those instruments of credit without which commerce in its modern sense would be quite impossible in its present proportions.

3. Silver is the convenient means of hoarding much value in small bulk, so that it serves the purpose of conserving the surplus wealth of tens of millions in forms easily concealed and easily transmitted by gift or bequest.

4. Silver in the Orient has a highly developed speculative function. This is not simply confined to the trading part of silver's manipulation, as in 60-day contracts. In India's bazaars speculation it has a far wider manifestation. It is more like cotton and grain in the speculative markets of the West. Its variations in value interest all classes and conditions. The rises of the past few years have leavened the entire lump of Asiatic life with a stimulus of new hope in a better era of human welfare. Trebly paid labor is developing the almost untouched natural resources of the earth's largest, if not richest, continent.

While the white metal renders a commodity and a currency service of some sort to the major part of the world, to more than half of the population of the globe in the Orient silver is the very life-blood of their circulatory systems, in its role as a prime currency. China and India, it is figured, require not less than 190,000,000 ounces a year, and Africa needs 25,000,000 ounces more, making 215,000,000 ounces for these three countries.

The late Edward Brush, whose authority few if any would question, placed all other international requirements at 135,000,000 ounces. Against a world's demand of 350,000,000 ounces stands an actual world's production of only 190,000,000 ounces; so that a deficit of 160,000,000 ounces is the basic fact in the silver situation. In fact, the whole world is short of silver, and the mines are producing only half of what the world market is eager to take. What else than advancing prices could result from a scarcity of a commodity of such universal utility, in an era of extraordinarily high prices, under an enormous expansion of Oriental purchasing power, and at a time when gold is hugging the shores of international service so closely as to greatly reduce its utility as a facilitator of exchange of goods in the world's trade?

But silver's present position was fundamentally affected by the war. Probably one of the most far-reaching movements in modern economic history will be found to have occurred when the United States released from its western world warehouses, and sold to Great Britain for shipment to India to settle a perilously big adverse trade balance, as much as 261,000,000 ounces of silver in the stress of war financing. That broke up the only large free reserve stock in the world's supply and transferred it mainly to the pockets of Orientals. At the time the significance of the Pittman act lay in its saving from collapse the second Mesopotamian campaign which broke Germany's grip on the Near East. For, in the opinion of at least one of the British Cabinet, India was bleeding the Empire to death and the war itself was, as an official cablegram to a colonial banker read, in danger of being lost unless Britain could get silver. So that, wholly apart from other considerations, the war gave a new and pre-eminent prestige to silver in world finance as a factor in the military outcome.

It is clear that the causes for the advances in silver and its insistent demand are universal. The price movement upward steadily reduced the ratio to gold and brought into speaking distance the bimetallic controversy of a quarter century ago. Later (in September last) the fixed price for gold gave way to competitive bidding. The suddenness of this enhancement has been rather disquieting. For instance, in 1915, silver struck the lowest figure in a period of 328 years or more. At the U. S. price of 51.8 cents an ounce, its ratio to gold was 39.84 to 1. That was in the second year of the war.

By 1918 it had recovered to ratio of 21 to 1, and in the official average price of 1919 it was 18.44 to 1, according to the Director of the Mint. At the high New York quotation in 1919 of $1.37½ an ounce, its ratio to gold was much lower than that. It was even less than the ratio of 16 to 1, on which the historic McKinley-Bryan campaign of 1896 was fought, rejecting the proposal to rehabilitate the silver dollar. During most of this time gold held the price level fixed by law in the international market, except as special demand resulted in rising premiums from rival bidders. But this stabilised or official gold price, compared with the market or free silver price, has put a premium on silver mining and a discount on gold production.

In Mexico our consular reports made mention of the abandonment of many gold mines and a large increase in silver operations. Therein lies the fundamental corrective, of course. But it will be slow in producing results. Meanwhile it is phenomenal that in the course of less than four years silver has trebled in market value. That silver is primarily a by-product in the larger part of its production does not materially alter the conclusion that its higher price tended to discourage the production of gold. Speculative capital in the field where the pioneering profits of mining for the precious metals may be made must prefer silver under existing conditions. That means that less gold is certain to be produced at a time when it is most needed to bring the Occidental currency and credit systems back to normal.

But the dynamics of enhanced silver prices have not stopped here. To the European and American currency systems on the gold basis, they mean that if silver keeps on rising in value to the point at which the bullion value in the market is enough to make a profit out of melting, then our subsidiary currency must begin to disappear. It is this threat, to drain out of our everyday monetary currency the coins of most frequent use, that disturbs our bankers, our Treasury officials, and our lawmakers, as the crop of remedial bills in Congress already shows. Further rise in silver values (about the melting point of $1.29) makes more necessary a re-coinage of fractional currency at a lower metallic content, as the gold basis countries all propose, to save their subsidiary coinage, of which we had $242,870,438 worth on June 30, 1919, from the bullion speculator and avoid resorting to the shinplaster currency of our Civil War times.

For the time being the key to the price of silver lies in the lap of China. During the war that country exported more largely than it imported, including silver to India, thus making the metal scarcer than ever in view of the great economic rejuvenation which seems to have come to Asia. China for the first time is bearing the major part in financing the soya bean crop, which Japan formerly did. China, during her political dissensions, has been borrowing of Japan and must pay her interest and amortisation in silver, and the Chinese boycott of Japanese goods, on account of the rape of Shantung by Allied sanction, has given such an impetus to domestic industries as to call for vast quantities of silver to pay labor, to carry on trade and to provide for expanding business. Commerce with the United States in 1918 gave seven Far Eastern countries a trade balance of $408,000,000 against us. That has not yet been overcome; and until it is adjusted more nearly on a par it must dominate the silver market.

Only recently all but one of the larger foreign banks in Shanghai suspended temporarily the issue of drafts for export shipments to America as silver's advances demoralised foreign exchange. Their only alternative was to raise the price of silver to the exporters who sold at American gold prices. Importers who buy in America for gold and sell in China for silver, reap a big speculative premium in the rising prices of silver.

Such a situation must naturally stimulate imports and discourage exports, tending to perpetuate an adverse trade balance against the outside world. Our Government has within the past few months tried to relieve this situation by two expedients. In November it offered to sell "broken-up" silver dollars for gold, releasing 70,000,000 ounces under the Pittman act; and in December last it made available about $55,000,000 in silver through American banks in China. But these may prove to be only palliatives.

In the present organisation of the world market the center of gravity of silver is in China-India. Will its value continue to develop, and if so, how may the problems of production, of distribution, and of utilisation in currency systems be met without proving to be a mischievous source of upsetting values? These are inevitable questions. By way of answer, it seems that a long stretch of economic expansion lies ahead for these Oriental peoples, thus calling gradually but surely for more metallic currency. In their coming currency systems gold may in due time divide the monetary and credit duties with silver to a limited extent. Certainly that would be so, if some means of stabilising silver values, and thus its gold ratio, were to be developed. A large quantity of silver will be needed to set up the monetary systems of new nationalities in their housekeeping under the League of Nations.

Finally, the growth in the purchasing power of the mass of the people among the industrial and commercial powers must call for more silver, as it was doing for years before the war on the Continent and among European colonies. If the war-produced fiat money retires slowly from belligerent countries, it will in a measure tend to defer the call for silver. Will silver in hiding during the war dehoard in paper's presence? Currency rehabilitation is apt to come latest in readjustments. Nevertheless, it will come in due time, and must be provided for. The yearly production of silver for the five years prior to the war averaged 221,000,000 ounces. If the stimulus of silver values averaging say a dollar and a quarter an ounce results in increasing the world's output by 50 percent, the problem will presumably be solved.

And if, as the governor of the Bank of England told the late Senator Aldrich, a 10 percent discount rate would send an ample number of men to the mining of gold, then an advance of 100 percent or over for silver should, well before 1925, have no difficulty in meeting the world's reasonable needs. Meanwhile, restoring trade balances is the best specific to ease the situation; the only permanent remedy is full steam ahead in production of silver.

Look At The State Of The World In General

It Is Living Beyond Its Means—National Sentiment Is Strong—Position Of The Democracies Of The British Empire

"The greater part of Europe so far from making progress is much deeper in distress than before. . ."

"All this dislocation and turmoil is setting a deeper and deeper make, not only on the generation which fought the war, but on the men and women of the future who had no part in it. . . ."

"By contrast with this misery the British Empire has made a wonderful recovery from the strain of war. . . The signs all point to a period of serious depression in the near future which we must take steps to overcome."

—THE ROUND TABLE.

The feebler the political direction of our daily Press the greater the need for such fine reviews as the Round Table, which reaches a high level in its March issue (Macmillan: 5s.).

The first article on "The British Empire, the League of Nations and the United States" is full of insight, instruction and warning, and should have the widest publicity. Its publication is an international service. It brings us face to face with Things as They Are among the nations of the world. The conclusions of the writer are three in number:—

OUR PROBLEMS NOT SOLVED

"1. The first is a general warning against the assumption—even more widespread in the Dominions than in Great Britain—that we have already successfuly solved the very difficult and economic problems bequeathed by the war.

"This assumption is particularly misleading with regard to finance. Its danger lies not only in the fact that we are still producing too little to balance our expenditure, and therefore living beyond our means; it lies even more in the critical financial and economic condition of Europe, with whose welfare our own is inextricably intertwined.

"The British democracies are all much engrossed in projects of domestic reconstruction, which must entail a heavy strain on our resources, already taxed to the uttermost. A very large number of political authorities assure us that we must concentrate on these domestic problems, because failure to deal with them may precipitate social and industrial trouble of a very serious kind. It is, indeed, difficult to over-rate the importance of such questions as those which are being pressed by the unions of the Triple Alliance in Great Britain—the coal miners, the transport workers, and the railwaymen.

"There is a wide demand for Government expenditure and Government control on a large and increasing scale. We only ask those who press these demands to look to the state of the world in general as well as to the more familiar situation at home. Nothing is more likely to cause industrial upheavals in the British Empire than a further rise of prices, which may easily be accompanied by a set-back in trade. The whole world is still living beyond its means, and we must seek to strengthen our own financial position by every possible means if we are not to be involved in a period of world-wide depression, misery and unrest.

SET-BACK OF BRITISH HOPES

"2. Our second conclusion arises from the set-back of British hopes in the League of Nations and the treaties of peace. The settlement of Europe under the peace treaties is in some parts insecure, and the Allies are clearly unable to live up to all their obligations under the Covenant.

"It is misleading to attribute this state of affairs solely to financial improvidence or to the refusal of the United States to accept the Peace of Versailles. Both these factors in the situation are symptoms rather than causes, and they are due to the fact that the Peace of Versailles and the Covenant of the League of Nations overlooked the practical conditions of European reconstruction and overstepped the limits of international partnership. The course of events since the signature of peace has shown that national sentiment is too strong to accept the limitations imposed upon it by the Covenant.

"The reservations of the American Senate in this respect are only a plain statement of views and feelings shared in reality by all the other signatories of the peace. We ourselves, for instance, have undertaken obligations in the Covenant which those who need our support may interpret more literally than we do ourselves. This is an equivocal position. While the main lines of the Peace are sound, the Covenant is both too vague and too precise.

"In principle the signatories combine for joint action on an imposing scale; in practice their national freedom of action is left intact. The American Senate has stated in plain English that, so far as the United States is concerned, national freedom of action is not in any way to be camouflaged or compromised. The British Empire should state its own position in equally clear terms.

THE BRITISH DOMINIONS

"3. Our third conclusion deals with the relation between the League of Nations and the British Commonwealth. The recognition of the British Dominions as individual members of the League has not only committed them to obligations far larger than their democracies realise or will be willing to discharge; it has also obscured the fact that our Imperial relations, in default of some better machinery for Imperial co-operation than the League itself presents, are slipping back into the very vice of centralisation which we all wish to correct.

"The attitude of the British Dominions towards co-operation within the British Commonwealth is exactly parallel to the attitude of foreign nations to co-operation within the League. In both cases the fear of impairing national independence is stronger than the desire for united action in pursuit of common aims; and in the British Empire the fear of centralisation has been such that it has led the Dominions to undertake unawares a series of responsibilities towards foreign States far greater than they are willing to undertake towards Great Britain and the British Commonwealth.

"While insisting, moreover, on the forms of national independence, they are missing the substance of national responsibility in foreign affairs. Great Britain continues, of necessity, to deal unaided and unadvised with broad questions of international policy in which the Dominions are vitally concerned. The Dominions are being bound by decisions in which they take no present interest, and there is no available means for securing united and representative action on behalf of the whole British Empire in world-affairs. Yet the unity of the British Commonwealth is essential to the influence of the League of Nations for order and goodwill, and its example will set the rate of progress in international action for decades to come. If the British nations, with all their ties of interest and sentiment, cannot act together in world-affairs, it is not likely that foreign nations, deeply divided by history, by temperament, by forms of government, by national outlook, and by divergent aims, will be able to succeed where the British nations have failed.

REVISE OUR OBLIGATIONS

"To what course of action do these conclusions point?

"They point in the first place to revision of our obligations under the League. We are at present pledged to guarantees of territorial arrangements in Europe which may be challenged at any time by forces too powerful for diplomatic control, and it is becoming evident that in no part of the Empire would public opinion sanction our active interference in the local disputes which may ensue. The Polish corridor to Danzig is a case in point. The local territorial problem does not engage our interest, and British democracy would not be moved to action by it unless roused by some unmistakable challenge to international faith and right.

"If the United States had accepted the obligations which President Wilson approved in signing the Covenant, the situation would have been different, for the combined moral and material influence of the British Empire and the United States would have presented a serious obstacle to breaches of the European settlement in any form. The American Senate has, however, made it perfectly plain that the obligations embodied in the Covenant go much beyond the responsibilities which American opinion is prepared to undertake, and we cannot honestly pretend that our own democracies will be willing in practice to go any further than the democracy of the United States. Our proper course is to revise and restate our position towards the League in accordance with these facts.

OUR PUBLIC OPINION

"The public opinion which has made itself manifest in the United States in this connection is not very different in reality from ours; and ours may be stated broadly in two sentences. First, we wish to do our utmost to guarantee peace, liberty and law throughout the world without committing ourselves to quixotic obligations to foreign States. Second, we wish to assist and develop the simpler mechanism of international dealing embodied in the League without mortgaging our freedom of action and judgment under an international Covenant.

"Our policy towards the League should therefore be revised on the following guiding lines:—

"1. We should state definitely that our action within the League will be governed solely by our own judgment of every situation as it arises, and we must undertake no general obligations which we may not be able or willing, when the test comes, to discharge.

"2. We must in no case commit ourselves to responsibilities which we cannot discharge to the full with our own resources, independent of assistance from any foreign Power.

"3. We must definitely denounce the idea that the League may normally enforce its opinions by military or economic pressure on recalcitrant States. It exists to bring principals together for open discussion of international difficulties, to extend and develop the mechanism and habit of international co-operation, and to establish an atmosphere in which international controversies may be settled with fairness and goodwill. These are the essential limits of international action in the present state of national sentiment throughout the world; unless and until the conscience of the nations is once more challenged by some flagrant violation of international right.

"The important thing is to enable the League of Nations to make a reasonable start with the co-operation of the United States. With the less ambitious objects defined above it will sooner or later secure the whole-hearted support of American opinion, and it will begin its work with far greater prospects of success than under a Covenant to which no Power is really able or willing to subordinate either its national opinion or its essential interests.

MAINTAIN BRITISH UNITY

"So much for the revision of our obligations towards the League. It is not the only practical step to which our conclusions point, for even more important, if those conclusions are sound, is the maintenance of British unity of action in international affairs. We have seen that the League cannot itself take the place of some such mechanism as the Imperial War Cabinet, which provided for continuous consultation and co-operation, not only in the war, but during the negotiation of peace. The influence of the League of Nations upon British Imperial relations has for the moment been misleading and dangerous.

"In form, it has given the Dominions a new national status, recognised by all the signatories of the Covenant, though qualified in one important particular by a reservation of the United States. The danger of this status is that, without some adequate organ for united British action in world affairs, it must, in the long run, prove either separatist in character or else entirely formal and illusory. For the present it is—by the self-chosen policy of the Dominion Governments—illusory.

"Those Governments are appending their signatures to treaties in the negotiation of which they have taken absolutely no part, and they are leaving decisions which must gravely affect their future in the unaided and overladen hands of the British Government. It is only a question of time before this situation leads to an incident of some kind which will provoke the bitterest recrimination and controversy.

ONE LESSON TO REMEMBER

"If the critical diplomacy which led up to our declaration of war on Germany in 1914 has taught us one lesson above all others, that lesson is that the foreign policy of the British Empire cannot be democratic and representative in any adequate degree unless some means are found for continuous consultation and co-operation by Ministers responsible to all the British Parliaments.

"Yet the moral of 1914 is being ignored. Content with a formal status in the partnership of nations, the Dominions have forced the old measure of responsibility upon Downing Street, which has to act alone for the whole Empire because there is once again no adequate mechanism for Imperial co-operation in foreign affairs, and action of some kind cannot be postponed indefinitely.

"The road to closer co-operation is not at present clear, but in due course it must be found. The democracies of the Empire have yet to realise what the present situation means. The issue is in their hands, and time is necessary for the realities of their present equivocal status to sink into their minds.

"A constitutional conference will be necessary in the next few years in order to decide whether or not the British Commonwealth is to have the means of united influence and action in safeguarding the peace and order of the world. In the meantime it is the duty of good citizens in all parts of the Commonwealth to look the situation in the face and think out its implications for themselves."

Correspondence

"THE PLEASURE WAS ALL OURS"

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir: On behalf of the National Committee of the Young Men's Christian Associations of China I want to thank you very much for the wonderful publicity which your paper accorded to our 25th anniversary convention held in Tientsin. This publicity was a great help not only to the delegates present, but to a large number of those who were not able to be present. It has given the Y.M.C.A. movement in China a very great impetus which we shall certainly capitalise to the best of our ability. I am,

Very sincerely yours,

DAVID Z. T. YUI.

Shanghai, April 26, 1920.

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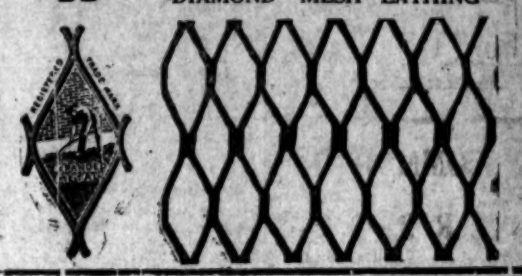

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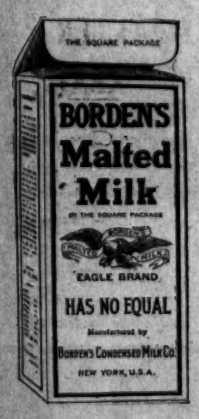

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AGENTS

The Dancing Detective

A Clever And Amusing Storiette

BY ROBERT C. M. BROWN

"What do you think of this, Tom? Isn't this a scream? She wants a 'private detective who must be a good dancer.' I wonder what the big idea is."

William Patterson handed the paper he had been reading to his friend, Tom Bowers, who was sitting at his ease in one of the large and comfortable armchairs which adorned the Country Club veranda.

Tom took the paper and looked at the Help Wanted advertisement that had amused his companion. "How do you know it's a girl, Patty, you poor fish?" demanded Tom. "There isn't any name except Sparkington."

"Of course, it's girl," answered Patty. "There isn't a man in the world who would put in an 'ad' like that. Can you imagine a detective who could possibly be a good dancer? Why, they're all a bunch of flat-footed, husky man hunters. Say, Tom, I'm going to answer that 'ad' just to see what kind of a girl could write as foolish a thing as that."

"Well, go to it, old man," said Tom. "I'm terribly curious to find out what she wants of a dancing detective."

Patterson left the club in his car and, guided by the address given in the advertisement, found that No. 274 was a very attractive and exceedingly expensive apartment house.

He told the hall boy he wanted to see Sparkington in answer to an advertisement in that morning's paper.

The hall boy let Patty off at the second floor with the curt remark: "Apartment 202."

NOT QUITE SURE

Patty found No. 202, but wasn't quite sure whether he wanted to go any farther in this foolish business. He had just decided to go back to the club when the door opened and the most wonderful creature that ever used a powder puff came hurriedly into the hall, slamming the door after her and bumping right into him with a surprised little "Oh! I beg your pardon!"

She started on at once, but Patterson had seen enough to want more and as she had come out of room 202 she must be Miss Sparkington.

"Pardon me, but I want to speak to Miss Sparkington," he said, just as she was turning the corner of the hall.

"There isn't any Miss Sparkington in this building, but I'm Mrs. Sparkington," she said, in a voice so sweet that it made Patty bless the inspiration that made him answer the advertisement. "Can I do anything for you?"

"I came in answer to an advertisement in this morning's paper for a private detective." He left out the dancing part for fear that this beautiful little woman would laugh at him.

"I put that advertisement in myself," she replied. "Won't you come in?" and she opened the door to her apartment.

When they were seated the first question she asked was:

"Are you a good dancer?"

"Why, yes. I enjoy dancing very much, and anybody who likes a certain thing and practises it all the time is bound to become efficient in that way. I've been dancing ever since I can remember.

"That's very nice. Now about your detective work. Where were you employed last and by whom?"

"I was employed by a wealthy widow," Patty lied readily, "who lives quite near here. And for reasons of her own she has made me give my word to keep her identity a secret. Therefore, I can give you no references, as practically all my clients wish their names kept quiet. But I am sure I can give you complete satisfaction if you but give me a trial."

SOUNDS LOGICAL

"Well, that sounds very logical, and I desire that my name be kept absolutely secret, too. As I am very much in need of someone to do this for me and as no one else has answered the advertisement, I will give you the undertaking. I will give you one hundred dollars if you can—" and then she told Patty the whole story.

The next night, after many explanations, Patty went, according to instructions, to a certain address in a fashionable neighborhood, where he called for a Miss Prembrook. Before this he had called her up on the telephone with a story to the effect that he was very anxious to meet her, having seen her in pictures and admired her work very much.

When he had reached her apartment and the awkward formalities of becoming acquainted were over, he suggested dinner and the theater, to which she readily agreed.

"It will be simply lovely," she told him, "but we must go some place where we can dance during dinner. Where will it be?"

"Let's go to the Fitz. They have wonderful music there and the food is very good."

In the meantime Mrs. Sparkington had left her apartment on some pretext, so that her husband would not think it strange that she should go out alone. She went to the corner drug store and called her own number. When her husband answered the telephone, she said in a disguised voice:

"Mr. Sparkington, Miss Pembrook left a message for me to call you at this time and tell you that she will be at the Fitz at six thirty, and she hopes that she will see you there."

When Mrs. Sparkington returned to the house, her husband was just putting on his hat to go out.

"Where are you going, dear?" she asked, as he started for the door.

"Business. Just got a telephone call. Got to appear at a directors' meeting. Good-by." And he was gone.

Mrs. Sparkington smiled to herself, and then, after waiting about five minutes, followed in the footsteps of her wayward husband. But before leaving she covered her radiant face with a black veil.

Patterson entered the Fitz with Miss Pembrook and secured a table by the wall.

If ever a man fell in love at first sight he had done so when he first beheld the lovely face of Mrs. Sparkington. He was thinking of her as he danced with the other woman. They danced a few dances. Patterson realised if he had not been a pretty good dancer, Miss Pembrook would have undoubtedly been disgusted and demanded that he take her home.

Here was the reason why Mrs. Sparkington had demanded that he be a good dancer. However, as he was very efficient in his newly found trade, they got along famously, and Miss Pembrook had no thought of leaving.

Patty saw a surprised look come over Miss Pembrook's face, then he saw her make a sign to a man standing in the doorway not to come over but to sit down at a nearby table. He knew this was Sparkington. The latter promptly did as she had signalled. It was not long before Mrs. Sparkington appeared.

Patterson was the only one who recognised her on account of the veil. She took a table which they had arranged that she should near the two occupied by Patterson, Miss Pembrook and Sparkington's.

PLAIN TO BE SEEN

It was very easy to see that Sparkington wanted to speak to Miss Pembrook, and as she became uneasy thinking that he had something important to tell her, she turned to Patterson, who had foreseen just such an occurrence.

"There's a very old friend of mine over at that table and I think he wants to say something to me," she said. "Do you mind if I have a few words with him?"

"Not at all," replied Patty. "Why not go into that vacant private room and I'll tell him that you want to speak to him in there."

"That's awfully kind of you," said Miss Pembrook. "Send him right in." And she started toward the private room.

As soon as she left the table Patty went over to that occupied by Sparkington and delivered the message. He waited until Sparkington had disappeared behind the curtain that formed the door to the private room and then he beckoned to Mrs. Sparkington, who immediately rose and followed him into the next private room to the one in which Miss Pembrook and her husband were unknowingly trapped.

"Have you got the pictaphone and the records all ready, Mr. Patterson?" Mrs. Sparkington asked in a whisper as they entered.

"Yes, everything is all set," he answered as he started the machine that he had placed there that afternoon. "But I wish you wouldn't call me Mr. Patterson. My name is Patty to the people I like very much."

"Oh, but you know I'm not divorced yet."

"Well, as soon as we get the evidence, will you call me Patty?" he asked eagerly, still speaking in a whisper.

"Yes, I will," she answered with one of her adorable smiles.

"And here's hoping that I hear that name come from your lips in the very near future!"

"Well, you might, but let's listen to what they're saying next door and know what's being registered on the record."

They both put the receivers to their ears and listened for a few minutes. Then Mrs. Sparkington, who was nearly bursting with excitement, leaned over and whispered:

"Are you sure that every word they are saying is being transmitted onto the record?"

"Positive," replied Patty. "Every word."

Then she could not hold her spirits down a moment longer.

"Oh! Patty! Patty! I've got my divorce!"

The Child's Mental Health

By BRICE BELDEN, M.D.

No feature of the Mental Hygiene campaign is more important than that which has to do with the protection of the mental health of children.

The Mental Hygiene campaign is now being carried on by committees of experts all over the United States and Canada. Its objects are to work for the conservation of mental health, to help in raising the standards of care for those suffering from or in danger of developing mental disorders, to promote the study of mental disease in its various forms and relations, and to disseminate knowledge concerning its causes, treatment and prevention.

The following things are essential if you would promote the mental health of your child:

Give him opportunity for a variety of wholesome activities and interests.

Train him to work hard in some regular occupation suited to his ability and talents, but to avoid fatigue by alternation of work and rest.

Train him to give attention to the present situation rather than to the future.

Train him to strict obedience in a few important matters and let him alone in regard to the unimportant things.

Avoid conditions that tend to produce overstrain or precocity. The special business of a young child is to be a child—to grow and to play with other children.

Protect him from shocks. Do not frighten him yourself or let other people do so.

Encourage frankness and directness.

Give him a variety of well cooked, wholesome food in ample quantity at regular intervals.

Train him to avoid drugs and stimulants of all kinds.

Train him to healthful habits of sleep in fresh air, giving opportunity for at least nine hours, and for more than that before the age of twelve.

If he shows any difficulties in adaptation—sleeplessness, emotional storms, fears, irritability, persistent delinquency—consult a physician at once.

Take advice of a competent person concerning the peculiar, sensitive or nervous child, in order to correct trouble by proper education and environment.

The best method of training is by example.

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CHRISTUS

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Vladivostok & Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan Ports	Kokura Maru	10.30	10.30	..	..	..	13.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	Manila Maru	..	15.30	..	..	..	15.00
Japan & A'rica via N'saki	Kokura Maru	..	..	..	..	11.00	19.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Manila M.	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Klangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Chenan	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, Straits, India & Europe via Suez	Havana M.	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Vladivostok & Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00					17.00
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Dairen via Tsingtau	Kobe Maru	..	..	..	..	8.00	..
Saturday, May 1.							
W'wei, C'foo, and T'tsin	Fengtien	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Fengtien	9.00	..	..	..	..	6.30
Swatow & Hongkong	Chenan	..	8.00	..	..	..	..
Manila Direct	Venezuela	16.30	..	..	..	..	16.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Hopsang	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	do	11.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Kingsing	9.00	..	..	..	..	6.30
W'wei, C'foo and T'tsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, May 4.							
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Sulyang	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Hongkong	do	..	10.00	..	..	..	..

B Letters and boxes with declared value at 7:30 p.m. Parcels at 4 p.m. and money orders at 3 p.m.
E Registered articles at 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.
a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train
Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 1 hour 35 minutes later than those closed for the previous night train.

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Apr. 27	Cruise	U. S. S. Wilmington		
Apr. 27	Cruise	U. S. S. Monocacy		
Apr. 27	Ningpo	Meinan	Am.	Socony.
Apr. 28	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Apr. 28	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Apr. 28	Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Apr. 28	Japan	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Apr. 28	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
Apr. 28	S., H'kong, C'ton	Fooshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Apr. 28	Marseilles	Sierra Ventana	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Apr. 28	Chefoo, Newchwang	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Apr. 28	Chinwangtao	Yei Maru 2	Jap.	K.M.A.
Apr. 28	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Apr. 28	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, April 29**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agent French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Kutwo**, 2,664 Tons, Captain Fouster, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Thursday, April 29**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passager Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kianghsin**, Capt. J. R. Milligan, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Siangyang Maru**, Capt. J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Thursday, April 29**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Tuckwo**, 2,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, April 30**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passenger Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Capt. J. Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, April 30**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Tatoo Maru**, Captain H. Asai, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, April 30**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Suiyang Maru**, Captain M. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Saturday, May 1**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, May 1**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shangking**, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, May 3**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agent French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Capt. Monkman, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Monday, May 3**, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, May 4**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Findelson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, May 4**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extension to Freight and Passage Department.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Thursday at 3:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Capt. C. Stewart, will leave on **Thursday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY, H'KONG, CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sunning**, Captain W. Benson, will leave from the Watung Wharf direct for the above ports on **Thursday, April 29**, at 7 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) Via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo wharf on **April 29.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central, No. 4234 & 4235.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. E. Edwardes, will leave on **Friday, April 30**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SIWRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from French Bund on **Saturday, May 1**, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hunan**, Captain Ayers, will leave on **Tuesday, May 4**, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, May 4**, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) Via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Capt. N. Kamizawa will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo wharf on **May 8.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

Newchwang.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Foochow**, Captain C. R. Mecham, will leave on **Thursday, April 29**, at 7 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kweilin**, Captain A. McDowell, will leave on **Friday, April 30**, at 8 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, May 1**, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, May 1**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kashing** Captain E. D. Blackburn, will leave on **Sunday, May 2**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, May 4**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN Via TSINGTAU.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo wharf on or about **16th May.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4 The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA & Seattle Calling at Victoria B. C. via Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu, & Yokohama.—The O.S.K. Str. **Manila Maru**, Capt. H. Yamaguchi, will be despatched on **April 30.** The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty on the afternoon of **29th.** For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

EUROPE via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg.—The Steamer **Havana Maru**, Capt. S. Imai, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **May 1.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

NEW YORK, JAPAN PORTS SAN FRANCISCO PANAMA and NEW YORK.—The Str. **Alaska Maru**, Captain W. Miura, will be despatched from Shanghai on or about **June 1, at** ——— For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Telphone Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Apr. 29	—	Tacoma, etc.	Manila Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
May 3	—	New York, Boston	Radnor	Am.	Adl. Line
May 4	—	San Francisco	West Inskip	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
May 4	—	New Orleans	West Hembrie	Am.	S. & Dix
May 4	—	Baltimore v. Panama	West Moreland	Am.	S. & Dix
May 5	—	Los Angeles	West Hemrod	Am.	L.A.P.N. Co.
May 6	—	San Francisco	†Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
May 6	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 7	—	New York	Tuscan Prince	Br.	S. Temes & Co.
May 8	—	Portland	Coaxet •	Am.	Adl. Line
May 8	—	Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
May 10	—	New York	Tsuyama M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 10	—	N. Y. v. Vancouver	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co
May 10	—	Seattle	C. of Spokane	Am.	Adl. Line
May 11	—	San Francisco	Elkhorn	Am.	S. & Dix
May 12	—	San Francisco	West Cadron	Am.	Dollar Co.
May 15	—	Seattle	Brave Couer	Am.	S. & Dix
May 18	—	San Francisco	†Nile	Am.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 18	—	Seattle	Toyohashi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 19	—	Seattle	West Jester	Am.	A. T. Co.
May 19	—	Baltimore	Eurana	Am.	S. & Dix.
May 21	—	New York	Eurymachus	Br.	B. & S.
May 22	—	San Francisco	†China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
May 22	—	San Francisco	†Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. C
May 23	—	Seattle	Edmore	Am.	Adl. Line
May 23	—	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
May 25	—	San Francisco	West Cahokia	Am.	S. & Dix
May 25	—	San Francisco	West Himrod	Am.	S. & Dix
May 29	—	Vancouver	†E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
May 30	—	Seattle	West Ivis	Am.	S. & Dix
May 30	—	Baltimore v. M'nean	West Boro	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
May 30	—	San Francisco	†Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
May 30	—	Seattle	†Kashima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 31	—	New York	Howick Hall	Br.	B. & S.
June 4	—	New Orleans	Editor	Am.	S. & Dix
June 5	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June 5	—	San Francisco	†Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
June 12	—	Vancouver	†Mongteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June 15	—	Seattle	Stanley	Am.	A. T. Co.
June 17	—	Vancouver, N. Y.	Bessie Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
June 19	—	San Francisco	†Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
June 20	—	San Francisco	†Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
July 12	—	Seattle	Maquan	Am.	A. T. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Apr. 29	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 1	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Chikugo M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 1	—	Kobe	Kitano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 5	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
may 7	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 8	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 12	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 14	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

May 2	—	Liverpool	Wakasa M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 4	—	London	†Nore	Br.	M. M. & Co.
May 5	—	London	Kazembe	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May 6	—	Liverpool	Keemun	Br.	B. & S.
May 6	—	A'dam, L'don, H'burg	Stentor	Br.	B. & S.
May 8	—	Marseilles	†Armand Behic	Fr.	M. M. Cie
May 9	—	Bombay	†Dunera	Br.	M.M. & Co.
May 10	—	London, etc.	†Mishima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 13	—	Liverpool	Idomeneus	Br.	B. & S.
May 15	—	R'dam, Hamburg	†Tjitaroem	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
May 15	—	Java	†Tjillwong	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
May 18	—	London	†Novara	Br.	M. M. & Co.
May 20	—	A'dam, L'don, A'erp	Telemachus	Br.	B. & S.
May 20	—	Liverpool	Priam	Br.	B. & S.
May 22	—	London	Glenade	Br.	G. L. E. A.
May 23	—	Hamburg, etc.	Toyooka Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 23	—	Trieste	Africa	Ital.	Dod. & Co.
May 23	—	M'lles, Liverpool	Kamakura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 24	—	London, etc.	†Sado Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 27	—	L'don, A'dam, A'werp	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
June 3	—	L'don, A'dam, H'burg	Neleus	Br.	B. & S.
June 1	—	Marseilles	Cardillere	Fr.	M. M. Cie
June 6	—	Scandinavia	Asia	Dan.	E. A. Co.
June 9	—	Scandinavia	Siam	Dan.	E.A. Co.
June 17	—	L'don, A'ham, A'werp	Deucalion	Br.	B. & S.
June 24	—	Genoa, M'lles, L'pool	Talthybius	Br.	B. & S.
June 30	—	Marseilles	†Porthos	Fr.	M. M. Cie
July 1	—	L., A'dam, H'burg	Helenus	Br.	B. & S.
July 11	—	Marseilles	†Amazone	Fr.	M. M. Cie

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Apr.	29	4.00	Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Apr.	29	8.00*	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	29	—	Hongkong, Canton	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Apr.	30	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	30	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
May	1	9.00*	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
May	1	—	Manila, Hongkong	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
May	1	noon	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Hopsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May	4	11.00*	Hongkong, Canton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
May	4	11.00*	Hongkong, Canton	Hunan	Br.	B. & S.
May	6	—	Hongkong	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
May	7	—	Hongkong	Kashima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May	13	—	Hongkong	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
May	14	—	Hongkong	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co
May	17	—	Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Apr.	29	D.L. Chefoo, Newchwang	Esang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Apr.	29	8.00* Newchwang	Foochow	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	30	8.00* Antung	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	30	9.00* Tsingtau, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.K.
May	1	9.00* Tsingtau	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
May	1	10.00* W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
May	1	10.00* W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Kingsing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
May	2	10.00* Newchwang	Kashing	Br.	B. & S.
May	4	3.00 W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
May	4	— Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Apr.	29	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Apr.	29	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	29	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Siangyang M.	Jap.	N. K. K.
Apr.	29	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Apr.	30	8.00 Hankow	Kiukung	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	30	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Apr.	30	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	30	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatoo Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Apr.	30	8.00* Wuhu	Holhow	Br.	B. & S.
May	1	9.00* Hankow	Kansu	Br.	B. & S.
May	1	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
May	1	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
May	2	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangteo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
May	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
May	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
May	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
May	3	11.00* Pukow	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
May	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
May	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
May	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hangchow	Br.	B. & S.
May	4	11.00 Wuhu	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
May	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.			

† CARRYING MAIL.
* A. M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGHT

Arrivals

Date		From	Ships Name	Flag	Agents
Apr.	27	— Hankow, etc.	Klanghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Apr.	28	— Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Apr.	28*	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	28	— Calcutta	Muttra	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Apr.	28	— Chinwangtao	Fusan Maru	Jap.	K. M. A.
Apr.	28	— Chinwangtao	Shinsei Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Apr.	28	—	Unda	Br.	B. P. Co.
Apr.	28	— Japan	Anse Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Apr.	28	— Tientsin, etc.	Kingsing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Apr.	28	— Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Apr.	28	— Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	28	— Hongkong	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	28	— Japan	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.
S.S. "LUENYI" ..... sails midnight, April 29th.
S.S. "NGANKIN" ..... sails midnight, April 30th.

Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and PEKING via TIENTSIN).
S.S. "FENGTIEN" ..... sails May 1st, at 10 a.m.
S.S. "TUNGCHOW" ..... sails May 4th, 3 p.m.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.
S.S. "SUNNING" ..... Via Amoy, sails April 29th, at 8 a.m.
S.S. "CHENAN" ..... Via Swatow, May 1st.
S.S. "HUNAN" ..... direct, May 4th, at 11 a.m.

Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR TSINGTAO.
S.S. "TEAN" ..... sails May 1st, 9 a.m.

FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING" ..... at 4.30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc. see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents,
French Bund.

Tel. Nos:
Passengers: Central No. 461.
Freight: Central No. 77.

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR EUROPE Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
HAVANA MARU	15,000	S. Imai,	April 28	May 1

This steamer will not call at Marseilles.

FOR NEW YORK via PANNAMA Japan ports, San Francisco, Panama, New York
*ALASKA MARU .... 15,000 W. Miura, May 30 June 1

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.
MANILA MARU .... 20,000 H. Yamaguchi, Apr. 28 Apr. 30

FOR HONGKONG
AFRICA MARU .... 18,000 H. Yamamoto, May 11 May 12

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtao, Tientsin and Dairen).
KOHOKU MARU .... 5,000 M. Tsubaki, May 14 May 16

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).
KEELUNG MARU ... 3,000 Capt. N. Kamizawa, May 6 May 8

Those steamers marked* have no passenger accommodation.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235. Union Building, 4 The Bund.
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside, Tel. Nos. East 208, 209 & 212
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai.

THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR SEATTLE
S.S. CITY OF SPOKANE Sails about May 10th
S.S. EDMORE Sails about May 22nd

FOR PORTLAND
S.S. COAXET Sails about May 8th

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U.S. and Canadian Overland Points. For Freight and Particulars apply to

THE ADMIRAL LINE
JOHN J. GORMAN, *General Agent*
GEO. A. HEYBURN, *Asst. Gen. Agent*
Telegraphic Address: "ADMIRALINE."
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone Central 1471.

JAMES MAGILL & Co.
Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
Telephone 1848 83, Szechuen Road

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO
AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu	For Hongkong via Manila
S.S. Venezuela ..... May 22	S.S. Venezuela ..... May 1
S.S. Ecuador ..... June 19	S.S. Ecuador ..... May 29
S.S. Colombia ..... July 17	S.S. Colombia .... June 26

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS

	Due at Shanghai	Leave for San Francisco
WEST NIGER	——	——
WEST INSKIP	In port	May 3
EASTERN MERCHANT	May 1	May 29
WEST CADDOA	May 11	——
WEST SELENE	May 8	——

ROUND THE WORLD SERVICE
For Singapore, Colombo, Mediterranean Ports and Baltimore.
MONTHLY SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
WEST BORO ..... May 30

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA

BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via
Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
KOREA MARU ..... May 6, 1920
TENYO MARU ..... May 20, 1920
SHINYO MARU ..... June 20, 1920

FOR HONGKONG
TENYO MARU ..... May 13, 1920

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph. Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings
Telephone No. 3229.

LLOYD TRIESTINO
Fast Passenger Service, Regular Sailings
for
Trieste and Adriatic Ports
taking cargo on through Bill of Lading
to
Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports.
Next sailings:—
*S.S. "AFRICA" about 23rd May
* Carrying Passengers.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
AGENTS
Union Building Telephone Central 1693

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
Passengers and Freight
S.S. "NANKING"
(15,000 TONS)
S.S. "NILE" (14,000 TONS) S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NILE"	MAY	18th
*S.S. "CHINA"	MAY	26th
S.S. "NANKING"	JUNE	5th

*Will omit Yokohama and Honolulu
†S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NILE"	MAY	5th
S.S. "CHINA"	MAY	14th
S.S. "NANKING"	MAY	23rd

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, AGENT.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773 Cable Address: "CHIMAIL"

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, Marseilles, London and Antwerp:—

	Tons		
MISHIMA MARU ...	16,000	Capt. S. Takaho,	May 14
SODA MARU	12,500	Capt. N. Tanaka,	May 24

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE.

For London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, and Hamburg via ports:—

TOYOOKA AMRU ...	15,000	Capt. S. Shiratori,	May 23

For Genoa, Marseilles and Liverpool via ports: —

WAKASA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. M. Goto,	May 3
KAMAKURA MARU.	12,500	Capt. S. Shioya,	May 25

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, and Seattle:—

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. K. Shimidzu,	May 6
TOYOHASHI MARU.	15,000	Capt. K. Hayashi,	May 18
KASHIMA MARU ...	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	May 30

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA

TSUYAMA MARU...	15,000	Capt. O. Sakamoto,	May 10

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KOKURA MARU ..	4,500	Capt. S. Ito,	April 29
KASUGA MARU ...	7,000	Capt. K. Inatsu,	May 7
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Terada,	May 14

FOR JAPAN

KITANO MARU	16,000	Capt. F. E. Cope,	May 1

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. T. Kusano,	May 1
KUMANO MARU ...	9,500	Capt. S. Sasaki,	
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. G. Shinomiya,	May 8
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Kishimoto,	May 12

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU ..	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	May 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Toisawa,	May 30

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Manila).

NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamasaki,	April 30
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Shibata,	May 19
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	June 23

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

HOLLAND-EAST ASIATIC SERVICE

REGULAR MONTHLY SERVICE FROM

Japan Ports, Shanghai and Hongkong to Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen. Sailings subject to alterations.

FOR	STEAMER	LOADING
Rotterdam & Hamburg	"TJITAROEM"	about middle June
Amsterdam & Hamburg	"BATJAN"	about middle July

For full particulars, please apply to

HOLLAND CHINA TRADING CO.
Agents.
43, Kiangse Road, Shanghai. Telephone, Central 4754

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON
Via Panama
S.S. "RADNOR" ..... May 3

FOR SAN FRANCISCO VIA HONOLULU
S.S. "WEST-WIND" ..... April 30
Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board
For rates and particulars apply to

THE BARBER S.S. LINES, INC.
THE ADMIRAL LINE, Agents.
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471

STRUTHERS & DIXON
INCORPORATED

Amalgamated with
COSMOPOLITAN SHIPPING CO. NEW YORK — GREEN STAR LINE NEW YORK
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

Due INWARD		Sailing OUTWARD	
Steamer	Date	Steamer	Date
West Himrod*	May 7	Elkhorn*	May 11
Duel†	May 22	Brave Couer†	May 15
West Henshaw*	May 30	West Ivis†	May 30
Eastern Trader*	June 6	West Himrod*	June 3

(If sufficient inducement offers)

* San Francisco † Seattle

Through B/Ls issued to all Overland Points in U.S.A. and Canada
ATLANTIC & GULF PORTS VIA PANAMA SERVICE

Due INWARD		Sailing OUTWARD	
West Hembrie†	April 30	West Hembrie†	May 4
Eurana*	May 15	Eurana*	" 19
Lancaster*	May 30	Lancaster*	June 4
West Moreland* and Fortnightly	June 15	West Moreland* and Fortnightly	June 20

* Baltimore † New Orleans

For rates, space or other particulars, apply to
EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR THE FAR EAST, Shanghai, China.
SHANGHAI OFFICE, 7, Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 2557.
L. EVERETT, Vice-Pres. J. S. EMENS, Agent
Telegrams "DIXSTRUTH"

Information For Mariners

THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1920

High Water at Woosung Bar
(The morning tides are higher than the evening tides, they are equal at noon and midnight).
Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time	A.M. Range	P.M. Time	P.M. Range
9h. 56m.	5ft. 7in.	10h. 25m.	6ft. 11in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The morning tides are higher than the evening tides).
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H	A.M. M	P.M. H	P.M. M
8	28	8	59

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
3 10 p.m.	2 45 a.m.	5h. 18m.	6h. 37m.	4h. 33m.	7h. 22m.

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai
For April 30.00 in.
762.0 mm.

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S.S. Lines

(Companies Incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT
S.S. "NORE" 4th May
S.S. "NOVARA" 8th May

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
DUNERA 9th May

FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN
S.S. "MUTTRA" 30th April

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "ST. ALBANS" about 30th April

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2030

CPOS

ATLANTIC RESERVATIONS

Can be arranged by cable or letter for all passengers to America, whether crossing Pacific via C.P.O.S. steamer or outside steamer. Frequent sailings Montreal to Liverpool, London and Glasgow. Passage orders issued here with reservations endorsed thereon

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SOLD

PACIFIC SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila & Hongkong	
Emp. of Russia	May 8	†Emp. of Japan	May 17
Emp. of Japan	May 20	*Emp. of Asia	May 21
Emp. of Asia	June 5	†Monteagle	May 24
Monteagle	June 12	*Via Manila	
		† To Hongkong direct.	

For Fares, Tickets and other information apply to

Freight Office	Passenger Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai.	Palace Hotel 19 The Bund Shanghai,
Telephone, Central 181	Telephone, Central 182

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

FRANK WATERHOUSE & CO.

PUGET SOUND TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

SEATTLE-MANILA via SHANGHAI & HONGKONG

	WEST BOUND arrive Shanghai	EAST BOUND leave Shanghai
STANLEY	May 14	June 15
MAQUAN	June 11	July 12
WEST IVAN	July 9	Aug. 10

Operated for account of UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD
For rates and particulars apply to

AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY
AGENTS
53 SZECHUEN ROAD Telephone Central 944

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Ecuador	Mar.	28
West Harts	Mar.	29
Nanking	Mar.	29
China	Mar.	31
Shinyo Maru	Apr.	4
West Ira	Apr.	5
Satanta	Apr.	6
Broad Arrow	Apr.	21
Colombia	Apr.	25
West Elcajon	Apr.	27
For Tacoma		
Abercos	Mar.	28
For Seattle		
Fushimi Maru	Mar.	21
Tajima Maru	Apr.	1
Elkton	Apr.	3
Milkesan Maru	Apr.	6
Hwahwu	Apr.	7
Katori Maru	Apr.	17
For Portland		
Abercos	Mar.	2
Pawlet	Apr.	18
For Vancouver		
Empress of Japan	Apr.	1
Monteagle	Apr.	3
Empress of Asia	Apr.	11
Methven	Apr.	17
Melville Dollar	Apr.	20
Harold Dollar	Apr.	27
For New York		
Toyohashi Maru	Mar.	28
Winyah	Apr.	2
Gaelic Prince	Apr.	8
Amur Maru	Apr.	9
Genoa Maru	Apr.	20
Charlton Hall	Apr.	22
Luceric	Apr.	23
For London etc.		
Hyson	Mar.	20
Banca	Apr.	1
Kaga Maru	Apr.	1
Andes Maru	Apr.	4
Knight Companion	Apr.	7
Eurypylus	Apr.	9
Khiva	Apr.	12
Rhesus	Apr.	19
Yokohama Maru	Apr.	21
City of Norwich	Apr.	22
Mentor	Apr.	22
Glenliffer	Apr.	25
Tamba Maru	Apr.	26
For Sabang (Netherland)		
Scotland Maru	Apr.	6
For Copenhagen		
Chile	Mar.	27
Siam	Apr.	26
For Hamburg		
Dakar Maru	Apr.	8
For Marseilles		
Paul Lecat	Apr.	1
Andre Lebon	Apr.	23
Sierra Ventana	Apr.	27
For Trieste		
Pilsna	Mar.	26
Innsbruck	Apr.	22
For Bombay		
Dilwara	Apr.	10
For Calcutta		
Madras	Mar.	29
Gregory Apcar	Apr.	8
For Saigon		
West Irmo	Mar.	23
Hwahjah	Apr.	15
For Java		
Tjibodas	Apr.	4
For Sydney		
Hwahping	Apr.	9

Vessels Due

Armand Behic, *Japan*	May	6
Cheklang, *Tientsin*	May	1
Chenan, *Tsingtau*	Apr.	29
Chungking, *Hankow*	May	3
Cordillere, *Marseilles*	May	4
Dunera, *Bombay*	May	4
Feiching, *Foochow*	Apr.	30
Glenade, *London*	Apr.	29
Hopsang, *Hongkong*	Apr.	29
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	Apr.	30
Hsinfung, *Hankow*	Apr.	30
Hsinfung, *Hankow*	May	2
Javary, *Seattle*	Apr.	30
Japan, *Copenhagen*	May	1
Kiangwah, *Hankow*	May	4
Kitano Maru, *London*	Apr.	30
Kuling, *Hankow*	Apr.	30
Kumano Maru, *Japan*	May	2
Kiangfoo, *Hankow*	May	1
Kobe Maru, *Dairen*	Apr.	29
Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	Apr.	29
Kashima Maru, *Seattle*	May	5
Kwongsang, *Hongkong*	May	3
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	May	3
Loongwo, *Hankow*	May	2
Lucnho, *Hankow*	May	5
Ngankin, *Hankow*	Apr.	29
Nore, *Japan*	May	4
Ningshin, *Foochow*	Apr.	30
Novara, *London*	May	1
Nile, *San Francisco*	May	5
Priam, *Liverpool*	Apr.	25
Sakaki Maru, *Dairen*	May	3
Shantung, *Hongkong*	May	1
Shengking, *Hankow*	May	2
Sinkiang, *Hongkong*	May	3
Suiwo, *Hankow*	May	6
Tungchow, *Tientsin*	May	2
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	May	5
Simbirsk, *Vladivostok*	May	5
Tatung, *Hankow*	May	6
Tean, *Tsinglau*	May	6
Tuckwo, *Hankow*	Apr.	29
Venezuela, *San Francisco*	Apr.	29
Woosung, *Hankow*	Apr.	30
Yingchow, *Hongkong*	May	6

Launch Services

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 8 a.m.

Friday, May 7, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.

Saturday, May 8, 1920.

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Armand Behic will leave the M.M. Jetty at (French Bund) at 10 a.m.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Dec. 2	—	Japan	Taiho Maru	Jap.
Dec. 4	—	River ports	Lingyun	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 6	—	Chinwangtao	Indigirka	
Dec. 16	—	Hankow	Meitan	Am. Socony.
Dec. 26	—		Kaniing	Chi.
Dec. 25	—		Newchow	
Jan. 15	—		Meihu	Am. Socony.
Jan. 21	—	Japan	Kifune Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
Feb. 5	—	Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan. G.N.T. Co.
Feb. 15	—	River ports	Tahehuen	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Mar. 19	—	Japan	Kiyo Maru	Jap. Kaiyosha
Mar. 22	—		Chienan	Chi. W. & Co.
Mar. 24	—		Astrakan	Br. A.P. Co.
Apr. 1	—	Tsingtau	Shinfoo	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Apr. 10	—	River ports	Hwahlee	Chi. J.M. & Co.
Apr. 14	—	.....	Palembang	Br. A.P. Co.
Apr. 16	—	Foochow	Yungshin	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Apr. 18	—		Wosang	Br. J.M. & Co.
Apr. 19	—	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Apr. 22	—	Tientsin	Stasia	Fr. S.M.C. de P.
Apr. 23	—	Hongkong	M. S. Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
Apr. 21	—	Japan	Haldis	Nor. O. Thor.
Apr. 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Meian	Am. Socony.
Apr. 24	—	New York	Dryden	Am. Adl. Line
Apr. 25	—	Seattle	Justin	Am. G.S.S. C.
Apr. 25	—	Japan	Nissei Maru	Jap. M.Y.K.
Apr. 25	—	Seattle	Delight	Am. A. T. Co.
Apr. 25	—	New York	Ajax	Br. H. & S.
Apr. 26	—	Japan	Paling Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Apr. 26	—	Hankow	Tsecngtah	Br. C.I. & E.L. Co.
Apr. 26	—	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
Apr. 26	—	Hankow, etc.	Ningshao	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Apr. 26	—	Hankow, etc.	Tachang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Apr. 26	—	Chefoo	Hwahkuei	Chi N.S.S.N. Co.
Apr. 26	—	Newchwang	Esang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Apr. 27	—	Amoy	Tungwah	Chi C.M.S.N. Co.
Apr. 27	—	Japan	Torin Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
Apr. 27	—	Japan	Kokura Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Apr. 27	—	London	Glenluce	Br. G.L.E.A.
Apr. 27	—	Japan	Sakurajima M.	Jap. M.S.K.
Apr. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Siangyang M.	Jap. N.K.K.
Apr. 27	—	Foochow	Kienhsin	Chi. W. & Co.
Apr. 27	—	Hongkong	Saichou	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Apr. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Kiangshsin	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Apr. 28	—	Calcutta	Muttra	Br. M. M. & Co.
Apr. 28	—	Chinwangtao	Fusan Maru	Jap. K. M. A.
Apr. 28	—	Chinwangtao	Shinsei Maru	Jap. K.M.A.
Apr. 28	—		Unda	Br. A. P. Co.
Apr. 28	—	Japan	Anse Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Apr. 28	—	Tientsin, etc.	Kingsing	Br. J. M. & Co.
Apr. 28	—	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
Apr. 28	—	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
Apr. 28	—	Hongkong	Tean	Br. B. & S.
Apr. 28	—	Japan	Chikugo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
P. & O. B.I.	Mar. 28	Alacrity	Br. gun-boat
KND	Apr. 1	Fushimi	Jap. gun-boat
I.C.	Apr. 17	Gen. Alava	Am. gun-boat
BXIII	Apr. 10	Hawkins	Br. cruiser
B.N.B.	Mar. 26	Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
S'chow Creek	Oct. 29	M. A. S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S'chow Creek	Oct. 29	M. A. S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser

Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Tatoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shangai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Tsingtau for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Feiching left Foochow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Cheklang left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Hopsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Hongkong and Swatow today.

The P. and O. s.s. Huntsgreen was expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Monday.

The P. and O. s.s. Novara from London, was expected to leave Hongkong yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The P. and O. s.s. Nore is expected to leave Moji for Shanghai next Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Hoihow is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Swatow today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Priam from Liverpool, left Hongkong on Sunday and is due in Shanghai today.

The G. L. m.v. Glenade from London, left Hongkong on Monday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Kwongsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow next Monday.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Dairen this morning and will sail for Tsingtau and Dairen tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. The passenger tender will leave the Customs jetty one hour earlier.

The K.M.A. s.s. Kaiping left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kuling left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangchi will leave Hinghwa for Wenchow today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchang will leave Tientsin for Hongkong and Canton direct tomorrow.

The P. and O. s.s. Nellore from London, was expected to leave Bombay for Straits, Hongkong and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Dunera from Bombay, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Saturday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Tydeus from Liverpool, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kitano Maru from Europe, left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday and is expected to arrive at the Wayside Wharf about noon tomorrow The Kitano sails for Kobe on Saturday.

The P.M. s.s. Venezuela is expected to arrive in Shanghai from San Francisco, Honolulu and Japan ports this morning and will dock at the China Marchants' Central Wharf about seven o'clock. The Venezuela most probably will leave for Manila and Hongkong tomorrow morning.

The M.M. s.s. Cordillere, with the French mails of March 25 will arrive at Hongkong tomorrow morning at nine o'clock and may be expected to arrive in Shanghai on Tuesday, May 4.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Mr. and Mrs. Murray, Miss Wadman, Messrs. H. P. Wadman, A. A. Sequiera, D. A. Van Kenck.

Per C.M. s.s. Kianghsin from Hankow: Mr. C. Martin.

Per C.N. s.s. Luenyi from Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Avery, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm and 2 children, Mr. Elgear, Mrs. R. Coltman.

Per I.C. s.s. Kutwo from Hankow: Messrs. A. C. Holbarow, W. C. Loynes, Mrs. L. Tcurchinsing, Dr. and Mrs. Vanderburgh and child.

Per C.N. s.s. Tean from Hongkong: Mrs. and Miss Dawson, Mrs. and Miss Norris, Mr. and Mrs. Phoenix, Mr. and Mrs. Amory, Messrs. J. Ragar, Taines, N. Choucher, R. Watanabe, S. M. Cooper.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru from Japan: Messrs. B. Golf, P. S. Brockman, L. Hodons, Mr. and Mrs. Semtchavsky.

Per B. L. s.s. Muttra from Calcutta: Rev. J. C. Kevis, Mr. H. N. Vague; from Hongkong: Mrs. C. M. G. Furnie, Major Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. Brady, Mrs. Staton, Messrs. Scarborough, Parlow, E. M. Joseph, A. E. Joseph, Shesley, Poon Fun-cho, Tsang Hi-chow, Chang Wai-sing, C. E. Therington, R. C. Davies, Gardonnerie, W. H. Robling, Chu Wai-sang, S. Chew, S. C. Feng.

SHEIK IN U. S. SEEKS $100,000,000 GIRL

Fiancee Of Amir Of Hedjaz Believed To Have Fled With American Fighter

SEARCH IS WORLDWIDE

Father, 'Rockefeller Of Turkey,' Dies Of Grief After Disappearance

New York, March 8.—Ben Hahomet, a sheik of Arabia and brother of the Amir of Hedjaz has come to New York in search for Sari, a young Turkish heiress, who disappeared about the time of the armistice. The girl, he says, was his brother's fiancee, and the daughter of Hadahismo, one of the richest men in Turkey, who died from grief over her disappearance, leaving her about $100,000,000.

Somewhere in America, Ben Mahomet said last night at the Hotel Majestic, where he arrived yesterday, he expects to find the girl. She was last seen talking to an American soldier or sailor, soon after an American warship had docked at Constantinople. Money will be no object in the quest, Ben Mahomet declared.

Surrounded by his retinue of servants and six of his fellow-countrymen who have accompanied him on his mission, the Sheik received a New York Times reporter last night at the Hotel Majestic and told him the story of the girl's disappearance and the world-wide search for her that followed. He spoke at first in fluent French, but later broke into English, which, he said, he learned while he was a student in Cambridge, England, but which, he added apologetically, he had forgotten these many years.

Sari is 17 years old. She was known throughout Turkey for her beauty and her charity, aside from the fact that her father was, as Ben Mahomet explained, "like Rockefeller is in America." Hadahismo's name, the Sheik spoke almost reverently, describing him as "the biggest man in Turkey." She lived with her father in a big palace in Stamboul.

Since her mother died, the Sheik said, the girl had been accustomed to go about the city unveiled. She visited all the quarters of the city in her charitable work, and there was no one who believed that she would not be safe anywhere, so great was the peoples' love for her. They knew, too, that she was betrothed to the Amir of Hedjaz, who though a young man of 25, has a name to conjure with in Stamboul.

It was soon after the armistice—Ben Mahomet could not fix the date according to our calendar—when Sari disappeared. She had been about Stamboul that day, where many persons later said they saw her, but suddenly she dropped out of sight. When she did not return home her father became frantic, and put every means at his disposal to work on the search. The city was combed, but no trace was found of her.

There were conflicting stories about the place where Sari was last seen. Stamboul, at the time, was filled with the soldiers and sailors of many strange lands. An American warship, the sheik said, had arrived there, and Sari's nurse had spoken about seeing her talk to an American. He did not know whether it was a soldier or sailor.

When it was felt certain that Sari had left Stamboul, either voluntarily or with an abductor, the Amir asked his brother to go in search of her. He took with him six friends, all prominent in Stamboul, and sailed for France. They went all over France and into Italy and, when they found no trace of the girl, they went to Gibraltar and Tangiers, and from there sailed for America. Landing at Halifax, they hurried on to New York, where a suite had been reserved for them at the Majestic.

Ben Mahomet said that he would not take up officially the matter of the girl's disappearance, for the present at least. He has been in connection with the Burns and O'Farrel detective agencies and a private search will be started. He said that he would offer a large reward.

Should the detectives fail in their search, Ben Mahomet said, he will go to the Government at Washington and ask them to help him in the search. It was said that he might try to trace the American soldier or sailor with whom the girl is through the War and Navy Departments, by learning what ships or detachments of the army were in Stamboul about the time Sari was missed.

"We will offer a big reward," he said. "Sari has a big fortune and unless she is found it will all go to the State. We shall probably stay in New York until the search is well started."

Siccawei Weather Reports

27.—The depression moves from the Loochoos to the northeastern neighborhood of Tokyo; another low center appears to the N. of Peking. Midway between them a moderate anticyclone lies between Hunan and Korea. Very fine weather in Central and N. China overcast in the S. Remarkably high temperature in Chihli.

ESTABLISHED 1870

L. MOORE & Co
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AUCTIONEERS VALUERS LAND BROKERS
48 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

FRIDAY, April 30th.—A Superb Collection of Jewellery good silver and E. P. Ware in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

FRIDAY, April 30th.—Excellent Household Furniture in the flat in Custom House over Coast Inspector's Office.

SATURDAY, May 1st.—At Ben Buildings 25 Avenue Edward VII Superior Household Furniture and Sundries at 10 a.m.

SATURDAY, May 1st.—A fine assortment of Postage Stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

SATURDAY, May 1st.—At Nanking Road Jetty at 12.15 the Motor Houseboat "Peerless".

NEW BOOKS

Just arrived from America and Paris

Bentley's Complete Phrase Code Book (New Edition)	$20.00
Western Union Telegraphic Code (Universal Edition)	30.00
The New Supreme Webster's Dictionary (Full Leather)	3.00
English-Russian and Russian-English Dictionary (By M. Galeninsky)	7.00
Cassell's New Dictionary of French-English and English-French	3.00
Peking Dust (By Ellen N. Lamotte)	2.25
A. B. C. Code 5th Edition	25.00
Webster's New International Dictionary for 1920	13.50
French Newspapers	0.10

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The Chinese Benevolent Association

271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques

Benevolent Fund Ticket

First Prize $50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 8th July, 1918.

To be drawn among 40,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai, China, on May 2nd, 1920

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.50, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing, proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.

Price for Whole Tickets: $5.00

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.

All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des Deux Republiques, Shanghai); if abroad, will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

The Chinese Benevolent Association

NO LACK OF MICE FOR RESEARCH

They Were Scarce Until Prices Dropped Abruptly, Says Cancer Report

LIGHT ON MALIGNANCY

Many Deluded By The Belief That It Is Hereditary Or Contagious

New York, March 22.—Through the sixth annual report of the George Crocker Special Research Fund of Columbia University, which treats of cancer investigation, attention is called to difficulties of the industry which has arisen in late years in the breeding of mice and other small animals for scientific experiment. Through changing conditions, many of these breeders have failed in recent months, according to the report. In the matter of obtaining stocks of mice for experimental purposes, normal conditions have now been re-established and research is no longer impeded by any scarcity.

Dr. Francis Carter Wood, Director of the research fund, records the large increase in the number of patients applying at the Columbia Laboratories for treatment with X-rays and radium, as well as in the number of people seeking authoritative information on the subject. He deplores the delusion that cancer is hereditary or contagious.

"In keeping with what occurred in other forms of business," says Dr. Wood, "the high prices offered by the Government for mice for scientific experiments enormously stimulated their breeding, with the result that when the demand ceased abruptly many persons found themselves 'heavily overstocked.' It is impossible to profitably carry mice over for any length of time, with the idea of selling at a future date. The result has been that the price has fallen, in some instances even to below pre-war levels, and many breeders have been forced out of business because the cost of food and labor has remained high, while the profit has fallen, until in many cases it has become a minus quantity.

EXPORTED THEM TO TOKIO

"As usual in past years mice bearing standard tumors have been furnished to other laboratories on request, among these the Department of Pathology of Washington University, the Maine State Department of Health, the Rockefeller Institute and the New York State Institute for the Study of Malignant Diseases, and attempts are being made to send a supply even to the Pathological Institute of the Imperial University of Tokio, although the vicissitudes of the voyage make it difficult to keep the animals alive and well for the long period necessary.

"The Summer session course in the diagnosis of tumors was unusually successful owing to the large number of well trained men who presented themselves and of teachers from other institutions. Such an increase is quite in line with the trend of medical practice.

"Time was when the surgeon considered anatomy as of far more importance in his intellectual armamentarium than pathology, but of recent years, with the codification of operative procedures, an extensive knowledge of anatomical details is becoming less important, and it is being realised that especially in tumor surgery an accurate knowledge of pathology is extremely necessary for the best results.

"Both lay and professional opinion has changed greatly in the last few years as regards the fundamental necessity of accurate laboratory diagnosis for surgical material, and the American College of Surgeons has recently laid especial stress on this point.

NEED GOOD MEN

"The difficulty at present is that there are more laboratories than there are men competent to work in them. The use of technicians without medical education to make diagnoses on tumors has resulted in some very unfortunate mistakes which might easily have led to legal action had the patient been aware of the facts. There is in consequence a growing demand for physicians trained in tumor diagnosis, and it is exactly this demand which the Summer course of the Crocker Fund is intended to meet.

"At the request of Professor Jobling the staff of the Crocker Fund assumed responsibility for that portion of the course, in pathological histology at the College of Physicians and Surgeons which considers the structure and nature of tumors. In pursuance of Professor Jobling's wish, Professors Wood and Woglom took charge of the third-year class in pathology for a period of three weeks. Such correlation between departments is valuable as it brings together men who are working on similar problems in different laboratories and results in a useful interchange of ideas.

"Dr. S. Itami reported a case of mammary carcinoma in a cat and published a refutation of the claim of certain French physicians that magnesium salts are of benefit in the treatment of cancer. A number of other papers were published during the year, and experiments are in progress on the measurement of the quantity of X-ray required to kill tumor cells, on the conditions which underlie immunity to tumor inoculation, and on the relation of the spleen to infection.

MANY SEEK TREATMENT

"During the year a large number of patients have been treated with X-rays and radium, and the number of persons so applying has increased to such an extent that plans are under way for a considerable augmentation of the staff, to care for those who desire the opportunities which the Crocker Fund can offer. In addition to those coming for treatment, a large and rapidly increasing number of persons have applied at the laboratory for diagnosis, either of their own volition or because sent by their physicians. Many such persons have been found to be suffering from operable malignant growths and have been referred to surgical colleagues for suitable treatment. In some cases the condition has been inoperable and such patients have been treated in this or referred to other institutions for proper care. Others have been found to have only beginning tumors, many of which need no treatment. A not inconsiderable group are those still under the delusion that cancer is hereditary or contagious and come for information on this point.

"The number of tumor specimens sent in for diagnosis has also rapidly increased, and they are now coming from all portions of the country—from Maine to the Pacific Coast. Many of these specimens are of great scientific interest apart from the question of diagnosis, and add to the value of our teaching and reference collection of tumors."

Blizzard Orphan Happy In Uncle's Home

Baby Lena Lamphear

Baby Lena Lamphear is crying because she objects to having her picture taken. The eighteen-months-old baby was found in a little house tucked away in the hills at Ancram, New York. Both mother and father were dead from pneumonia when help arrived. The child will be reared by her uncle whose home is in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Amusements

Lyceum Theatre
SHANGHAI
NIGHTLY 9-15

The Great English Actress

MARIE TEMPEST

In association with GRAHAM BROWNE and World-Tour Company In a Repertoire of Famous "Tempest" Comedies.

Tonight
W. Somerset Maugham's Sparkling Comedy,
"PENELOPE"

Friday.
Cosmo Gordon Lennox's Comedy,
"THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY"

Saturday.
Captain Robert Marshall's Comedy,
"DUKE OF KILLIECRANKIE"

By special request the following plays will be repeated during the last week of the company's visit to Shanghai:—
Next Week:
Monday.
Clare Kummer's Romantic Farce-Comedy,
"GOOD GRACIOUS ANNABELLE"

Tuesday.
Anthony Wharton's Comedy,
"AT THE BARN"

Wednesday.
Hubert Henry Davis' Comedy,
"COUSIN KATE"

Thursday.
Hubert Henry Davis' Social Indictment,
"OUTCASTS"

Friday.
W. Somerset Maughan's Comedy,
"MRS. DOT"

Saturday.
Henry Arthur Jones' Comedy,
"MARY GOES FIRST"

PLANS AT MOUTRIE'S
POPULAR PRICES
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Private Boxes $15 29203

Amusements

VICTORIA THEATRE

Showing on April 28th and 29th
VIVIAN MARTIN
in
"THE FAIR BARBARIAN"

Commencing Friday, 30th
GERALDINE FANAR
in
"THE DEVIL STONE"
and
"FATTY" Arbucke
in
"THE BUTCHER BOY"

Amusements

OLYMPIC TONIGHT at 9.15 p.m.
THE POPULAR
HUMPHREY BISHOP
Comedy and Operatic Company
SCORE ANOTHER SUCCESS!
with their 2nd Programme

Tonight
Last performance of
"IL TROVATORE"
(Excerpts)
and 2nd version
"Tit-Bits from Vaudeville"
Including the Musical Comedietta
"THE GIRLS HE LOVED"

Tomorrow! Tomorrow!
and Saturday & Sunday
THE
"WEDGWOOD CLASSICS"
(A Pot-Pourri of Grand Opera and Classical Dancing)
and 3rd version
"Tit-Bits from Vaudeville"
Extravaganza
Including the Eastern
"The God of Five Wishes"

SATURDAY NEXT!
at 3.15 p.m.
Special Children's Matinee at Reduced Prices: Book Now at Moutrie's
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Charlie Chaplin Comedy
also
Japanese Drama
3 parts

APOLLO SUNDAY MAY 2ND

Commencing at 9.15 p.m. Sharp
BY SPECIAL REQUEST
WE PRESENT
THE WELL-KNOWN OPERETTE
THE
GEISHA
in 3 Acts. Music by
SYDNEY JOHNES
A STORY OF A TEA-HOUSE
50 Artistes!
CHORUS AND SPECIAL
BALET.
Admission $1, $2, $3. Booking at Robinson's

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Tonight, Friday, Saturday and Sunday
Pathe Presents
A great seven-reel feature
"MORAL SUICIDE"
You will enjoy the great acting as well as the fine photography in this seven reeler.
Lonesome Luke in "HEAR 'EM RAVE"

Sunday Matinee 3 p.m.
"THE RED GLOVE" Epi. 11 and 12
and
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